(19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau





(43) International Publication Date 12 February 2009 (12.02.2009) PCT (10) International Publication Number WO 2009/020596 A2

(51) International Patent Classification: C12N 5/06 (2006.01) C07K 14/65 (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US2008/009405

(22) International Filing Date: 4 August 2008 (04.08.2008)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:

60/963,211 3 August 2007 (03.08.2007) US

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): BETH ISRAEL DEACONESS MEDICAL CENTER [US/US]; 330 Brookline Avenue, Boston, MA 02215 (US).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): WALSH, Christopher, A. [US/US]; 11 Arlington Road, Chestnut Hill, MA 02467 (US). ZAPPATERRA, Mauro, D. [US/US]; 29 Yale Terrace, #3, Jamaica Plain, MA 02130 (US). LEHTINEN, Maria.

(74) Agent: BIEKER-BRADY, Kristina; CLARK & EL-BING LLP, 101 Federal Street, Boston, MA 02110 (US).

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GII, GM, GT, IIN, IIR, IIU, ID, II., IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

 without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report

(54) Title: EMBRYONIC CEREBROSPINAL FLUIS (E-CSF), PROTEINS FROM E-CSF, AND RELATED METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS

(57) Abstract: We have performed a proteomic analysis of embryonic cerebrospinal fluid (e-CSF) in human and rats. Based on this discovery, the invention features methods and compositions for cell culture including components of e-CSF or fragments thereof. Also provided are methods for extraction of e-CSF.

EMBRYONIC CEREBROSPINAL FLUID (e-CSF), PROTEINS FROM e-CSF, AND RELATED METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS

5

Statement as to Federally Funded Research

This invention was made with U.S. government support under grants HG00041, 2 RO1 NS032457, and P20 RR16462 awarded by National Institutes of Health. The Government has certain rights to this invention.

10

15

20

25

30

Background of the Invention

During the process of neurulation the neural groove forms and the neural folds fuse to form the neural tube. Once the neural tube is fused, the fluid within the lumen is considered cerebrospinal fluid, whereas before fusion is complete the neuroepithelium lining the inside of the neural tube is still in contact with amniotic fluid. During the early stages of neural tube growth and development, groups of specialized neuroepithelial cells lining the neural tube are believed to secrete fluid into the neural tube space in order to support growth and development of the embryo. As the neural tube continues to elongate and develop, specific highly vascularized epithelial cell types begin to invaginate at specific locations within the neural tube to form the specialized choroid plexus.

The choroid plexus is a highly vascularized epithelial cell structure that during development may be involved in the specific intracellular transfer of proteins into the CSF from the blood (Saunders et al., Cell Mol Neurobiol, 2000. 20:29-40). The choroid plexus develops in the lateral ventricles and in the third and fourth ventricles of the brain. In rats, the choroid plexus can be first identified as early as embryonic day 13 (E13) as a midline structure and by E15 it represents paired structures protruding into the lateral ventricles. In the human embryo the choroid plexus begins to develop in the lateral and fourth

5

10

15

20

25

30

ventricle at Carnegie Stage (CS) 18, approximately 44 days post-ovulation. The first appearance of cerebral cortical neurons in the human embryo occurs at CS 21, shortly following the appearance of the choroid plexus and the production of CSF, and a similar temporal sequence is seen in mice and rats.

In adults, CSF has many functions, including an intermediary between blood and brain for the transport of nutrients and growth factors and as a fluid buffer for the brain to protect both the brain and the large vessels that supply blood to the brain (Chodobski et al., Microsc Res Tech, 2001. 52:65-82; Emerich et al., Bioessays, 2005. 27:262-74). It may also be involved in elimination of toxins and other metabolic byproducts (Emerich et al., Bioessays, 2005. 27:262-74; Miyan et al., Can J Physiol Pharmacol, 2003. 81:317-28). A mathematical analysis taking into account the pulsatile nature of CSF flow suggested that the CSF pulsations buffer the capillary bed from the effects of arterial pulsations that might otherwise prevent linear blood flow due to the mechanics of the brain being enclosed in the skull (Miyan et al., Can J Physiol Pharmacol, 2003. 81:317-28). CSF contains nerve growth factor (NGF), transforming growth factor alpha (TGF-alpha); levels of these proteins are altered in neurological and developmental disorders (Miyan et al., Can J Physiol Pharmacol, 2003. 81:317-28; Kasaian et al., Biofactors, 1989. 2:99-104; Massaro et al., Ital J Neurol Sci, 1994. 15:105-8; Patterson et al., Brain Res, 1993. 605:43-9; Van Setten et al., Int J Dev Neurosci, 1999. 17:131-4), but potential functions of these factors has not been demonstrated. Recently it was shown that the ciliary action of CSF in the lateral ventricle of adult rats creates a gradient of SLIT2 protein, a chemorepulsive factor for neuronal olfactory bulb migration, within the CSF (Sawamoto et al., Science, 2006. 311:629-32), suggesting that CSF factors might have instructive roles for developing neurons or neural progenitors.

Although the role of the CSF during embryogenesis is just starting to be studied, an important role has been suggested in brain development (Miyan et al., Can J Physiol Pharmacol, 2003. 81:317-28; Gato et al., Anat Rec A Discov

5

10

15

20

25

30

Mol Cell Evol Biol, 2005. 284:475-84; Martin et al., Dev Biol, 2006. 297:402-16; Mashayekhi et al., Brain, 2002. 125:1859-74; Miyan et al., Cerebrospinal Fluid Res, 2006. 3:2; Owen-Lynch et al., Brain, 2003. 126:623-31). Miyan et al. have shown that rat cortical cells are viable and proliferate in e-CSF (Miyan et al., Cerebrospinal Fluid Res, 2006. 3:2). Other studies have tested discrete signaling factors that may regulate neurogenesis. Gato et al. and Martin et al. have studied the role of chick e-CSF in regulating survival, proliferation, and neurogenesis of neuroepithelial cells, and have identified FGF-2 in the chick CSF as a vital trophic factor (Gato et al., Anat Rec A Discov Mol Cell Evol Biol, 2005. 284:475-84; Martin et al., Dev Biol, 2006. 297:402-16). Intriguingly, in mutant animals, CSF factors that may inhibit proliferation have been suggested. In studies of the hydrocephalic Texas (H-Tx) rat, cell proliferation in the ventricular zone decreases, and although cell migration still occurs, there is a decrease in the number of migrating cells (Mashayekhi et al., Brain, 2002. 125:1859-74; Miyan et al., Cerebrospinal Fluid Res, 2006. 3:2). In addition, CSF from the lateral ventricles of affected H-Tx fetuses can completely inhibit in vitro proliferation of neuronal progenitors isolated from a normal fetus at 10% CSF addition to the media, suggesting that factors intrinsic to the CSF of the H-Tx fetuses are present that inhibit proliferation.

Prior to the present invention, the identification of such CSF factors with a developmental role has been impeded, as the components of the CSF were previously not known. While a first glimpse of the protein composition of e-CSF has been provided, a (Parada et al., Proteomics, 2006. 6:312-20; Parada et al., J Proteome Res, 2005. 4:2420-8), a complete analysis of the contents of e-CSF would be allow for identification of proteins important for neural developmental and differentiation.

Summary of the Invention

We have developed methods for isolating embryonic cerebrospinal fluid (e-CSF) and have identified the proteins found in rat and human e-CSF.

5

10

15

20

25

On this basis, the invention features a method of isolating embryonic cerebrospinal fluid (e-CSF). As e-CSF is capable of supporting the culture of developing neural cells, the invention also features methods of culturing cells in the presence of various components of the e-CSF, as well as compositions including cells and e-CSF component(s).

In a first aspect, the invention features a composition including at least one (e.g., at least 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 15, 25, 50, 75, or 100) component(s) of e-CSF (e.g., rat, mouse, or human). The composition may include the component or components at an enhanced level relative to the level in e-CSF and the composition is capable of supporting proliferation, maintenance, or differentiation of a cultured cell (e.g., a stem cell or progenitor cell such as neural cell). The component may be a polypeptide, or a functional fragment thereof (e.g., a soluble fragment). The polypeptide may be isolated, purified, or produced recombinantly. The component may be present at a level sufficient to enhance cell proliferation, maintenance, or differentiation, as compared to in the absence of the component. The component may be one that is not found in adult CSF.

The invention also features a cell culture composition including a cell (e.g., any described herein) and a composition of the first aspect.

The invention also features a kit including (a) a composition including at least one component of e-CSF, wherein the component is present at an enhanced level relative to naturally occurring e-CSF (e.g., the compositions described above); and (b) instructions for using (a) for cell culture.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of culturing a cell (e.g., a stem cell or a progenitor cell, such as a neural cell), including incubating the cell in culture media containing at least one isolated component of rat or human e-CSF (e.g., any of the compositions of the first aspect of the invention). The component may be a polypeptide, or a functional fragment thereof (e.g., a soluble fragment). The polypeptide may be isolated, purified, or

produced recombinantly. In certain embodiments, the component is one which is not found in adult CSF.

In any of the above aspects, the e-CSF component may be one described in Tables 1-4.

5

10

15

20

25

In another aspect, the invention features a method of isolating embryonic cerebrospinal fluid (e-CSF) including (a) providing an embryo; (b) inserting a capillary needle into a ventricle of the central nervous system of the embryo such that the tip of the needle contacts CSF; and (c) extracting CSF from the embryo through the needle (e.g., a microcapillary pipette or syringe), thereby isolating e-CSF. The method may further include (d) removing intact contaminating cells (e.g., by filtration or centrifugation). Step (c) may be performed such that the needle tip does not contact the neuroepithelium during the extraction. The e-CSF may be removed from a lateral ventricle or from the third or fourth ventricle of the embryo, or a combination thereof. The method may further include storing the e-CSF at less than about 0-20 °C to about -80, -90, -100, -150 °C.

By "isolated" is meant, with respect to a naturally occurring compound (e.g., a polypeptide), that the compound is at least partially free from the components (e.g., other polypeptides, nucleic acids, cell membranes) with which it naturally is found.

By "purified" is meant, with respect to a compound (e.g., a polypeptide), that the compound makes up at least 20% (e.g., at least 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, or 99%) of the composition with which is it found.

By "enhanced level" of a component is meant that the component is present either a higher concentration (e.g., at least 10%, 25%, 50%, 100%, 250%, 500%, or 1000% greater) or at higher purity level (e.g., with 5%, 10%, 25%, 50%, or 75% less by mass other components, not including solvents or buffers) relative to the concentration or purity of the component in a control composition (e.g., a naturally occurring composition).

By "stem cell" is meant a self-renewing cell that is capable of differentiation into multiple mature cell types (e.g., a neuron, glial cell, or astrocyte).

By "progenitor cell" (e.g., neural progenitor cells) is meant a cell that is capable of forming at least one cell type has at least some capacity for self-renewal.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following Detailed Description, the drawings, and the claims.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figures 1A-1C are a set of images showing extraction and SDS-PAGE analysis of human and rat embryonic CSF. Figure 1A is an image of hematoxylin and eosin sagittal section of E14.5 rat showing CSF aspiration technique and the position of the syringe needle relative to surrounding tissues in the lateral ventricle (LV) and the 4th ventricle (4th V). The inset image of E14.5 rat embryo provides orientation. The arrow head is 4th V, and the arrow is the mouth/chin. Figure 1B shows CSF aspirated from the 4th ventricle of a CS20 human embryo (CS20) and a CS19 human embryo (CS19) separated by size using SDS-PAGE on a 7.5% or 10% polyacrylamide gel respectively. For clarity, the CS20 sample shows 1/7th of the sample used in the final analysis. Figure 1C shows CSF aspirated from the lateral ventricles (LV) of E12.5, E14.5 and E17.5 rat. The arrow in all samples represents Apolipoprotein-B.

Figures 2A-2D are graphs showing classification and comparison of proteins based on subcellular localization. Graphic representation of the subcellular localization of proteins in CS 20 embryonic human CSF (Figure 2A), embryonic rat CSF (Figure 2B), and E16.5 mouse brain (Figure 2C) is shown. The percentage of protein localization is calculated based on the total number of proteins localized to each space divided by the total number of proteins in the CSF that we were able to assign localization (human CSF-187 proteins, rat CSF-137 proteins, and mouse brain-179 proteins). Some proteins

were localized to multiple compartments within the cell. Figure 2D shows a comparison between human CSF, rat CSF, and mouse brain of the number of protein from each category based on localization.

Figure 3 is a graph showing comparison of proteins based on molecular function. Proteins present in embryonic human CSF, embryonic rat CSF, and embryonic mouse brain were analyzed using the Panther gene ontology database and classified according to molecular function. The chart includes protein category name. Percentage is calculated from the number of proteins assigned to each category over total number of proteins analyzed.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Figure 4 is a graph showing comparison of proteins based on biological process. Proteins present in embryonic human CSF, embryonic rat CSF, and embryonic mouse brain were analyzed using the Panther gene ontology database and classified according to the biological process with which the proteins are involved. The chart includes protein category name. Percentage is calculated from number of proteins assigned to each category over total number of proteins analyzed.

Figures 5A-5C are graphs showing classification of proteins based on molecular function. Proteins present in embryonic human CSF (Figure 5A), embryonic rat CSF (Figure 5B), and embryonic mouse brain (Figure 5C) were analyzed using the Panther gene ontology database and classified according to molecular function. Each graph includes protein category name, number of proteins assigned to each category, and percentage of proteins assigned to each category. Proteins can be assigned to more than one category based on molecular function.

Figures 6A-6C are graphs showing classification of proteins based on biological process. Proteins present in embryonic human CSF (Figure 6A), embryonic rat CSF (Figure 6B), and embryonic mouse brain (Figure 6C) were analyzed using the Panther gene ontology database and classified according to the biological process the proteins are involved with. Each graph includes protein category name, number of proteins assigned to each category, and

percentage of proteins assigned to each category. Proteins can be assigned to more than one category based on biological process.

Figure 7 is a graph showing sub-classification of regulatory molecules based on molecular function. Regulatory molecules present in the embryonic human CSF, rat CSF, and embryonic mouse brain were further sub-classified based on molecular function. Although in Figure 3 the percentage of regulatory molecules found in CSF and mouse brain appears similar, further sub-classification shows a distinct similarity in protein classes between CSF samples and a distinct difference in protein classes between CSF and brain samples.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Figure 8 is a graph showing sub-classification of protein metabolism and modification based on biological process. Proteins involved in protein metabolism and modification present in the embryonic human CSF, rat CSF, and embryonic mouse brain were further sub-classified based on biological process. Although in figure 4 the percentage of proteins involved in protein metabolism and modification found in CSF and mouse brain appeared similar, further sub-classification clearly shows a distinct similarity in protein classes between CSF samples and a distinct difference in protein classes between CSF and brain samples.

Figures 9A-9Z shows that embryonic CSF supports cortical explant viability and growth and E17 CSF stimulates proliferation of neural progenitor cells in cortical explants and in cell culture. Figure 9A is a schematic diagram of cortical explant dissections; 3-D image of E16 rat brain with dark box depicting region of dissection for explant. Cross section image of rat brain depicts medial and lateral border of explant dissection. Crossed arrows designate orientation of explant (E) on membrane with orienting cut at medial-caudal side (L-lateral, M-medial, C-caudal, R-rostral). Figures 9B-9D are images showing tissue stained with Hoechst (blue), anti-PH3 (red), and anti-Tuj1 (green). (Figure 9B) E17 rat cortex; (Figures 9C and 9D) E16 explants grown for 24 hours in 100% embryonic CSF (e-CSF) and 100% artificial CSF

5

10

15

20

25

30

(ACSF), respectively. Explants grown in 100% embryonic CSF in vitro maintain tissue histology similar to embryo in vivo. Figures 9E-9G show tissue stained with anti-BrdU (blue), anti-PH3 (red), anti-Tuj1 (green). (Figure 9E) E17 rat cortex labeled with BrdU, mother was administered a bolus of BrdU (60mg/kg) 3 hours prior to removing embryos. (Figures 9F-9G) E16 explant grown for 24 hours in 100% embryonic CSF and ACSF respectively. Explants were administered BrdU (20uM) 30 minutes prior to fixation. Explants grown in 100% embryonic CSF incorporated BrdU after 24 hours in vitro indicating cells undergoing DNA synthesis. Survival and proliferation of the explants grown with embryonic CSF are indicated by immunoreactivity for phospho-Histone H3 (PH3, a marker of cell division) along the ventricular surface, BrdU incorporation (marking proliferating cells at the time of BrdU exposure) in the ventricular zone, and Tuil-positive-staining neurons in the developing cortical plate. Figures 9H-9M show E16 explants cultured in 100% E13 or E17 CSF for 24 hours, (Figures 9H and 9I) stained with anti-PH3 (red) and Hoechst (blue) (Figures 9J and 9K) stained with anti-Vimentin 4A4 (green) and Hoechst (blue), (Figures 9L and 9M) merged images of anti-PH3 (red), anti-Vimentin 4A4 (green) and Hoechst (blue). Figure 9N shows quantification of total PH3positive-staining cells per explant grown with E13 and E17 CSF. The number of PH3-positive-staining cells is represented as mean \pm SEM. The number of PH3-positive-staining cells was significantly increased in explants cultured with E17 CSF compared to E13 CSF (Mann-Whitney; E17: 44.1 \pm 1.43; E13: 25 ± 4.2 ; p<0.05; n = 4). Figure 9O shows quantification of PH3-positivestaining cells along the ventricle per explant grown with E13 and E17 CSF. The number of PH3-positive-staining cells along the ventricle was significantly increased in explants cultured with E17 CSF compared to E13 CSF (Mann-Whitney; E17: 32.3 ± 0.79 ; E13: 12.8 ± 3.9 ; p<0.05; n = 4). Figure 9P shows quantification of Vimentin 4A4-positive-staining cells per explant grown with E13 and E17 CSF. The number of Vimentin 4A4-positive-staining cells was significantly increased in explants cultured with E17 CSF compared to E13

CSF (Mann-Whitney; E17: 45.9 ± 6.6 ; E13: 13.9 ± 2.2 , p<0.05; n = 3). Figures 9Q-9Y show single cells from dissociated primary neurospheres grown in: (Figures 9Q, 9T, and 9W) 20% ACSF, (Figures 9R, 9U, and 9X) 20% E14 CSF, (Figures 9S, 9V, and 9Y) 20% E17 CSF for 9 DIV and stained with anti-GLAST, Hoechst, and merged images, respectively. Primary dissociated spheres grown in E17 CSF proliferate and form spheres of slowing dividing GLAST positive cells. Figure 9Z shows quantification of average number of spheres per cm² formed in the various conditions at 9 DIV.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Figures 10A-10F show that e-CSF supports cortical explant survival. Figure 10A, 10C, and 10E show E16 explants grown for 24 hours in 100% e-CSF, and Figures 10B, 10D, and 10F show 100% artificial CSF (ACSF) and stained for early apoptotic cell death marker Cleaved Caspase 3 (CC3). Explants grown in 100% embryonic CSF has decreased CC3 stain compared to explants grown in ACSF. The embryonic CSF supports tissue viability and survival.

Figures 11A-11I show neural stem cells grown in embryonic CSF maintain undifferentiated state. Figures 11A-11C show dissociated cells from primary neurospheres cultured in E17 CSF for 10 DIV. Cells maintain GLAST-positive neural progenitors when cultured in embryonic CSF. Figures 11D-11F show dissociated cells from primary neurospheres cultured in E17 CSF for 5 DIV and then supplemented with EGF and FGF. GLAST-positive-staining cells cultured in E17 CSF maintain responsiveness to EGF and FGF suggesting that stem cells cultured in CSF maintain undifferentiated and uncommitted state. Figures 11G-11I show dissociated cells from primary neurospheres cultured in EGF and FGF for 10 DIV.

Figures 12A-12G show embryonic CSF maintains GLAST-positive-staining stem cells for 44 DIV. Figure 12A-12D show dissociated cells from primary neurospheres cultured in E17 CSF for 44 DIV. Cells maintain GLAST-positive neural progenitors when cultured in embryonic CSF for extended periods of time. Figure 12E shows quantification of number of

5

10

15

20

25

30

spheres per cm² when cultured for 10 DIV versus 44 DIV. Figure 12F shows quantification of relative colony size of spheres cultured for 10 DIV versus 44 DIV. Figure 12G shows quantification of circularity of spheres cultured for 10 DIV versus 44 DIV.

Figure 13A-13C show dynamic changes in CSF protein concentration and composition during development. Figure 13A is agGraph of total CSF protein concentration collected from rats at various stages in development. Figure 13B is a silver stain of CSF from different ages in development, revealing a dynamic fluid with numerous changes in protein composition over time. Figure 13C is a western blot analysis of specific proteins identified in the embryonic CSF. CSF collected from various ages during development and immunoblotted with antibodies to Albumin, Transferrin, FGF2, EC-SOD, Cathepsin B, Cystatin C, Amyloid Precursor Protein (sAPP).

Figures 14A-14F show that embryonic CSF activates IGF1R and p-AKT signaling and provides a source of insulin signaling to progenitor cells along the ventricle in the cortex. Figure 14A shows Igf2 peptides recognized by LC-MS/MS in E17 CSF (red). Figure 14B shows that Igf2 levels are detectable by western blot at E13 and then decrease into adulthood. Figure 14C shows an in situ hybridization for IGF2 at E14. c' and c" are magnified images showing IGF2 levels highest in leptomeninges and blood vessels within the cortex, Figure 14D shows an in situ hybridization for IGF2 at E17. d' and d" are magnified images showing IGF2 levels are highest in the choroid plexus (CP), leptomeninges, and blood vessels within the cortex, Figure 14E 10X and (e') 20X image of IHC analysis of Igf1R localization in the E17 developing rat brain reveals Igf1R localization along the apical surface of the ventricle. Figure 14F shows lysates of cortical cells treated with ACSF, E17 CSF, or IGF2 for 5 minutes immunoblotted with antibodies to p-IGF1R, p-AKT, AKT, P-ERK1/2, and ERK1/2.

Figures 15A-15K show that Igf2 maintains and stimulates proliferation of neural progenitor cells. Figures 15A-15D show single cells dissociated from

primary neurospheres grown in control media or control media plus IGF2 (20 ng/ml). Small secondary spheres cultured with Igf2 alone form after 10 DIV. IHC with anti-GLAST on secondary spheres after 10 DIV shows GLAST immunoreactivity, indicating maintenance of neural progenitor cell identity with IGF2 alone. Figures 15E-15G show E16 cortical explants cultured in control E17 CSF or E17 CSF with IGF2 neutralizing antibody (IGF2 NAb), stained with anti-Vimentin 4A4 (green) and Hoechst (blue). Figure 15G shows quantification of Vimentin 4A4-positive-staining cells per explant grown with E17 control CSF or with IGF2 NAb. The number of Vimentin 4A4-positivestaining cells was significantly decreased in explants cultured with E17 CSF plus IGF2 NAb compared to control E17 CSF (Mann-Whitney; E17 control mean: 28.8 ± 4.3 ; E17 Igf2 neutralizing antibody mean: 13.9 ± 2.0 ; n = 4, p<0.05). Figures 15H-15J show E16 cortical explants cultured with Neural Basal Media plus ACSF (control) or with supplemental IGF2 stained with anti-Vimentin 4A4 (green) and Hoechst (blue). Figure 15J shows quantification of Vimentin 4A4-positive-staining cells per explant grown with control media or with supplemental IGF2. The number of Vimentin 4A4-positive-staining cells was increased in explants cultured with IGF2 supplementation compared with control (Mann-Whitney; Igf2 supplementation mean: 36.7 ± 2.1 ; control mean: 20.4 ± 4.46 ; n = 8, p<0.05). Figure 15K shows an overall model depicting factors released from the choroid plexus into the CSF can act over large distances to regulation progenitor cell survival, proliferation and maintenance. As an example, we illustrate IGF2 as a secreted factor that regulates the maintenance of progenitor cell fate.

25

30

5

10

15

20

Detailed Description

Here we undertake a systematic, detailed, and unbiased proteomic analysis of human e-CSF from Carnegie Stage 19-20 (approximately 48-51 days post ovulation). We also report an extensive proteome analysis of rat e-CSF from three different time points E12.5, E14.5, and E17.5 during cortical

development and list all the proteins that are common among the three time points as well as those proteins that are different.

5

10

15

20

25

We report a list of the common proteins found between the human and rat e-CSF. Furthermore, using various gene ontology programs we categorize the proteins in the e-CSF and compare the subcellular localization, molecular function, and biological process of embryonic human and rat CSF. We find 130 proteins shared between the human and rat e-CSF and that there are many similarities in the categories of proteins found within the CSF based on molecular function and biological process. This systematic analysis of proteins common to many ages lays the groundwork for analysis of changing CSF components that may have more specific developmental roles.

As described herein, rat embryonic CSF proteome is a complex and dynamic milieu of extracellular matrix proteins, intracellular proteins, and signaling factors (see also, Zappaterra et al., J Proteome Res 6, 3537-48 (2007)). However, prior to the present invention, the direct influence of embryonic CSF on cortical progenitor cells had been challenging to assess due to the difficulty of obtaining substantial amounts of CSF. In addition, we developed a cortical explant culture system in which embryonic cortex dissected from a consistent location of the lateral wall is placed on polycarbonate membranes and floated on embryonic CSF (Figure 9A). This explant culturing technique enables variable pairings of cortical tissue and CSF, or e-CSF components to investigate the relationship between cortical progenitor cells and CSF-mediated signaling.

On the basis of this work, the present invention features methods for isolation of e-CSF, and methods of culturing cells (e.g., stem cells or progenitor cells such as neural stem cells) using one or more (e.g., 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, or 10) components (e.g., a purified or recombinantly produced polypeptide) of e-CSF and compositions including cells with one or more such components.

Isolation of CSF from human embryos

5

10

15

20

25

30

In general, CSF can be isolated from any mammalian embryo using the methods described herein. Typically the embryos at the appropriate stage are collected, and the extra embryonic membranes and tissues are dissected away in a buffer solution (e.g., phosphate-buffer saline (PBS) or Hanks' Balanced Salt Solution (HBSS)). A capillary needle (e.g., a syringe or microcapillary pipette) is placed into a CNS ventricle (e.g., lateral, third, or fourth ventricle) and the CSF is withdrawn. To avoid contaminating cells, it is desirable that contact with either blood vessels or with the neuroepithelium be avoid. To ensure that the e-CSF sample is cell-free, the sample can treated to remove cells (e.g., by centrifugation or by filtration).

In one example, human embryos were collected through the joint MRC-Wellcome Trust Human Developmental Biology Resource at the University of Newcastle, Institute of Human Genetics. The embryos at CS 19-20 were placed in ice-cold sterile Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS) solution and all extraembryonic membranes and tissues were removed. The embryos were washed in sterile PBS and carefully placed on the dissection platform under the microscope. A Hamilton syringe was placed carefully into the fourth ventricle and the CSF was collected paying close attention not to make contact with the neuroepithelium lining of the fourth ventricle. The samples used for analysis had no microscopically visible contaminating neuroepithelial cells or red blood cells. Nonetheless, the CSF samples were centrifuged at 10,000 g at 4 °C for 10 minutes to remove any intact contaminating cells and then were frozen at -80°C until further analysis.

In another example, rat embryos (Sprague Dawley) at stage E12.5, E14.5 and E17.5 were removed from extra-embryonic membranes and tissues and placed in sterile Hanks Balanced Salt Solution (HBSS). Each embryo was handled individually and washed in HBSS, gently patted dry and placed on a microdissection tray. The CSF was carefully aspirated from each rat embryo under the microscope with a pulled tip glass microcapillary pipette (Drummond

Scientific Company 20 µl). The needle was steadily held within the inside of the ventricle so as to prevent major contact with the neuroepithelial wall and the CSF was slowly aspirated. For E17.5, the embryo was placed on its back and the glass needle was inserted into the left lateral ventricle and then into the right lateral ventricle to collect the maximum amount of CSF from the lateral ventricles. For E12.5, the embryo was placed on its side and the glass needle was inserted directly into the lateral ventricle. Due to the patency of the neural tube at this stage, the CSF was collected from the developing lateral, third, and fourth ventricle. For E14.5, the embryo was also placed on its side and the glass needle was either inserted into the lateral ventricle or into the fourth ventricle and the CSF was collected from each location separately. Figure 1A is a diagram depicting CSF isolation from E14.5 rat. CSF for each analysis was collected from two entire litters and pooled as one sample. To minimize protein degradation, CSF samples were kept at 4 °C during collection. CSF samples were centrifuged at 10,000g at 4 °C for 10 minutes to remove any contaminating cells. The samples that we used for analysis had no visible sign of contaminating neuroepithelium cells or red blood cells as we could detect under the microscope. Samples were frozen at -80°C until further analysis.

Cell culture using e-CSF components

5

10

15

20

25

As we have shown that e-CSF stimulates proliferation and maintenance of neural stem cells in vitro and have, for the first time, identified many of the polypeptides found in e-CSF, it now becomes possible to uses these identified proteins in a cell culture system as proliferation, differentiation and maintenence, particularly with regard to stem cells and progenitors, especially those of neural origin. On this basis, the invention features methods of cell culture using e-CSF or one or more e-CSF components (e.g., polypeptides, either alone or as a supplement to standard cell culture media, and cell culture compositions including one or more components of e-CSF.

Any of the polypeptides identified in e-CSF may be used as a supplement in a cell culture (e.g., those described in Tables 1-4), or a combination of compoents from e-CSF (e.g., polypeptides) may be used for cell culture (e.g., for proliferating cells such as stem cells). Functional fragments (e.g., soluble fragments) of any of the proteins described herein) may be used in the invention. Soluble fragments are particularly useful for membrane bound proteins.

Cell types

5

10

15

20

25

The compositions and methods of the invention may employ any type of cultured cell known in the art. In particular embodiments, a proliferating cell, such as a stem cell or progenitor cell is used. Neural cells (e.g., neural stem cells and neural progenitor cells) can be used in the invention as well. Human and non-human mammal cells (e.g., rat or mouse) cells are used in certain embodiments. Stem cell lines are, for example, commercially available or can be obtained directly from labarotory animals such as mice or rats.

Cell media compositions

In one embodiment, the cell media composition of the invention includes any medium known in the art supplemented with at least one (e.g., at least 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 15, 25, 50) components identified in e-CSF (e.g., those described herein). Exemplary media types used for culturing neural stem cells include Neuralbasal Media (Invitrogen Corp.), Neural Stem Cell Commitment Media or Neural Stem Cell Growth Meida (AlphaGenix, Inc.), and NeuroCult NS-A Proliferation, Human, Kit or NeuroCult NS-A Differentiation Humam Kit (Stem Cell Technologies, Inc.). In another embodiment, the cell culture media is derived entirely from e-CSF components.

Determining whether a component of e-CSF enhances proliferation, maintenance, or differentiation of a cell

Any component of e-CSF (e.g., those described herein) may be analyzed to determine its effect on a cell (e.g., a neuronal progenitor or stem cell described herein) in culture. Desirable components are those which result in maintence of the cells or those that result in more rapid proliferation or differentiation of the cell. Assays to measure proliferation (e.g., using cell dyes or incorporation of a modified nucleotide such as BrdU) and differention (e.g., using differentiation markers known in the art) are well known by those of skill in the art.

The role of e-CSF in brain development

5

10

15

20

25

30

Embryonic CSF plays a fundamental, dynamic role in defining an endogenous niche for the survival and proliferation of cortical neural progenitors. CSF alone supports the growth and proliferation of cortical explants in the absence of exogenous media or factors. CSF from different ages in development harbors distinct proliferative capacities for neural progenitor cells the characterization of the CSF proteome has identified several classes of proteins in the CSF established as essential regulators of proliferation and maintenance of neuronal progenitor cells; and we identified and characterized a novel role for IGF2 signaling in the embryonic CSF as a regulator of cortical progenitor cell proliferation.

The CSF has been traditionally considered as a fluid cushion that bathes the central nervous system, acting as a passive sink for biomarkers of central nervous system function and pathology. Collectively, our study represents a paradigm shift in developmental neuroscience, suggesting that the the embryonic CSF proteome as a dynamic milieu of growth-promoting signals for neural stem cells (Figure 15K).

The CSF-choroid-plexus system is ideally suited to act as a rapid, spatially synchronized medium for triggering local and global changes in

5

10

15

20

25

30

molecular signaling. Dynamism of factors such as IGF2 levels in the CSF is consistent with a role of the CSF as a vehicle for orchestrating cortical neurogenesis: IGF2 expression increases during development, is maximal during the peak of cortical neurogenesis in the rat brain (E17-E19), and declines as cortical neurogenesis nears completion around birth. Therefore, the appearance of signaling factors such as IGF2 stimulate the proliferation of cortical progenitors to maintain them in an uncommitted state through development. Igf2 and other molecules (Martin et al., Dev Biol 297, 402-16 (2006)) appear to be released in the CSF by choroid plexus, which appears in the lateral ventricles between E13 and E15. These signaling molecules, via the CSF must act widely on cortical precursors that, in the case of the embryonic human brain, may be centimeters away from the source of the factor. It is unclear whether there is a gradient of Igf2 in the embryonic CSF influences regional differences in proliferation across the cortical mantle (Bayer et al., Prog Neurobiol 29, 57-106 (1987)), as has been shown for Slit in the adult CSF (Sawamoto et al., Science 311, 629-32 (2006)), or whether ciliary movement or diffusion through a far smaller volume equilibrates Igf2 concentration in the embryonic ventricles. A fundamental aspect of neural differentiation may be the simple isolation of developing cells from this growth-promoting environment, by the withdrawal of the ventricular process (Cappello et al., Nat Neurosci 9, 1099-107 (2006)).

Our findings have several important implications. First, CSF in the embryo and the adult is a dynamic fluid that contacts a number of CNS precursors as well as differentiating neurons and glia. Second, CSF components can be dispersed over large areas and thus may be more significant and pervasive regulators of development, stem cell renewal, disease, neurodegeneration and behavior than previously thought. Third, since the CNS represents just one example of an epithelium that grows in relation to an extracellular fluid, our findings may generalize to other epithelia which are likely to develop using similar rules, with a major contributor to the "stem cell

niche" being the fluid that bathes the epithelium (Bendall et al., Nature 448, 1015-21 (2007)), similar to the microenvironment that invests hematopoietic stem cells, of which Igf2 is also an essential component (Zhang et al., Blood 103, 2513-21 (2004); Orkin et al., Cell 132, 631-44 (2008)), as in the embryonic CSF. Finally, if a major component of the stem cell niche reflects secreted factors acting at large distances from their sources, a deeper understanding of the proteomic composition of extracellular fluids may provide unexpected ways to regulate stem cell behavior.

10 In-gel digestion and mass spectrometry

5

15

20

25

30

To determine the protein contents of e-CSF, frozen CSF samples were thawed on ice. Sample buffer was added and the samples were boiled for 5 minutes and subjected to SDS-PAGE using either 10% or 7.5% polyacrylamide (37.5:1 acrylamide:bis-acrylamide) gels as indicated in Figure 1B-1C. Each gel lane (which included the 4.2% polyacrylamide stacking gel) was cut into ten regions and each region was diced and subjected to in-gel digestion with sequencing grade modified trypsin (Promega, 6 ng/µl) in 50mM ammonium bicarbonate overnight at 37 °C. Peptides were extracted with 50% acetonitrile (MeCN), 2.5% formic acid (FA) and then dried. Peptides were then resuspended in 2.5% MeCN, 2.5% FA and loaded using an autosampler onto a microcapillary column packed with 12cm of reverse phase MagicC18 material (5 μm, 200Å, Michrom Bioresources, Inc.). Elution was performed with a 5-35% MeCN (0.1 % FA) gradient over 60 minutes, after a 15 minute isocratic loading at 2.5% MeCN, 0.5% FA. Mass spectra were acquired in LTQ and LTQ-XL linear ion trap mass spectrometers (Termo Electron) over the entire 75 minutes using ten MS/MS scans following each survey scan. Raw data were searched against either the human or rat IPI forward and reverse concatenated databases using Sequest software requiring tryptic peptide matches with a 2 Da mass tolerance (Elias et al., Nat Methods, 2005. 2:667-75). Cysteine residues were required to have a static increase in 71.0 Da for acrylamide adduction and

differential modification of 16.0 Da on methionine residues was permitted. The resultant top matches for all analyses of each gel lane were compiled. Each list was then filtered independently using a dCn2 score of 0.2 and Xcorr scores of 1.8, 2.0 and 2.5 for singly, doubly, and tripled charged ions respectively. Proteins on these filtered lists that had two or more peptides were retained. However keratin proteins were removed as they are known contaminants in most gel-based proteomic analyses. Based on the number of reverse database false-positives that were also retained following these filtering criteria, we estimate the following false-positive rates for the proteins in each sample: rat E12.5 lateral ventricle (LV), 0.45%; rat E14.5LV, 0.30%; rat E17.5LV, 0.50%; rat E14.5 4th ventricle, <0.00%; and human CS 20, <0.00%. For the human CS 19 sample the estimated false-positive rate for proteins identified by more than

three peptides is <0.00%. The dataset of proteins for the embryonic mouse brain was extracted from LC-MS/MS data collected from 16 strong cation exchange (SCX) fractions generated during our previous study of the forebrain and midbrain extracts of E16.5 mouse embryos (Ballif et al., Mol Cell Proteomics, 2004. 3:1093-101). We compiled the LC-MS/MS data from four SCX fractions in the middle of the SCX gradient (not enriched for phosphopeptides) from each of the four regions of the gel and the top 200 identified proteins were subjected to further analysis.

Analysis of the human embryonic proteome

5

10

15

20

25

30

Human CSF was collected from the fourth ventricle, as mentioned above, from two independent embryos at Carnegie Stage (CS) 19-20. From the first embryo (CS19) a total of 15 μl was collected, and from the second embryo (CS20) a total of 70 μl was collected. The CSF from these two independent samples was separated by 1-D SDS-PAGE; Figure 1B shows the Coomassie stained protein pattern of the CSF from CS20 and CS19 embryos run on 7.5% and 10% polyacrylamide gels, respectively. The two human e-CSF samples were analyzed separately. Table 1 shows the proteomic analysis of the CSF

5

10

15

20

collected from the CS20 embryo and lists 188 proteins with 2 or more peptides identified. Using a number of protein analysis programs such as UniProt, Gene OntologyTM (GO), and the PANTHER (Protein Analysis Through Evolutionary Relationships) classification system we categorized the proteins found from the mass spectrometry data and list subcellular localization, protein function, tissue specificity, and relevant notes pertaining to each protein (Table 1) (Ballif et al., Mol Cell Proteomics, 2004. 3:1093-101). Analysis of the CSF from the CS19 human sample revealed 772 proteins with more than three peptides identified. The search results from this analysis suggested the presence of a number of non-CSF contaminants including 7 different mitochondrial specific precursor proteins such as the mitochondrial precursors for 4-aminobutyrate aminotransferase, fumarate hydratase, and isoform dut-M of deoxyuridine 5'triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase, whereas no mitochondrial precursor proteins were identified in the rat CSF or in the CS20 human CSF sample. Therefore, the CS19 list was not further considered in the comparison to rat CSF. However, the proteins from this analysis are presented in Table 2 as this list is certainly enriched for human e-CSF proteins. The substantial differences between this sample and the other human and rat samples suggest that this sample contained multiple impurities, likely from lysed blood and/or neuroepithelial cells. Nonetheless, the differences highlight that the MS analysis is highly sensitive to contaminants, and that the absence of mitochondrial proteins in other samples indicates that they are probably quite pure.

Found in Rat CSF Yes - all rat samples samples samples samples samples samples Plays a central role in the activation of the complement system Serum transferrin may also play a role Apo B-100 functions as a recognition signal for the cellular binding and internalization of LDL particles by the Contrary to the rat protein, which is an absorption and heme degradation to bilirubin and drugs. Its main function is the regulation of the colloidal acute phase protein, this protein is protein, has a good binding capacity Serum albumin, the main plasma potassium, fatty acids, hormones, those of storage and utilization. always present at high levels in Transport of iron from sites of in stimulating cell proliferation Integrin signaling pathway for water, calcium, sodium, osmotic pressure of blood Table 1. Protein list of mass spectrometry analysis of Carnegie Stage 20 embryonic human CSF. apoB/E receptor circulation Notes issue Specificity fibronectin made fibronectin made other cell types is deposited in the epithelial and by fibroblasts, by liver and extracellular Plasma Plasma cellular Plasma Plasma matrix Plasma Plasma maintenance of cell mediated immunity Lipid and fatty acid Cell adhesion, cell Transport, Transfer/Carrier Serine Protease Transfer/Carrier motility, wound transport and healing, and Complement metabolism Function Transport, Inhibitor shape space, extracellular Subcellular location extracellular Secreted Secreted Secreted Secreted Secreted Secreted matrix 515563 163278 187306 77050 262607 ALB (Albumin) PROTEIN | 71705 ⋛ APOLIPOPROTEIN B-100 PRECURSOR SEROTRANSFERRIN PRECURSOR MACROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 3 PRECURSOR ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRONECTIN PRECURSOR Name of Protein ALPHA-2-Q5D0D7 number Accession P04114 P01023 Number P02787 P01024 P02751 peptides Total 584 114 ō 29 63 2 8 of unique peptides Number protein from 206 5 42 27 22 23

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in rat E14.5, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Similar to inter- alpha-inhibitor H4 heavy chain	Yes - present in E17.5LV
Notes	Binds copper, nickel, and fatty acids as well as, and bilirubin less well than, serum albumin	May act as a carrier of hyaluronan in serum or as a binding protein between hyaluronan and other matrix protein, including those on cell surfaces in tissues to regulate the localization, synthesis and degradation of hyaluronan which are essential to cells undergoing biological processes.	Involved in catalyzing the formation of long chain fatty acids	Extracellular matrix protein implicated in guidance of migrating neurons as well as axons during development, synaptic plasticity as well as neuronal regeneration. Ligand for integrin receptors.	See notes on INTER-ALPHA. TRYPSIN INHIBITOR HEAVY CHAIN H2 PRECURSOR above.	Activation of C5 by a C5 convertase initiates the spontaneous assembly of the late complement components, C5-C9, into the membrane attack complex.
Tissue Specificity	Plasma	Plasma, widely distributed	Ubiquitous. Prominent expression in brain, lung, and	Widely distributed	Piasma	Plasma
Function	Transport, Transfer/Carrier	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Lipid and fatty acid biosynthesis	Cell adhesion, extracellular matrix glycoprotein- mediated signaling	Protease Inhibitor	Complement mediated immunity
Subcellular location	Secreted	Secreted	Cytoplasm	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Secreted
MW	68678	106436	273400	240866	101389	188331
Name of Protein	ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN PRECURSOR	INTER-ALPHA-TRYPSIN INHIBITOR HEAVY CHAIN 106436 H2 PRECURSOR	FATTY ACID SYNTHASE 273400	ISOFORM 1 OF TENASCIN PRECURSOR 240866	INTER-ALPHA-TRYPSIN INHIBITOR HEAVY CHAIN 101389 H1 PRECURSOR	COMPLEMENT C5 PRECURSOR
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P02771	P19823	P49327	P24821	P19827	P01031
Total number of peptides	87	2 4	41	15	25	17
Number of unique peptides from protein	21	6	41	4	13	12

in Rat	all rat	all rat	sent in 4.5, 5LV	all rat	all rat	all rat	all rat	all rat
Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in rat E14.5, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples
Notes	Monomers polymerize into fibrin and also acts as a cofactor in platelet aggregation.	Monomers polymerize into fibrin and also acts as a cofactor in platelet aggregation.	Collagen VI acts as a cell-binding protein	Major protein of Participates in the reverse transport of plasma HDL, cholesterol from tissues to the liver for also found in excretion by promoting cholesterol chylomicrons.	Calcium-regulated, actin-modulating protein. It can promote the assembly of monomers into filaments as well as sever filaments already formed. May be involved in myelination.	May regulate complement activation, blood coagulation, fibrinolysis and the generation of kinins.	Inflammatory response	Localized in secretory epithelial cells in the brain and the eye including choroid plexus epithelial cells, ciliary epithelial cells, iris pigment epithelial cells, and retinal pigment cells. Has a potent tumor cell motility-stimulating activity.
Tissue Specificity	Plasma	Plasma	Widley distributed, expressed in muscles	Major protein of plasma HDL, also found in chylomicrons.	Plasma	Plasma	Plasma	Predominantly expressed in brain, placenta, ovary, and small intestine.
Function	Blood clotting	Blood clotting	Cell adhesion - Cell structure	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Actin remodeling - Cell structure	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Complement mediated immunity	Hydrolase
Subcellular Iocation	Secreted	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Secreted	Secreted	Secreted	Membrane
MW	94973	51512	343669	30778	85698	55154	192771	99004
Name of Protein MW	ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRINOGEN ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM GAMMA-B OF FIBRINOGEN GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR	ALPHA 3 TYPE VI COLLAGEN ISOFORM 1 PRECURSOR	APOLIPOPROTEIN A-I PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF GELSOLIN PRECURSOR	PLASMA PROTEASE C1 INHIBITOR PRECURSOR	COMPLEMENT C4-A PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF ECTONUCLEOTIDE PYROPHOSPHATASE/PH OSPHODIESTERASE 2
Total number Accession of Number	P02671	P02679	P12111	P02647	P06396	P05155	P0C0L4	Q13822
Total number of peptides	19	27	12	19	ن	16	12	0
Number of unique peptides from protein	12	11	11	10	10	10	10	10

			1			,	
Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	
Notes	Monomers polymerize into fibrin and also acts as a cofactor in platelet aggregation.	Thyroid hormone-binding protein. Probably transports thyroxine from the bloodstream to the brain.	Belongs to the serpin family	It appears not only as a free monomer but also in complexes with IgA and albumin.	May be involved in the regulation of specific developmental processes in the CNS	Belongs to the heat shock protein 90 family	Belongs to the serpin family
Tissue Specificity	Plasma	Most abundant in the choroid plexus. Also present in the liver	Plasma	Plasma, urine, and cerebrospinal fluid	Central nervous system	Ubiquitous	Plasma
Function	Blood clotting	Hormone transport	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Cell surface receptor mediated signal transduction, transmembrane receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase activity	Chaperone, protein folding, stress response	Serine Protease Inhibitor - Blood coagulation
Subcellular location	Secreted	Secreted	Secreted	Secreted	Membrane	Cytoplasm	Secreted
MW	55928	15887	46737	38999	163444	84843	13097
Name of Protein	FIBRINOGEN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR	TRANSTHYRETIN PRECURSOR	ALPHA-1-ANTITRYPSIN PRECURSOR	AMBP PROTEIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM SHORT OF RECEPTOR-TYPE TYROSINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE ZETA PRECURSOR	HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN DKFZP761K0511 - heat shock 90kDa protein 1, beta	PRO2275 - Serpin Q9P173 peptidase inhibitor, dade A 13097 (alpha-1 antiproteinase, antitrypsin), member 1
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P02675	P02766	P01009	P02760	P23471	P08238	Q9P173
	16	22	11	21	#	8	15
Number of unique peptides from protein	6	စ	80	8	80	8	ω

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - similar to GPI anchored ceruloplamsin present in all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes-neural cadhein precursor present in all rat samples		Yes - HSP 90 family present in all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples
Notes	It is involved in iron transport across the cell membrane, and metal ion oxidoreductase activity	Involved in phospholipid transfer in the serum.	May be involved in neuronal tissue recognition	Molecular sensor for DNA damage	Belongs to the heat shock protein 90 family	Actin binding motor protein
Tissue Specificity	Plasma	Plasma, widely distributed	Widely distributed	Ubiquitous	. Ubiquitous	Brain
Function	Transport, Transfer/Carrier, Oxidoreductase	Transport, Transfer Carries	Cell adhesion	Serine/threonine- protein kinase	Molecular chaperone, protein folding, stress response	Cell structure, cell motility
Subcellular location	Secreted	Secreted	Membrane	Nucleus	Cytoplasm	Intracellular
MW	122205	44847	99851	469089	98113	228939
Name of Protein	CERULOPLASMIN PRECURSOR	45 KDA PROTEIN - Homologous to Phospholipid transfer protein	CADHERIN-2 PRECURSOR (Neuronal cadherin)	ISOFORM 1 OF DNA. DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE CATALYTIC SUBUNIT	HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-ALPHA 2	MYOSIN-10
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P00450	N/A	P19022	P78527	Q5CAQ7	P35580
	o	∞	10	7	۲	7
Number of unique peptides from protein	۲	2	7		7	

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - alpha-1- macroglobulin present in all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in rat E12.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in rat E12.5LV, E14.5	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples
Notes	Belongs to the protease inhibitor I39 (alpha-2-macroglobulin) family	Mediates the binding, internalization, and catabolism of lipoprotein particles.	The function of brain MAPS is unknown. Phosphorylated MAP1B may play a role in the cytoskeletal changes that accompany neurite extension.	Belongs to the peptidase S1 family.	Binds to cells and is thought to mediate the attachment, migration and organization of cells into tissues during embryonic development by interacting with other extracellular matrix components.	Belongs to the serpin family. Helps regulate volume and mineral balance of body fluids.	Plays a role in endothelial adhesion.
Tissue Specificity	Plasma	Plasma	Brain	Plasma	Basement membranes	Plasma	Endothelial tissues and brain
Function	Protease Inhibitor	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Cell structure	Serine protease, complement- mediated immunity	Extracellular matrix linker protein- mediated signaling	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Cell adhesion
Subcellular location	Secreted	Secreted	Intraœllular	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Membrane
MW	163836	36154	270620	83268	177607	53154	87516
Name of Protein	PREGNANCY ZONE PROTEIN PRECURSOR	APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR	MICROTUBULE- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 270620 18	COMPLEMENT C2 PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT)	LAMININ GAMMA-1 CHAIN PRECURSOR (Laminin B2 chain)	ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR	CADHERIN-5 PRECURSOR
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P20742	P02649	P46821	P06681	P11047	P01019	P33151
Total number of peptides	9	10	ø	ဖ	ဖ	7	7
Number of unique peptides from protein	_	φ	ဖ	ဖ	y	ø	9

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in 12.5LV, E14.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5	Yes - all rat samples
Notes	Integral component of basement membranes.	Component of the basal lamina that binds to laminin.	May stimulate host defense against viruses and tumor cells.	May be involved in acute phase reactions.	Non-muscle myosin involved in a number of cellular functions.	Immunoglobulin domain glycoprotein E12.5LV, E14.5	Also known as chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan core protein 2
Tissue Specificity	Widely distributed in various tissues	Embryonic nervous system and muscle.	Ubiquitous. Detected in body fluids such as semen, milk, serum, tears,	Plasma	In the kidney, expressed in the glomeruli. Also expressed in leukocytes.	Plasma	Brain
Function	Cell adhesion	Cell adhesion mediated signaling	Intergrin-mediated cell adhesion	Protease Inhibitor	Cytokinesis, cell shape, and specialized functions such as secretion and capping	Function unknown	Extracellular matrix protein-mediated signaling, cell adhesion, cell motility
Subcellular Iocation	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Intracellular	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix
MW	468825	214889	65331	101242	226401	54273	372820
Name of Protein	BASEMENT MEMBRANE- SPECIFIC HEPARAN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (Perlecan)	AGRIN PRECURSOR	GALECTIN-3-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 2 OF INTER- ALPHA-TRYPSIN INHIBITOR HEAVY CHAIN H4 PRECURSOR	MYOSIN-9	ALPHA-1B- GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM VO OF VERSICAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR
Accession	P98160	000468	Q08380	Q14624	P35579	P04217	P13611
Total number of peptides	7	10	7	ç	ဟ	۲	ယ
Number of unique peptides from protein	9	ဖ	ιΩ	ĸ	rO	ıю	ro

			1	
Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - all rat samples	
Notes	Incorporated into fibronectin- containing matrix fibers. May play a role in cell adhesion and migration along protein fibers within the extracellular matrix. Could play a significant role in modulating the neurotrophic activities of APP, particularly soluble APP.	Pigment epithelium-derived factor, a neurotrophic protein, is a member serpin that has been shown to promote the survival and/or differentiation of rat cerebellar granule neurons and human retinobastoma cells in vitro. Also PEDF was shown to prevent the death and atrophy of spinal motor neurons in the developing neonatal mouse after avotomy. PEDF is also secreted by retinal pigment epithelial cells into the interphotoreceptor matrix, where it acts on photoreceptor cells.	Also known as osteoblast-cadherin	The zeta chain is an alpha-type chain Red blood cells of mammalian embryonic hemoglobin, synthesized primarily in the yolk sac.
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed during embryonic development.	Retinal pigment epithelial cells, adult murine SVZ cells, and blood plasma	Expressed mainly in brain but also found in other tissues. Expressed in neuroblasts	Red blood cells
Function	Cell adhesion, cell in motility	Serpin family member - neurotrophic properties, antiangiogenic	Cell adhesion	Oxygen Transport, Transfer - Carrier Protein
Subcellular location	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Membrane	Intraceilular
MW	77186	46342	76541	15506
Name of Protein	ISOFORM B OF FIBULIN-1 PRECURSOR	PIGMENT EPITHELIUM- DERIVED FACTOR PRECURSOR (PEDF)	ISOFORM 2 OF CADHERIN-11 PRECURSOR	HEMOGLOBIN SUBUNIT ZETA
Total Accession of Number peptides	P23142	P36955	P55287	P02008
Total number of peptides	7	۲	9	rb
Number of unique peptides from protein	un.	ro	w	ľ

Found in Rat CSF		Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - present in E12.5LV, E17.5LV
Notes	Expressed in the Plays a role in nervous system fetal and adult neurite outgrowth and neuronal brain survival.	Upon terminal neural differentiation, CNS stem cells, nestin is down-regulated and replaced by neurofilaments.	Hydrolase, Peptidase	Invovled in RNA splicing	Plays a central role in tissues with variable energy demands.	Heat shock protein 70 family	Plays a role in chromosome translocation. Involved in DNA nonhomologous end joining required for double-strand break repair and V(D)J recombination.	It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in the fetal and adult brain	CNS stem cells.	Plasma	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous
Function	Extracellular matrix protein-mediated signaling, cell adhesion, cell motility	Cell structure	Serine Protease - Complement Mediated Immunity	DNA and RNA binding and RNA processing.	Kinase, energy modulation	Heat shock, protein folding, stress response	Single stranded ATP-dependent DNA helicase activity	Major nucleolar protein of growing eukaryotic cells.
Subcellular location	Membrane	Intracellular	Secreted	Nucleus. Cell surface	Membrane	Intracellular - Cytoplasm	Nucleus	Nucleus
MW	136654	176706	85533	88814	42644	94300	82573	51641
Name of Protein	ISOFORM 2 OF NEURAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE L1-LIKE PROTEIN PRECURSOR	NESTIN	ISOFORM 1 OF COMPLEMENT FACTOR B PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT)	ISOFORM SHORT OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN U	CREATINE KINASE B- TYPE	HEAT SHOCK 70 KDA PROTEIN 4	ATP-DEPENDENT DNA HELICASE 2 SUBUNIT 2	Q9BQ02 NCL (Nucleolin) PROTEIN 51641
Total Accession of Number peptides	000533	P48681	P00751	Q00839	P12277	P34932	P13010	Q9BQ02
Total number of peptides	ro	ω	7	w	4	4	4	4
Number of unique peptides from protein	ĸ	ĸ	w	4	4	4	4	4

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples				Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples
Notes	Required for DNA replication, normal cell cycle progression and cell proliferation.	Belongs to the peptidase S1 family	Regulates the blood coagulation cascade. Belongs to the serpin family.	Vitronectin is an abundant glycoprotein found in blood plasma and the extracellular matrix. It regulates proteolysis initiated by plasminogen activation. It is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule.	Regulation of growth and neurogenesis	Axon guidance and neuronal growth cone growth
Tissue Specificity	Testis and Sperm	Ubiquitous	Plasma	Plasma	Widely distributed	Axons of the central and peripheral nervous system and in differentiated cell types of the intestine
Function	Nuclear-cytoplasmic shuttling	Serine protease	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Cell adhesion		Ligand mediated signaling, cell adhesion
Subcellular location	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Membrane
MW	85238	26558	52692	54306	91346	158457
Name of Protein	ISOFORM 1 OF NUCLEAR AUTOANTIGENIC SPERM 85238 PROTEIN	TRYPSIN PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.4)>PIR1:TRPGTR trypsin (EC 3.4.21.4)	ANTITHROMBIN III VARIANT	VITRONECTIN PRECURSOR	PROTEIN KINASE C- BINDING PROTEIN NELL2 91346 PRECURSOR	NETRIN RECEPTOR DCC 158457 PRECURSOR
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P49321	P07477	Q7KZ97	P04004	Q99435	P43146
	4	10	7	6	4	4
Number of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples
Notes	May play a role in the initial growth and guidance of axons. Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily.	May regulate chemotactic activity of chemokines. Has a critical role in normal myelination in the central nervous system.	Involved in blood coagulation, activated by Factor Xa	May contribute to disulfide bond formation in a variety of secreted proteins. Induced in quiescent cells.	Present in most soft connective tissue
Tissue Specificity	Highly expressed in brain	Secreted by activated T lymphocytes. Also expressed in peripheral blood leukocytes, spleen, lymph node, tonsil, bone marrow and fetal liver.	Plasma	Widely distributed, expressed in heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, pancreas and very weakly in brain and kidney	Widely distributed, highly expressed in skin, lungs, intestinal walls, and blood vessels
Function	Cell Adhesion - Neurogenesis	Secreted by activated T lymphocytes. Protease involved in Also expressed cell clustering in peripheral during inflammatory blood leukocytes spleen, lymph node, tonsil, bone marrow and fetal liver.	Serine Protease - Blood clotting	Oxidase	Widely distributed, distributed, highly expressed in skin, lungs, intestinal walls, and blood vessels
Subcellular location	Membrane: (attached to the neuronal against a GPI-anchor and is also released from neurons)	Membrane	Secreted	Membrane	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix
WW	113393	158537	75553	82578	138555
Name of Protein	CONTACTIN-2 PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF ATTRACTIN PRECURSOR	FACTOR VII ACTIVE SITE MUTANT IMMUNOCONJUGATE	QUIESCIN Q6 ISOFORM A	COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(III) 138555 CHAIN PRECURSOR
Total Accession of Number optides	Q02246	075882	Q96PQ8	000391	P02461
Total number of peptides	4	w	မ	ιo	۲
Number of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4

Found in Rat CSF		Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - present in E14.5 4thV, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples
Notes	Component of desmosomes		Belongs to the serpin family.	Actin binding protein	Down-regulates ubiquitination of target proteins.	May be involved as a regulatory protein in the transition of undifferentiated proliferating cells to their differentiated state. Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily.	Plasmin dissolves the fibrin of blood clots and acts as a proteolytic factor in a variety of other processes including embryonic development, tissue remodeling, tumor invasion, and inflammation.
Tissue Specificity	Widley distributed	Detected in neural and non- neural cell lines.	Expressed predominantly in liver.	Ubiquitous	Widely distributed, highly expressed in lung fibroblasts	Widely expressed	Present in plasma and many other extracellular fluids
Function	Cell adhesion	RNA binding, RNA processing and may play a role in mRNA trafficking	Thrombin inhibitor involved in blood clotting - Serine Protease Inhibitor	Cell structure, cell motility	Transcriptional Enhancer	Cell adhesion	Protease
Subcellular location	Membrane	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Secreted	Intracellular	Nucleus	Membrane	Secreted
MW	122294	72709	60178	280018	136376	159959	90569
Name of Protein	DESMOGLEIN 2	FAR UPSTREAM ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 2	HEPARIN COFACTOR 2 PRECURSOR	FILAMIN A, ALPHA	ISOFORM 1 OF CULLIN- ASSOCIATED NEDD8- DISSOCIATED PROTEIN	ISOFORM 1 OF NEOGENIN PRECURSOR 159959	PLASMINOGEN PRECURSOR
Total number Accession of Number peptides	Q4KKU6	Q92945	P05546	Q5HY53	Q86VP6	Q92859	P00747
Total number / of peptides	9	4	۲	7	4	w	4
Number of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV, E17.5LV
Notes	Delivers retinol from the liver stores to the peripheral tissues. In plasma, the RBP-retinol complex interacts with transthyretin, this prevents its loss by filtration through the kidney glomeruli.	May have a role in chylomicrons and VLDL secretion and catabolism. Apoa-IV is a major component of HDL and chylomicrons.	Mediates nuclear export signal dependent protein transport	Component of connective tissue	Is thought to mediate the attachment, migration and organization of cells into tissues during embryonic development by interacting with other extracellular matrix components.	Import of proteins with nuclear localization signal
Tissue Specificity	Plasma	Plasma	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Widely distributed in basement membranes	Ubiquitous
Function	Vitamin/Co-factor transport	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Nuclear export of cellular proteins and RNAs	Cell adhesion - Cell structure	Extracellular matrix linker protein- mediated signaling	Nuclear protein import
Subcellular	Secreted	Secreted	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm
MW	23010	45399	123386	183560	198066	97170
Name of Protein	PLASMA RETINOL- BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR	APOLIPOPROTEIN A-IV PRECURSOR	EXPORTIN-1	COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(V) CHAIN PRECURSOR	LAMININ BETA-1 CHAIN PRECURSOR	IMPORTIN BETA-1 SUBUNIT
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P02753	P06727	014980	P20908	P07942	Q14974
Total number of peptides	∞	4	က	က	က	ю.
Number of unique peptides from protein	м	m	ю	m	м	m

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV, E17.5LV		Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples			
Notes	Controls actin polymerization and depolymerization. A major component of intranuclear and cytoplasmic actin rods.	MARCKS is the most prominent cellular substrate for protein kinase C. MARCKS is a filamentous (F) actin cross-linking protein.	Involved with ubiquitin conjugation by activating ubiquitin	Involved in the base excision repair pathway	Necessary for the fragmentation of Golgi stacks during mitosis and for their reassembly after mitosis. Involved in the formation of the transitional endoplasmic reticulum.	May play a role in the inactivation of peptide hormones. May be involved in the regulation of blood pressure.	Classical pathway of the complement system	Also known as Multiple EGF iike domain protein 4
Tissue Specificity	Widely distributed in various tissues	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Plasma	Widely distributed
Function	Cell structure - cytoskeleton	Actin binding, actin cytoskeleton, cell structure	Protein modification	DNA repair	Protein targeting and localization, intracellular protein traffic	Protease	Protease - complement mediated immunity	Cell adhesion, cell structure
Subcellular location	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Intracellular	Intracellular	Nucleus	intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Secreted	Secreted	Membrane
MW	18371	31423	117849	112953	89191	107841	80174	254573
Name of Protein	COFILIN-1	MYRISTOYLATED ALANINE-RICH C-KINASE 31423 SUBSTRATE	UBIQUITIN-ACTIVATING ENZYME E1	POLY [ADP-RIBOSE] POLYMERASE 1	TRANSITIONAL ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM ATPASE	TYPE 1 TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR RECEPTOR SHEDDING AMINOPEPTIDASE REGULATOR ISOFORM A	COMPLEMENT C1R SUBCOMPONENT PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF MULTIPLE EPIDERMAL GROWTH FACTOR-LIKE DOMAINS 8
Accession Number	P23528	P29966	Q5JRR8	P09874	P55072	Q9NZ08	P00736	Q7Z7M0
Total number of of peptides	က	m	ო	က	က	ო	ဗ	က
Number of unique peptides from protein	ю	ო	ო	m	м	ю	က	m

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - present in E14.5LV	Yes - present in E14.5, E17.5LV	Yes - one isoform found in E12.5LV, E17.5LV, 2nd isoform found in E12.5LV, E14.5 E17.5LV, E14.5 E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples
Notes		Forms ribonudeosome complexes	Seems to be able to bind to cells, membranes and hydrophobic proteins. Has been implicated in membrane lipid recycling, in apoptotic cell death, and as a stress-induced secreted chaperone protein.	Involved in the import of proteins with the nuclear localization signal.	Heat shock protein family
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous
Function	Glycolysis, carbohydrate degradation	mRNA processing	Function unclear, has been implicated in apoptosis	Nuclear-cytoplasmic transport	Molecular chaperone, protein folding, stress response
Subcellular location	Cytoplasm	Nucleus	Secreted	Intraœllular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Cytoplasm
MW	35922	37430	52495	126522	35674
Name of Protein	GLYCERALDEHYDE-3- PHOSPHATE DEHYDROGENASE	ISOFORM B1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEINS A2/B1	CLUSTERIN PRECURSOR	127 KDA PROTEIN - RAN 126522 binding protein 5	HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 86 (FRAGMENT)
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P04406	P22626	P10909	Q86XC7	Q14568
	8	3	٣	4	4
Number of unique peptides from protein	က	e	က	m	က

n Rat	sent in 17.5LV		sent in tthV, LV	Il rat les	sent in	sent in 5	
Found in Rat CSF	Yes - present in E14.5, E17.5LV	:	Yes - present in E14.5 4thV, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in E14.5 4thV	Yes - present in E14.5	
Notes	Extracellular matrix glycoprotein involved in skeletal development	Belongs to the globin family	Thrombin, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VII, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin.	Involved in N-glycosylation	Receptor for SLIT1 and SLIT2 which are thought to act as molecular guidance cue in cellular migration, including axonal navigation at the ventral midline of the neural tube and projection of axons to different regions during neuronal development.	Binds to heparin. Induces cell attachment and spreading and plays a role in cell adhesion	Binds to catalytic subunit, stabilizes it and keeps it in circulation
Tissue Specificity	Synthesized in liver and concentrated in bone. Secreted in plasma.	Red blood cells	Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma	Ubiquitous	Widely	Widely expressed with highest levels in aorta, stomach, lower gastrointestinal tract, placenta, uterus and breast.	Plasma
Function	Cysteine protease inhibitor	Oxygen Transport, Transfer - Carrier Protein	Blood clotting	Glycosidase	Axon guidance receptor	Cell adhesion, cell structure, cell motility	Enzyme regulator, protein stabilization
Subcellular	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Intracellular	Secreted	Golgi apparatus	Membrane	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted
WW	39325	16969	70037	131084	180930	93314	60615
Name of Protein	ALPHA-2:HS- GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR	GAMMA-G GLOBIN (FRAGMENT)	PROTHROMBIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT)	ALPHA-MANNOSIDASE 2 131084 Golgi apparatus	ISOFORM 1 OF ROUNDABOUT HOMOLOG 1 PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF PERIOSTIN PRECURSOR	CARBOXYPEPTIDASE N SUBUNIT 2 PRECURSOR
Total Accession of Number peptides	P02765	Q14403	P00734	Q16706	Q9Y6N7	Q15063	P22792
Total number of peptides	ro	т	ю	က	က	8	m
Number of unique peptides from protein	м	м	m	м	m	ო	က

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - all rat samples			Yes - present in E12.5LV, E17.5LV		Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV
Notes	Involved in proteolytic events essential for cell growth and viability. May act as regulator of neuropeptide activity.	Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic cells	Component of connective tissue	Cell surface endopeptidase	May be involved in the regulation of specific developmental processes in the CNS	Involved in the import of proteins with the nuclear localization signal.		Acts as a transcriptional corepressor
Tissue Specificity	Widely distributed	Widely distributed	Forms the fibrils of tendon, ligaments and bones	Widely distributed, highly expressed in gut	Specifically expressed in the central nervous system	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous
Function	Protease	Cell motility	Cell adhesion - Cell structure	Protease	Transmembrane receptor protein	Nuclear-cytoplasmic transport	Protein biosynthesis - Ribonucleoprotein	Transcriptional Regulation
Subcellular location	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Cytoplasm	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Membrane	Membrane	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Intracellular	Nucleus
MW	103276	42009	138883	84368	254587	119702	32891	88550
Name of Protein	PUROMYCIN-SENSITIVE 103276 AMINOPEPTIDASE	ACTIN, AORTIC SMOOTH 42009 MUSCLE	COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR	MEPRIN A SUBUNIT ALPHA PRECURSOR	PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE, RECEPTOR-TYPE, ZETA1 PRECURSOR	120 KDA PROTEIN - Importin 7	DNA-BINDING PROTEIN TAXREB107	TRIPARTITE MOTIF- CONTAINING 28 PROTEIN
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P55786	P62736	P02452	Q16819	P23471	095373	Q9НВВ3	Q13263
Total number of peptides	က	m	8	8	13	4	က	က
Number of unique peptides from protein	ю	м	က	м	м	м	က	m

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - present in E14.5 4thV, E17.5LV		Yes - all rat samples		Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in E17.5LV	
Notes	Can regulate neurite outgrowth Cerebral cortex through binding to components of the extracellular matrix.	Component of connective tissue	Cell adhesion glycoprotein which is widely distributed in basement membranes	Modulates the arterial response to injury	Belongs to the heat shock protein 70 family	Belongs to the immunoglobulin super family	Serine protease inhibitor which inhibits thrombin, neuropsin and chymotrypsin.	Antigen processing and presentation of peptides
Tissue Specificity	Cerebral cortex	Structural component of hyaline cartilage and vitreous of the eye	Heart, placenta and bone	Aorta, kidney, placenta, brain, heart, liver, lung and skeletal muscle.	Ubiquitous	Widely distributed, highly expressed in brain	Ubiquitous	Unknown
Function	May play a role in postsynaptic function	Extracellular matrix structural constituent	Cell adhesion	Inhibitor of TGF- beta signaling	Chaperone	Cell adhesion, involved in neuron- neuron adhesion	Serine Protease Inhibitor	MHC class I protein complex
Subcellular location	Cell membrane, Cytoplasm	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Membrane	Cytoplasm	Membrane	Cytoplasm	Membrane
WW	72176	91855	151395	71713	70898	144074	20926	26234
Name of Protein	AMYLOID-LIKE PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(IX) CHAIN PRECURSOR	NIDOGEN-2 PRECURSOR 151395	Q6EMK4 VASORIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF HEAT SHOCK COGNATE 71 KDA PROTEIN	ISOFORM 1 OF NEURONAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE PRECURSOR	PHOSPHATIDYLETHANO LAMINE-BINDING PROTEIN 1	IGKV1-5 (Immunoglobulin kappa variable 1-5) PROTEIN
Total number Accession of Number	P51693	P20849	Q14112	Q6EMK4	P11142	Q92823	P30086	ОЕРІНЕ
	ო	4	က	က	က	3	2	4
Number of unique peptides from protein	m	m	က	m	m	3	2	2

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - present in E12.5LV, E17.5LV		Yes - present in E14.5 4thV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	
Notes	Belongs to the serpin family	Component of intercellular desmosome junctions.	Acts as a factor that allows the DNA to undergo a single round of replication per cell cycle. Required for the entry in S phase and for cell division	Plays a role in the regulation of innate resistance to pathogens, and inflammatory reactions.	High affinity receptor for semaphorins 3C, 3F, VEGF-165 and VEGF-145 isoforms of VEGF, and the PLGF-2 isoform of PGF	Binds to laminin	Bradykinin is released from kininogen by plasma kallikrein. Plays an important role in blood coagulation.	Export receptor for importin-alpha.
Tissue Specificity	Plasma	Expressed in epithelia, myocardium and lymph nodes	Ubiquitous	Widely distributed, highly expressed in connective tissue	Widely distributed	Widely distributed, highly expressed in cornea	Plasma	Ubiquitous
Function	Serine Protease Inhibitor - Blood coagulation	Cell adhesion	DNA binding, cell cycle progression	Inflammatory response	Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor activity - involved in axon guidance	ECM structural component	Cysteine protease inhibitor	Nuclear-cytoplasmic shuttling
Subcellular focation	Secreted	Membrane	Nucleus	Secreted	Membrane	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm
MW	55064	99962	101896	42020	104831	38429	71945	110417
Name of Protein	ALPHA-2-ANTIPLASMIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 2A OF DESMOCOLLIN-2 PRECURSOR	DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM2	PENTRAXIN-RELATED PROTEIN PTX3 PRECURSOR	ISOFORM A22 OF NEUROPILIN-2 PRECURSOR	LUMICAN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM HMW OF KININOGEN-1 PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF EXPORTIN-2
Total number Accession of Number septides	P08697	Q02487	P49736	P26022	060462	P51884	P01042	P55060
Total number of peptides	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	2
Number of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	7	2	7	7	2

Found in Rat CSF			Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV			Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5	
Notes	Associated with nucleolar ribonucleoprotein structures and bind single-stranded nucleic acids. It may function in the assembly and/or transport of ribosome	Calcium ion binding	Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general and specialized signaling pathways.	Cytosolic large ribosomal subunit	Cleaves gelatin and collagen	Unknown	Type IV collagen is the major structural component of glomerular basement membranes, forming a meshwork together with laminins, proteoglycans and entactin/nidogen.	Restores repair of base-base and single-nucleotide insertion-deletion mismatches.
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitous	Widely distributed, expressed highly in brain	Widely distributed, expressed highly in brain, heart and pancreas	Ubiqutous	Fibroblasts	Unknown	Widely distributed	Ubiquitous
Function	rRNA metabolism	Cell adhesion	Chaperone, signal transduction	Protein biosynthesis	Hydrolase, proteolysis	Unknown	Extracellular matrix structural constituent	DNA mismatch repair
Subcellular location	Nucleus, nucleolus	Membrarle	Cytoplasm	Cytoplasm	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Unknown	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Nucleus
MW	29465	107033	27764	47566	73882	42003	167535	120563
Name of Protein	ISOFORM 2 OF NUCLEOPHOSMIN	ALCADEIN BETA	14-3-3 PROTEIN THETA	60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L4	72 KDA TYPE IV COLLAGENASE PRECURSOR	HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOC345651	COLLAGEN ALPHA-2(IV) CHAIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM GTBP-ALT OF DNA MISMATCH REPAIR 120563 PROTEIN MSH6
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P06748	Q5UE57	P27348	P36578	P08253		P08572	P52701
Total number of peptides	7	2	8	2	2	2	2	2
Number of unique peptides from protein	2	2	~	7	2	2	8	2

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples (TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN GP96)	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5 4thV, E17.5LV	Yes - present in E12.5LV		
Notes	Molecular chaperone that functions in the processing and transport of secreted proteins	During neuronal differentiation, the Thr-743 phosphorylated form is located mainly in growth cones, moderately in neurites and sparingly in the cell body. Defects in APP are a cause of autosomal dominant Alzheimer disease.	Involved in the packaging of pre- mRNA into hnRNP particles, transport of poly(A) mRNA from the nucleus to the cytoplasm and may modulate splice site selection.	One of the major pre-mRNA-binding proteins. Binds tenaciously to poly(C) sequences.	Modulates vesicle budding and uncoating within the Golgi complex.
Tissue Specificity	Widely distributed	Expressed in all fetal tissues examined with highest levels in brain, kidney, heart and spleen.	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous
Function	Chaperone, protein folding	Cell surface receptor involved in neurite growth, neuronal adhesion and axonogenesis.	Component of ribonucleosomes. Nuclear mRNA splicing	RNA processing	Protein trafficking
Subcellular location	Endoplasmic reticulum	Membrane. After alphasecretase cleavage, soluble APP is released into the extracellular space and the C-terminal is internalized to endosomes and lysosomes.	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Membrane - Golgi
MW	92469	86943	38747	50976	20566
Name of Protein	ENDOPLASMIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM APP770 OF AMYLOID BETA A4 PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT)	HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A1 ISOFORM B	ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN K	ADP-RIBOSYLATION FACTOR 1
Total number Accession of Number septides	P14625	P05067	P09651	P61978	P84077
Total number of peptides	2	2	2	2	2
Number of unique peptides from protein	8	7	7	7	2

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - present in E12.5LV, E17.5LV	
Notes	Important regulator of cysteine proteases in a number of physiologic functions	Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules	Involved in skeletal development	MHC class I protein complex antigen processing and presentation.	Cytosolic large ribosomal subunit	Laminin is thought to mediate the attachment, migration and organization of cells into tissues during embryonic development by interacting with other extracellular matrix components.
Tissue Specificity	Widely distributed, highly expressed in epididymis, vas deferens, brain, thymus, and ovary	Widely distributed	Forms the fibrils of tendon, ligaments and bones	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Placenta, striated muscle, peripheral nerve, cardiac muscle, pancreas, lung, spleen, kidney, adrenal gland, skin, testis, meninges, choroid plexus, and some other regions of the brain
Function	Cysteine protease inhibitor	Cell structure, cell mobility, chromosome segregation, intracellular protein traffic	Cell adhesion - Cell structure	Immune response antigen binding	Protein biosynthesis	Extracellular matrix linker protein- mediated signaling
Subcellular location	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Intracellular	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Membrane	Cytoplasm	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix
WW	15799	49831	129412	24793	29864	343905
Name of Protein	CYSTATIN C PRECURSOR	TUBULIN BETA-2C CHAIN 49831	COLLAGEN ALPHA-2(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR	IGLC1 PROTEIN	60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7A	LAMININ ALPHA 2 SUBUNIT PRECURSOR
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P01034	P68371 TUBUI	P08123	P01842	P62424	P24043
Total number / of peptides	~	8	2	4	2	7
Number of unique peptides from protein	7	8	8	2	7	8

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - present in E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - all rat samples
Notes	It binds heme, dyes and divalent metal ions. It can inhibit rosette formation and is known to interact with hepatin, thrombospondin, and the lysine-binding site of plasminogen. On the basis of its homology with HMW kininogen, the His-rich region of this protein may mediate the contact activation phase of intrinsic blood coagulation cascade.	Required for the import of protein into the nucleus and also for RNA export.	Involved in oxygen transport from the lung to the various peripheral tissues	Involved in oxygen transport from the Yes - present in Lung to the various peripheral tissues	Involved in the regulation of complement activation	Coatomer complex is required for budding from Golgi membranes, and is essential for the retrograde Golgito-ER transport of dilysine-lagged proteins.	Involved in the formation of clathrin coated vesicles during vesicle endocytosis
Tissue Specificity	Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma	Ubiquitous	Red blood cells	Red blood cells	Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous
Function	Function unknown	Nuclear-cytoplasmic shuttling	Oxygen Transport, Transfer - Carrier Protein	Oxygen Transport, Transfer - Carrier Protein	Complement activation	Vesicle mediated transport	Receptor-mediated endocytosis
Subcellular location	Secreted	Intracellular - Nucleus, Cytoplasm	Intracellular	Intracellular	Secreted	Cytoplasm. Golgi apparatus	Cytoplasmic vesicle; cytoplasmic vesicle membrane
MW	59578	24292	15126	15867	139070	107139	187030
Name of Protein	HISTIDINE-RICH GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR	GTP-BINDING NUCLEAR PROTEIN RAN	HEMOGLOBIN SUBUNIT ALPHA	HEMOGLOBIN SUBUNIT BETA	ISOFORM 1 OF COMPLEMENT FACTOR H PRECURSOR	COATOMER SUBUNIT BETA	ISOFORM 1 OF CLATHRIN HEAVY CHAIN 187030
Total Accession of Number optides	P04196	P62826	P69905	P68871	P08603	P53618	P53675
Total number of peptides	ю	2	2	2	2	~	2
Number of unique peptides from protein	7	7	7	2	2	7	7

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - present in E17.5LV		Yes - all rat samples	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - present in E14.5LV, E17.5LV		Yes - all rat samples
Notes	Immune response - Complement activation	Cellular response protein to viral infection	Promotes translocation of protein chain from A site to P site on ribosome	Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules	Unknown	Cleaves linear and branched multiubiquitin polymers with a marked preference for branched polymers.	Plays a major role in organizing spindle poles	Serum albumin, the main protein of plasma, has a good binding capacity for water, Ca(2+), Na(+), K(+), fatty acids, hormones, bilirubin and drugs. Its main function is the regulation of the colloidal osmotic pressure of blood.
Tissue Specificity	Plasma	Widely expressed	Ubiquitous	Widely distributed	Unknown	Ubiquitous	Skeletal muscle, brain, heart, placenta, lung, liver, kidney and pancreas	Plasma
Function	Serine protease	Function unknown	Protein biosynthesis	Cell structure, cell mobility, intracellular protein traffic	Unknown	Protease	Centrosome organization and biogenesis, and establishment and maintenance of microtubule cytoskeleton polarity	Transport, Transfer/Carrier
Subcellular location	Secreted	46273 Golgi apparatus	Cytoplasm	Intracellular	Unknown	Intracellular - Lysosome	Intracellular - centrosome	Secreted
MW	76684	46273	95207	49924	22066	95786	225509	45160
Name of Protein	COMPLEMENT C1S SUBCOMPONENT PRECURSOR	GOLGI PHOSPHOPROTEIN 2	ELONGATION FACTOR 2	TUBULIN ALPHA-1 CHAIN 49924	22 KDA PROTEIN	ISOFORM LONG OF UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL- TERMINAL HYDROLASE 5	CYTOSKELETON- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 5 225509	ALB PROTEIN
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P09871	Q8NBJ4	P13639	P68366	Unknown	P45974	Q14008	Q8IUK7
Total number of peptides	2	2	7	2	2	2	2	۴-
Number of unique peptides from from	8	2	7	8	2	2	7	7

Found in Rat CSF	Yes - all rat samples		Yes - all rat samples		Yes - present in E12.5LV		Yes - all rat samples
Notes	Also known as Kidney cadherin	DNA- and RNA binding protein, involved in several nuclear processes. Essential pre-mRNA splicing factor required early in spliceosome formation.	Important in the maintenance of hemostasis, it promotes adhesion of platelets to the sites of vascular injury. Also acts as a chaperone for coagulation factor VIII, delivering it the site of injury, stabilizing its heterodiment structure and protecting it from premature clearance from plasma.	Belongs to the serpin family	Involved in detoxifing compounds by linking glutathione to hydrophobic substances	Involved in chromatin binding	Involved in a number of various ECM related functions during development including cell adhesion, migration, and ecm architecture. Binds to laminin and nidogen (both found in the CSF).
Tissue Specificity	Highly expressed in ovary, brain, cerebellum, and kidney	Ubiquitous	Plasma	Plasma	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Widely expressed during embryonic development
Function	Cell adhesion	mRNA processing	Cell adhesion - Blood clotting	Serine protease inhibitor	Transferase	Involved in the control of DNA replication	Cell adhesion mediated signaling
Subcellular	Membrane	Nucleus	Secreted	Secreted	Cytoplasm	Nucleus	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix
MW	88309	76149	309299	47651	23225	96558	74462
Name of Protein	ISOFORM 1 OF CADHERIN-6 PRECURSOR	ISOFORM LONG OF SPLICING FACTOR, PROLINE- AND GLUTAMINE-RICH	VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-1- ANTICHYMOTRYPSIN PRECURSOR	GLUTATHIONE S- TRANSFERASE P	DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM4	ISOFORM C OF FIBULIN- 74462 1 PRECURSOR
Total number Accession of Number peptides	P55285	P23246	P04275	P01011	P09211	P33991	P23142
Total number of peptides	က	7	2	es	2	2	∞
Number of unique peptides from protein	2	7	7	7	2	7	2

Found in Rat CSF				Yes - present in E17.5LV	Yes-LAR RECEPTOR- LINKED TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE present in all rat samples	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5LV	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5 4thV
Notes	Component of connective tissue	Unknown	Positive regulation of I-kappaB kinase/NF-kappaB cascade	Involved in the formation of the lytic complex, which inserts into plasma membranes and causes cells to lyse.	Signaling molecule invovled in cell growth and differentiation	May have an important role in cell/cell Yes - present in signaling during nervous system E12.5LV, E14.5LV	Ribosomal structural protein
Tissue Specificity	Widely	Unknown	Widely distributed	Plasma	Widely distributed	Highest expression in brain and testis	Ubiquitous
Function	Cell adhesion - Cell structure	Integral to membrane	Signal transduction activity	Immune response - complement pathway	Transmembrane receptor protein involved in cell adhesion	G-protein coupled receptor protein signaling pathway	Protein Biosynthesis
Subcellular location	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Membrane	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Membrane	Membrane	Cytoplasm
MW	333194	110110	60674	105752	211845	317453	27893
Name of Protein	ISOFORM LONG OF COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(XII) 333194 CHAIN PRECURSOR	TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEIN 132A ISOFORM 110110 B	EXTRACELLULAR MATRIX PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR	COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C6 PRECURSOR	RECEPTOR-TYPE TYROSINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE F PRECURSOR	CADHERIN EGF LAG SEVEN-PASS G-TYPE RECEPTOR 2 PRECURSOR	60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L8
Total number Accession of Number	Q60847	Q24JP5	Q16610	P13671	P10586	а9НСО4	P62917
Total number of peptides	m	က	2	2	74	77	84
Number of unique peptides from protein	7	2	7	7	8	7	8

Number of unique peptides from protein		Total number Accession of Number peptides	Name of Protein	MW	Subcellular	Function	Tissue Specificity	Notes Microti bulle denendent motor	Found in Rat CSF
2	7	P33176	KINESIN HEAVY CHAIN 109685	109685	Intracellular	Microtubule motor activity	Ubiquitous	microtubule-dependent motor required for normal distribution of mitochondria and lysosomes	Yes - present in E17.5LV
7	2	P62258	14-3-3 PROTEIN EPSILON 29174	29174	Cytoplasm	Chaperone, signal transduction - intracellular signaling cascade	Ubiquitous	Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general and specialized signaling pathway	Yes - all rat samples
2	4	Q8NF17	FLJ00385 PROTEIN (FRAGMENT)	56111	Membrane	Unknown	Unknown	lgG like protein	
2	2	P43243	MATRIN-3	94623	Nucleus	Function unclear	Ubiquitous	May play a role in trascription, nuclear Yes - present in structure, or nuclear retention of defective RNAs	Yes - present E12.5LV, E17.5LV
7	7	P16924	ISOFORM DPI OF DESMOPLAKIN	331776	Membrane	Cell adhesion, cell junctions	Isoform DPI is a constituent of all desmosomes	Major high molecular weight protein of E12.5LV, E17.5LV	Yes - present E12.5LV, E17.5LV
2	7	P19652	ALPHA-1-ACID GLYCOPROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR	23603	Secreted	Immune response - acute phase	Plasma	Appears to function in modulating the activity of the immune system during the acute-phase reaction	
2	2	P60842	EUKARYOTIC INITIATION FACTOR 4A-I	46154	Intracellular	Protein biosynthesis	Ubiquitous	Required for mRNA binding to ribosome	
7	8	P00338	LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE A	36689	Cytoplasm	Widely distributed, Anaerobic glycolysis highly expressed in muscle tissue	Widely distributed, highly expressed in muscle tissue	Catalyzes the conversion of lactate and NAD to pyruvate and NADH	Yes - present in E12.5LV, E14.5
2	7	Q6UX71	ISOFORM 1 OF PLEXIN DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR	59583	Membrane	Cell surface endothelial marker	Endothelial cells	Endothelial cells May play a role in tumor angiogenesis	
7	2	P30041	PEROXIREDOXIN-6	24904	Cytoplasm	Oxidoreductase, Peroxidase	Ubiquitous	Involved in redox regulation of the cell in response to oxidative stress.	,

	T	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Found in Rat CSF	Yes - present in E14.5 4thV, E17.5LV	Yes - present in E17.5LV	
Notes	May modulate neuronal adhesion and neurite growth during development by binding to neural cell adhesion molecules.	Mediates cell surface interactions during nervous system development. Involved in the formation of axon-glial junctions in myelinated peripheral nerves and in the signaling between axons and myelinating glial cells. Participates in oligodendrocytes generation by acting as a ligand of NOTCH1.	Unknown
Tissue Specificity	Brain	Widely distributed, highly expressed in brain	Brain and placenta
Function	Extracellular matrix protein-mediated signaling, cell adhesion, cell motility	Cell adhesion	Unknown
Subcellular Iocation	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Membrane	Membrane
MW	142973	113320	64396
Name of Protein	NEUROCAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR	ISOFORM 1 OF CONTACTIN-1 PRECURSOR	LEUCINE-RICH REPEAT- CONTAINING PROTEIN 15 PRECURSOR
Number Total of unique number Accession of from peptides protein	014594	Q12860	Q8TF66
Total number of peptides	2	7	7
Number of unique peptides from protein	2	8	7

Table 2. Protein list from mass spectrometry CS19 human CSF.

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
194	571	Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN B-100 PRECURSOR. [MASS=515563
120	176	Homo sapiens (Human) DYNEIN HEAVY CHAIN, CYTOSOLIC. [MASS=532408
89	168	Homo sapiens (Human) MICROTUBULE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 1B. [MASS=270620
53	28	Homo sapiens (Human) MYOSIN-10. [MASS=228939
52	99	Homo sapiens (Human) FILAMIN A, ALPHA. [MASS=280018
48	54	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF SPECTRIN ALPHA CHAIN, BRAIN. [MASS=284539
39	72	Homo sapiens (Human) FATTY ACID SYNTHASE. [MASS=273400
36	73	Homo sapiens (Human) VIMENTIN. [MASS=53520

Number of unique peptides from protein 36 36 35 34 34 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	Total number of peptides 36 36 46 36 46 30 44 102 29 109 41 35 35 36 36 36 46 47 47 27 30 31 35 35 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM LONG OF SPECTRIN BETA CHAIN, BRAIN 1. [MASS=274631 Homo sapiens (Human) ALB PROTEIN. [MASS=176706 Homo sapiens (Human) ALB PROTEIN. [MASS=176706 Homo sapiens (Human) SEROTRANSFERRIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=77050 Homo sapiens (Human) LESPORD FANSFERRIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=77060 Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRONECTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=84843 Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRONECTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=84843 Homo sapiens (Human) ELONGATION FACTOR 2. [MASS=827360 Homo sapiens (Human) BROTRETHICAL PROTEIN IMASS=67689 Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN ALY PRECURSOR. [MASS=36207 Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN ALY PRECURSOR. [MASS=36207 Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN ALY PRECURSOR. [MASS=36208 Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN ALY PRECURSOR. [MASS=36208 Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN BETA-2C CHAIN [MASS=36204] Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN BETA-2C CHAIN [MASS=36204] Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN BETA-2C CHAIN [MASS=36204] Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN BETA-10 SAPIOR [MASS=36204] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 1 OF CULLIN-ASSOCIATED NEDDB-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=136376] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 2 OF HECT, UBA AND WWE DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=30198] Homo sapiens (Human) CREATINE KINASE BATYPE [MASS=30198] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 2 OF HECT, UBA AND WYE DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=30198] Homo sapiens (Human) MASSOCIATED NEDBE-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=30198] Homo sapiens (Human) MASSOCIATE NEDBER IMASS=301108 Homo sapiens (Human) MASSOCIATE NEDBER IM
22	31	Homo sapiens (Human) IMPORTION LICENSING FACTOR MCM2. [MASS=101896]
22	24	Homo sapiens (Human) STRUCTURAL MAINTENANCE OF CHROMOSOME 3. [MASS=141542 Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-I PRECURSOR IMASS=30778
21	44	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM M1 OF PYRUVATE KINASE ISOZYMES M1/M2. [MASS=57931

19 89 24	19		Homo sapiens (Human) DPYSL3 PROTEIN. [MASS=73910 Homo sapiens (Human) RAN BINDING PROTEIN 5. [MASS=12545 Homo sapiens (Human) TRANSITIONAL ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM ATPASE. [MASS=89191 Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=89191 Homo sapiens (Human) DHYDROPYRIMIDINASE-RELATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=82184 Homo sapiens (Human) ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE A. [MASS=34084] Homo sapiens (Human) ATP-DEPENDENT BY MAY HELICASE A. [MASS=34083] Homo sapiens (Human) C-1-TETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHASE. CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=76149] Homo sapiens (Human) C-1-TETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHASE. CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=189539] Homo sapiens (Human) ATP-DEPENDENT DNA HELICASE 2 SUBUNIT 2. [MASS=189539] Homo sapiens (Human) BY MICROTUBULE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 2. [MASS=72932] Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN DISULFIDE-ISOMERASE A4 PRECURSOR. [MASS=72932] Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN DISULFIDE-ISOMERASE A4 PRECURSOR. [MASS=82289] Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN DISULFIDE-ISOMERASE A4 PRECURSOR. [MASS=8238] Homo sapiens (Human) DNA REPLICATION LICENSING SA PROTEIN. [MASS=8528] Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF MICROTUBIN CACTOR II. [MASS=8528] Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF GENERAL TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR III. [MASS=812416] Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF GENERAL TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR III. [MASS=812416] Homo sapiens (Human) INEPARTITE MOTIF-CONTAINING SA PROTEIN. [MASS=112416] Homo sapiens (Human) INER-ALPHA-TRYPSIN INHIBITOR HEAVY CHAIN H2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=74607] Homo sapiens (Human) INTER-ALPHA-TRYPSIN INHIBITOR HEAVY CHAIN H2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=74607] Homo sapiens (Human) INTER-LEVRIN ENHANCER-BINDING FACTOR 3. [MASS=74607] Homo sapiens (Human) INTER-LEVRIN ENHANCER-BINDING FACTOR 3. [MASS=74607]
24	68		Homo sapiens (Human) LUPUS LA PROTEIN. [MASS=46837 Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN ALPHA-1 CHAIN. [MASS=49924
18	24		Homo sapiens (Human) POLY [ADP-RIBOSE] POLYMERASE 1. [MASS=112953 Homo sapiens (Human) LEUCYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE, CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=134466

Number of unique	Total	
protein	peptides	Protein matches for CS19 numan CSF
17	17	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF STRUCTURAL MAINTENANCE OF CHROMOSOME 2-LIKE 1 PROTEIN. [MASS=135781
16	126	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-1-ANTITRYPSIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=46737
16	19	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC INITIATION FACTOR 4A-I. [MASS=46154
16	20	Homo sapiens (Human) T-COMPLEX PROTEIN 1 SUBUNIT ETA. [MASS=59367
16	21	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOCITRATE DEHYDROGENASE [NADP] CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=46659
16	17	Homo sapiens (Human) KINESIN HEAVY CHAIN ISOFORM 5C. IMASS=109495
16	35	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN U. [MASS=88814
16	18	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR 3B SUBUNIT 1. [MASS=145815
16	18	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 2. [MASS=100200
16	17	Homo sapiens (Human) CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP1, SUBUNIT 8. [MASS=59779
15	17	Homo sapiens (Human) ATP-CITRATE SYNTHASE. [MASS=120825
15	53	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM GAMMA-B OF FIBRINOGEN GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=51512
15	18	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF EXPORTIN-2. [MASS=110417
15	22	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN M ISOFORM A. [MASS=77516
15	22	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF FAR UPSTREAM ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=68605
15	18	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR 3 SUBUNIT 1. [MASS=88886
15	43	Homo sapiens (Human) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-ALPHA 2. [MASS=98113
15	23	Homo sapiens (Human) 14-3-3 PROTEIN EPSILON [MASS=29174
15	15	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF VINCULIN. [MASS=116591
15	48	Homo sapiens (Human) ALANYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=106801
14	18	Homo sapiens (Human) DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM4. [MASS=96558
14	4	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF SPECTRIN BETA CHAIN, BRAIN 2. [MASS=271295
14	21	Homo sapiens (Human) FAR UPSTREAM ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 2. [MASS=72709
4	14	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN DISULFIDE-ISOMERASE A3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=56782
4	19	Homo sapiens (Human) RAB GDP DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR BETA. [MASS=50663
4	21	Homo sapiens (Human) DEAH (ASP-GLU-ALA-HIS) BOX POLYPEPTIDE 15. [MASS=92829
14	22	Homo sapiens (Human) LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE A. [MASS=36689
4	22	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3 SUBUNIT 10. [MASS=166569
4	21	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM BETA OF HEAT-SHOCK PROTEIN 105 KDA. [MASS=92116

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
14	25	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF POLYADENYLATE-BINDING PROTEIN 1. IMASS=70671
13	19	Homo sapiens (Human) 6-PHOSPHOGLUCONATE DEHYDROGENASE, DECARBOXYLATING, IMASS=53009
13	99	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN K. [MASS=50976
13	14	Homo sapiens (Human) DREBRIN. [MASS=71294
13	14	Homo sapiens (Human) EXPORTIN-1. [MASS=123386
13	13	Homo sapiens (Human) SMARCA4 ISOFORM 2. [MASS=188149
13	15	Homo sapiens (Human) HYDROXYMETHYLGLUTARYL-COA SYNTHASE, CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=57294
13	16	Homo sapiens (Human) RIBONUCLEOSIDE-DIPHOSPHATE REDUCTASE LARGE SUBUNIT. [MASS=90070
13	28	Homo sapiens (Human) HNRPA2B1 PROTEIN. [MASS=28412
13	45	Homo sapiens (Human) ENOLASE 1. [MASS=47169
13	15	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-ACTININ-1. [MASS=103058
13	29	Homo sapiens (Human) DIHYDROPYRIMIDINASE-LIKE 2. [MASS=67017
13	15	Homo sapiens (Human) DIHYDROPYRIMIDINASE-RELATED PROTEIN 4. [MASS=61878
13	20	Homo sapiens (Human) INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR 2 MRNA BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=63481
13	17	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF NEUTRAL ALPHA-GLUCOSIDASE AB PRECURSOR. [MASS=109438
13	13	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM P150 OF DYNACTIN-1. [MASS=141695
13	14	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR 3B SUBUNIT 2. [MASS=100228
13	22	Homo sapiens (Human) HEMOGLOBIN SUBUNIT EPSILON. [MASS=16072
13	17	Homo sapiens (Human) DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM5. [MASS=82286
13	8	Homo sapiens (Human) FASCIN. [MASS=54399
13	15	Homo sapiens (Human) GLUTAMYL-PROLYL TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=170591
13	14	Homo sapiens (Human) DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM3. [MASS=90981
12	25	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN-ACTIVATING ENZYME E1. [MASS=117849
12	89	Homo sapiens (Human) TRANSTHYRETIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=15887
12	18	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR 3B SUBUNIT 3. [MASS=135592
12	13	Homo sapiens (Human) PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE, MUSCLE. [MASS=85183
12	41	Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN BETA-3 CHAIN. [MASS=50433
12	12	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-ACTININ-4. [MASS=104854
12	15	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF GELSOLIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=85698
12	14	Homo sapiens (Human) MULTIFUNCTIONAL PROTEIN ADE2. [MASS=49679

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) DIHYDROPYRIMIDINASE-RELATED PROTEIN 5. [MASS=61421	Homo sapiens (Human) ANNEXIN A5. [MASS=35806	Homo sapiens (Human) L-LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE B CHAIN. [MASS=36507	Homo sapiens (Human) CALNEXIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=67568	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRINOGEN ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR, [MASS=94973	Homo sapiens (Human) NON-POU DOMAIN-CONTAINING OCTAMER-BINDING PROTEIN. [MASS=54232	Homo sapiens (Human) 116 KDA U5 SMALL NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN COMPONENT. [MASS=109436	Homo sapiens (Human) STRESS-INDUCED-PHOSPHOPROTEIN 1. [MASS=62639	Homo sapiens (Human) COATOMER SUBUNIT ALPHA, [MASS=138332	Homo sapiens (Human) T-COMPLEX PROTEIN 1 SUBUNIT DELTA, [MASS=57793	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN DO. [MASS=38434	Homo sapiens (Human) CDNA FLJ45525 FIS, CLONE BRTHA2026311, HIGHLY SIMILAR TO PROTEIN DISULFIDE ISOMERASE A6. [MASS=53929	Homo sapiens (Human) ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DDX3X, [MASS=73112	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 6A. [MASS=49204	Homo sapiens (Human) GLYCOGEN PHOSPHORYLASE, BRAIN FORM. [MASS=96565	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEASOME 26S NON-ATPASE SUBUNIT 11 VARIANT (FRAGMENT). [MASS=47535	Homo sapiens (Human) DNA DAMAGE-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [WASS=126968	Homo sapiens (Human) RAS GTPASE-ACTIVATING-LIKE PROTEIN IQGAP1, [MASS=189252	Homo sapiens (Human) STAPHYLOCOCCAL NUCLEASE DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=101997	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN-ACTIVATING ENZYME E1. [MASS=56852	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF PROTEIN KIAA1967. [MASS=103030	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF MICROTUBULE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 4. [MASS=102906	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM GTBP-ALT OF DNA MISMATCH REPAIR PROTEIN MSH6. [MASS=120563	Homo sapiens (Human) 150 KDA OXYGEN-REGULATED PROTEIN PRECURSOR, [MASS=111335	Homo sapiens (Human) TALDO1 PROTEIN. [MASS=35329	Homo sapiens (Human) STATHMIN. [MASS=17171	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF CHROMODOMAIN HELICASE-DNA-BINDING PROTEIN 4. [MASS=217991	Homo sapiens (Human) RUVB-LIKE 2. [MASS=51025	Homo sapiens (Human) PLASMA PROTEASE C1 INHIBITOR PRECURSOR, [MASS=55154
Total number of peptides	15	22	52	16	23	18	13	15	12	14	41	12	12	13	15	12	11	11	15	23	12	11	14	14	11	24	11	11	14
Number of unique peptides from protein	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-ALPHA 2. [MASS=98113	Homo sapiens (Human) PIGMENT EPITHELIUM-DERIVED FACTOR PRECURSOR. [MASS=46342	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM LONG OF UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL-TERMINAL HYDROLASE 5. [MASS=95786	Homo sapiens (Human) PRO2275. [MASS=13097	Homo sapiens (Human) T-COMPLEX PROTEIN 1 SUBUNIT ZETA. [MASS=57893	Homo sapiens (Human) MYRISTOYLATED ALANINE-RICH C-KINASE SUBSTRATE. [MASS=31423	Homo sapiens (Human) TALIN-1. [MASS=269767	Homo sapiens (Human) VACUOLAR PROTEIN SORTING 35. [MASS=91707	Homo sapiens (Human) T-COMPLEX PROTEIN 1 SUBUNIT EPSILON. [MASS=59671	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 3 OF POLYPYRIMIDINE TRACT-BINDING PROTEIN 2. [MASS=58084	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF REGULATOR OF NONSENSE TRANSCRIPTS 1. [MASS=124345	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN-LIKE 1-ACTIVATING ENZYME E1B. [MASS=71224	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF CLATHRIN HEAVY CHAIN 2. [MASS=187030	Homo sapiens (Human) SEPTIN-7. [MASS=50809.	Homo sapiens (Human) ADENYLYL CYCLASE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=51542	Homo sapiens (Human) VALYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=140476	Homo sapiens (Human) DNA MISMATCH REPAIR PROTEIN MSH2. [MASS=104743	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN R. [MASS=70943	Homo sapiens (Human) FRUCTOSE-BISPHOSPHATE ALDOLASE A. [MASS=39289	Homo sapiens (Human) THREONYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE, CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=83435	Homo sapiens (Human) STRESS-70 PROTEIN, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR. [MASS=73680	Homo sapiens (Human) ELONGATION FACTOR 1-DELTA. [MASS=30991	Homo sapiens (Human) CYTOSKELETON-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 5. [MASS=225509	Homo sapiens (Human) CALRETICULIN PRECURSOR [MASS=48142	Homo sapiens (Human) PHOSPHORIBOSYLFORMYLGLYCINAMIDINE SYNTHASE. [MASS=144664	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 4 OF TUBULIN-SPECIFIC CHAPERONE D. [MASS=138597	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM B OF ARSENITE-RESISTANCE PROTEIN 2. [MASS=100276	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF STRUCTURAL MAINTENANCE OF CHROMOSOMES 4-LIKE 1 PROTEIN. [MASS=140278	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF RETICULON-4. [MASS=130102
Total number of peptides	34	10	7	47	12	36	5	11	12	1	10	10	16	12	4	5	1	28	19	15	1	1	11	11	13	11	13	10	13
Number of unique peptides from protein	10	10	10	. 10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	10

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
10	45	Homo sapiens (Human) HEMOGLOBIN SUBUNIT ZETA, IMASS=15506
10	11	Homo sapiens (Human) HSPC117 PROTEIN [MASS=55210
10	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ANTIGEN RECOGNIZED BY T-CELLS 3. [MASS=109935
10	14	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S4, X ISOFORM. [MASS=29467
10	10	Homo sapiens (Human) TRANSKETOLASE. [MASS=67878
6	13	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF NUCLEOPHOSMIN. [MASS=29465
6	10	Homo sapiens (Human) UNCHARACTERIZED PROTEIN C20ORF77. [MASS=36900
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) T-COMPLEX PROTEIN 1 SUBUNIT ALPHA. [MASS=60344
9	10	Homo sapiens (Human) INTERLEUKIN ENHANCER-BINDING FACTOR 2. [MASS=43062
6	10	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 8. [MASS=45626
တ	11	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM7. [MASS=81308
6	19	Homo sapiens (Human) GAMMA-ENOLASE. [MASS=47137
6	11	Homo sapiens (Human) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN DKFZP451D234. [MASS=109187
6	23	Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN, BETA 2. [MASS=49907
6	+	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN ARGININE N-METHYLTRANSFERASE 1. [MASS=41486
6	12	Homo sapiens (Human) VILLIN 2. [MASS=69413
6	11	Homo sapiens (Human) RADIXIN. [MASS=68564
6	-	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF SWI/SNF-RELATED MATRIX-ASSOCIATED ACTIN-DEPENDENT REGULATOR OF CHROMATIN SUBFAMILY C MEMBER 2. [MASS=124841
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) ASPARTYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=57136
6	12	Homo sapiens (Human) D-3-PHOSPHOGLYCERATE DEHYDROGENASE. [MASS=56519
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) CAD PROTEIN. [MASS=242984
9	6	Homo sapiens (Human) CTP SYNTHASE 1. [MASS=66690
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) SERINE-THREONINE KINASE RECEPTOR-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN. [MASS=38438
6	11	Homo sapiens (Human) ADENOSYLHOMOCYSTEINASE. [MASS=47585
6	11	Homo sapiens (Human) ELONGATION FACTOR 1-GAMMA. [MASS=49988
6	02	Homo sapiens (Human) CDNA FLJ45706 FIS, CLONE FEBRA2028457, HIGHLY SIMILAR TO NUCLEOLIN. [MASS=65962
6	9	Homo sapiens (Human) CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP1, SUBUNIT 3 ISOFORM B. [MASS=60463
6	12	Homo sapiens (Human) ENO1P PROTEIN. [MASS=42342

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN U. [MASS=101752
6	17	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM SHORT OF RECEPTOR-TYPE TYROSINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE ZETA PRECURSOR. [MASS=163444
6	11	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 7. [MASS=48503
6	10	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN DISULFIDE-ISOMERASE PRECURSOR. [MASS=57116
6	11	Homo sapiens (Human) FACT COMPLEX SUBUNIT SPT16. [MASS=119914
6	14	Homo sapiens (Human) LUMICAN PRECURSOR. [MASS=38429
6	10	Homo sapiens (Human) PROLIFERATION-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 2G4. [MASS=43656
6	10	Homo sapiens (Human) IARS PROTEIN. [MASS=120627
6	10	Homo sapiens (Human) U5 SMALL NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN 200 KDA HELICASE. [MASS=244508
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL-TERMINAL HYDROLASE 7. [MASS=128272
6	10	Homo sapiens (Human) INTER-ALPHA-TRYPSIN INHIBITOR HEAVY CHAIN H1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=101389
6	12	Homo sapiens (Human) ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DDX1. [MASS=82432
6	13	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PROBABLE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DDX17. [MASS=72371
6	10	Homo sapiens (Human) RNA-BINDING PROTEIN 12. [MASS=97395
ക	6	Homo sapiens (Human) TRANSPORTIN 1. [MASS=102355
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) GTP-BINDING NUCLEAR PROTEIN RAN. [MASS=24292
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S18. [MASS=17719
6	99	Homo sapiens (Human) ACTIN, AORTIC SMOOTH MUSCLE. [MASS=42009
6	9	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4 GAMMA 2. [MASS=102362
6	12	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR, ARGININE/SERINE-RICH 1. [MASS=27745
6	6	Homo sapiens (Human) PEROXIREDOXIN-1. [MASS=22110
8	10	Homo sapiens (Human) GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE P. [MASS=23225
8	31	Homo sapiens (Human) ACTIN, CYTOPLASMIC 1. [MASS=41737
8	9	Homo sapiens (Human) HEAT SHOCK 70 KDA PROTEIN 1L. [MASS=70375
8	12	Homo sapiens (Human) COFILIN-1. [MASS=18371
8	13	Homo sapiens (Human) ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR. [MASS=53154
80	10	Homo sapiens (Human) GLUCOSE-6-PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE. [MASS=63016
8	51	Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN BETA-2 CHAIN. [MASS=49671

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
8	12	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF CYTOSOLIC ACYL COENZYME A THIOESTER HYDROLASE. [MASS=41796
8	10	Homo sapiens (Human) HEAT SHOCK 70 KDA PROTEIN 1. [MASS=70052
8	6	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 12. [MASS=52773
8	23	Homo sapiens (Human) GAMMA-G GLOBIN (FRAGMENT). [MASS=16969
8	6	Homo sapiens (Human) 14-3-3 PROTEIN THETA. [MASS=27764
8	8	Homo sapiens (Human) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR. [MASS=35531
8	6	Homo sapiens (Human) A-KINASE ANCHOR PROTEIN 12 ISOFORM 2. [MASS=181690
8	8	Homo sapiens (Human) LIVER PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE ISOFORM A. [MASS=90577
8	14	Homo sapiens (Human) 14-3-3 PROTEIN ZETA/DELTA. [MASS=27745
8	10	Homo sapiens (Human) ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE A. [MASS=140881
8	15	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM C1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEINS C1/C2. [MASS=32338
8	80	Homo sapiens (Human) NUCLEOSIDE DIPHOSPHATE KINASE A. [MASS=17149
8	8	Homo sapiens (Human) TRIPEPTIDYL-PEPTIDASE 2. [MASS=138219
8	11	Homo sapiens (Human) RCTP11 (FRAGMENT). [MASS=26943
8	11	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF POLYPYRIMIDINE TRACT-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=57221
æ	11	Homo sapiens (Human) CELLULAR RETINOIC ACID-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=15434
8	8	Homo sapiens (Human) MALATE DEHYDROGENASE, CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=36295
8	10	Homo sapiens (Human) ESTERASE D. [MASS=31463
80	15	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN Q. [MASS=69603
80	12	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM SHORT OF RNA-BINDING PROTEIN FUS. [MASS=53355
&	თ	Homo sapiens (Human) F-ACTIN CAPPING PROTEIN ALPHA-1 SUBUNIT. [MASS=32792
8	10	Homo sapiens (Human) PROBABLE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DDX48. [MASS=46740
8	10	Homo sapiens (Human) INORGANIC PYROPHOSPHATASE. [MASS=32660
&	21	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A0. [MASS=30841
&	თ	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF GLUCOSAMINEFRUCTOSE-6-PHOSPHATE AMINOTRANSFERASE [ISOMERIZING] 1. [MASS=78806
æ	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ELAV. [MASS=42417
80	8	Homo sapiens (Human) CDNA FLJ33352 FIS, CLONE BRACE2005087, WEAKLY SIMILAR TO PRE-MRNA SPLICING HELICASE BRR2. [MASS=71472

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
8	&	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ATP-DEPENDENT DNA HELICASE II, 70 KDA SUBUNIT (LUPUS KU AUTOANTIGEN PROTEIN P70) (KU70) (70 KDA SUBUNIT OF KU ANTIGEN) (THYROID-LUPUS AUTOANTIGEN) (TLAA) (CTC BOX BINDING FACTOR 75 KDA SUBUNIT) (CTCBF) (CTC75) ISOFORM 1. [MASS=54430
8	11	Homo sapiens (Human) IMPORTIN-7. [MASS=119517
8	8	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF CULLIN-3. IMASS=88930
8	8	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 6. IMASS=45531
8	6	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2C ISOFORM GAMMA, IMASS=59272
8	24	Homo sapiens (Human) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOC345651. IMASS=42003
80	9	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 3. IMASS=60978
80	10	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3 SUBUNIT 9. IMASS=92492
80	6	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S ACIDIC RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN PO. [MASS=34274
80	80	Homo sapiens (Human) FACT COMPLEX SUBUNIT SSRP1. [MASS=81075
8	12	Homo sapiens (Human) NUCLEOSOME ASSEMBLY PROTEIN 1-LIKE 4. [MASS=43011
80	12	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM BETA-2 OF DNA TOPOISOMERASE 2-BETA. [MASS=183267
80	6	Homo sapiens (Human) GARS PROTEIN. [MASS=84648
8	œ	Homo sapiens (Human) STRUCTURAL MAINTENANCE OF CHROMOSOME 1-LIKE 1 PROTEIN. [MASS=143233
8	80	Homo sapiens (Human) DNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE II 140 KDA POLYPEPTIDE. [MASS=133897
ھ	24	Homo sapiens (Human) NESTIN. [MASS=177439
80	80	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PEPTIDYLPROLYL ISOMERASE A ISOFORM 1. [MASS=24517
80	=	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN D-LIKE. [MASS=46438
8	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2C OF CYTOPLASMIC DYNEIN 1 INTERMEDIATE CHAIN 2. [MASS=68426
7	7	Homo sapiens (Human) CSNK2A1 PROTEIN [MASS=45909
7	7	Homo sapiens (Human) PEROXIREDOXIN-6. [MASS=24904
7	6	Homo sapiens (Human) HIGH MOBILITY GROUP PROTEIN 1-LIKE 10. [MASS=24218
7	10	Homo sapiens (Human) CALMODULIN. [MASS=16706
7	6	Homo sapiens (Human) NUCLEOSOME ASSEMBLY PROTEIN 1-LIKE 1. [MASS=45374
7	5	Homo sapiens (Human) IMPORTIN-9. [MASS=115832
7	13	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN SET. [MASS=33489
7	1	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN H1. [MASS=49229
7	6	Homo sapiens (Human) SEPTIN-2. [MASS=41487

	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) ATAXIN-10. [MASS=53489	Homo sapiens (Human) COATOMER SUBUNIT BETA. [MASS=107139	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM7. [MASS=44649	Homo sapiens (Human) IRON-RESPONSIVE ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=98399	Homo sapiens (Human) TYROSINE 3-MONOOXYGENASE/TRYPTOPHAN 5-MONOOXYGENASE ACTIVATION PROTEIN, BETA POLYPEPTIDE. [MASS=28082	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT S10B. IMASS=44173	Homo sapiens (Human) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN DKFZP781K0743. IMASS=105850	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL-TERMINAL HYDROLASE ISOZYME L1. [MASS=24824	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN U-LIKE PROTEIN 1. [MASS=95739	Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULINTYROSINE LIGASE-LIKE PROTEIN 12. [MASS=74404	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF NUCLEAR MITOTIC APPARATUS PROTEIN 1. IMASS=236531	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA ISOFORM OF REGULATORY SUBUNIT A, PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2, [MASS=65309	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 4 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A/B. [MASS=31233	Homo sapiens (Human) CCR4-NOT TRANSCRIPTION COMPLEX, SUBUNIT 1 ISOFORM A. [MASS=266939	Homo sapiens (Human) PROFILIN-1. [MASS=14923	Homo sapiens (Human) PROLIFERATING CELL NUCLEAR ANTIGEN. [MASS=28769	Homo sapiens (Human) METHIONYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=101116	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN-LIKE 1-ACTIVATING ENZYME E1A. [MASS=38450	Homo sapiens (Human) ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE. [MASS=36442	Homo sapiens (Human) ADP-RIBOSYLATION FACTOR 1. [MASS=20566	Homo sapiens (Human) THIOREDOXIN-LIKE PROTEIN 1. [MASS=32120	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 1. [MASS=105836	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3 SUBUNIT 8. [MASS=105344	Homo sapiens (Human) VESICLE-FUSING ATPASE. [MASS=82654	Homo sapiens (Human) Complement component 3 precursor. [MASS=187306	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3 SUBUNIT 6. [MASS=52221	Homo sapiens (Human) ATP-DEPENDENT DNA HELICASE 2 SUBUNIT 1. [MASS=69712	Homo canions (Hilman) ISOEORM 1 OF HOST CELL FACTOR IMASS=208842
	Total number of peptides	7	7	တ	7	10	6	8	8	თ	8	7	8	80	ھ	8	7	7	80	80	7	6	7	7	7	80	7	8	^
_	Number of unique peptides from protein	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
7	7	Homo sapiens (Human) METASTASIS-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN MTA2. [MASS=75023
7	7	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN L ISOFORM A. [MASS=64133
7	8	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 4. [MASS=49185
7	8	Homo sapiens (Human) UDP-GLUCOSE CERAMIDE GLUCOSYLTRANSFERASE-LIKE 1 ISOFORM 1. [MASS=177190
7	7	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 5B. [MASS=138800
7	7	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM V0 OF VERSICAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=372820
7	56	Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN BETA-1 CHAIN. [MASS=50327
7		Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FILAMIN-B. [MASS=278195
7	7	Homo sapiens (Human) CONTACTIN-2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=113393
7	7	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN SPECIFIC PROTEASE 9, X-LINKED ISOFORM 4. [MASS=290497
9	11	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A3. [MASS=39595
9	11	Homo sapiens (Human) HEMOGLOBIN SUBUNIT ALPHA. [MASS=15126
9	80	Homo sapiens (Human) ASTROCYTIC PHOSPHOPROTEIN PEA-15. [MASS=15040
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 7. [MASS=37025
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT BETA TYPE 1. [MASS=26489
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-CENTRACTIN. [MASS=42614
9	10	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PLASMINOGEN ACTIVATOR INHIBITOR 1 RNA-BINDING PROTEIN. [MASS=44965
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) CALPONIN-3. [MASS=36414
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT ALPHA TYPE 2. [MASS=25767
9	8	Homo sapiens (Human) PHOSPHATIDYLETHANOLAMINE-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=20926
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) METHIONINE ADENOSYLTRANSFERASE II, BETA ISOFORM 1. [MASS=37552
9	12	Homo sapiens (Human) VITRONECTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=54306
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) PHOSPHORIBOSYL PYROPHOSPHATE SYNTHETASE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 2. [MASS=40926
9	6	Homo sapiens (Human) CONDENSIN COMPLEX SUBUNIT 3. [MASS=114334
9	10	Homo sapiens (Human) PEROXIREDOXIN-2. [MASS=21761
9	12	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A1 ISOFORM B. [MASS=38747
မ	80	Homo sapiens (Human) RHO GDP-DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR 1. [MASS=23076
မ	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF DIPEPTIDYL-PEPTIDASE 3. [MASS=82589
မှ	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF ACTIN-LIKE PROTEIN 6A, [MASS=47461
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF NSFL1 COFACTOR P47. [MASS=37325

Ni mahara atau atau		
peptides from protein	_ 도 교	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4 GAMMA, 1 ISOFORM 2. [MASS=166589
9	53	Homo sapiens (Human) ELONGATION FACTOR 1-ALPHA 2. [MASS=50470
9	8	Homo sapiens (Human) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN DKFZP564E242. [MASS=31424
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) 3-MERCAPTOPYRUVATE SULFURTRANSFERASE. [MASS=33047
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) CLUSTERIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=52495
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) REPLICATION PROTEIN A 70 KDA DNA-BINDING SUBUNIT. [MASS=68138
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) DYNACTIN 2. [MASS=44820
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) THIOREDOXIN-LIKE PROTEIN 2. [MASS=37432
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF CADHERIN-11 PRECURSOR. [MASS=76541
9	6	Homo sapiens (Human) S-ADENOSYLMETHIONINE SYNTHETASE ISOFORM TYPE-2. [MASS=43661
ဖ	7	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF ELAV-LIKE PROTEIN 3. [MASS=39547
ဖ	9	Homo sapiens (Human) SIMILAR TO ANNEXIN A2 ISOFORM 1. [MASS=38659
9	8	Homo sapiens (Human) ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE, CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=46116
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) NUCLEAR MIGRATION PROTEIN NUDC. [MASS=38243
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S19. [MASS=15929
ဖ	9	Homo sapiens (Human) RNA BINDING PROTEIN (FRAGMENT). [MASS=32550
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF DNA (MASS=189566
9	6	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE DCAMKL1. [MASS=82224
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN TRANSPORT PROTEIN SEC23A. [MASS=86147
9	10	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L4. [MASS=47566
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEASOME 26S NON-ATPASE SUBUNIT 13 ISOFORM 2. [MASS=39871
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 4 OF AFADIN. [MASS=206804
9	16	Homo sapiens (Human) DIHYDROPYRIMIDINASE-RELATED PROTEIN 2. [MASS=62294
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) WUGSC:H_RG054D04.1 PROTEIN. [MASS=29037
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) VACUOLAR ATP SYNTHASE CATALYTIC SUBUNIT A, UBIQUITOUS ISOFORM. [MASS=68304
9	ဖ	Homo sapiens (Human) MGEA5 PROTEIN. [MASS=95331
9	7	Homo sapiens (Human) GLUCOSIDASE 2 SUBUNIT BETA PRECURSOR. [MASS=59296
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) CYSTEINYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE ISOFORM C. [MASS=94638
9	6	Homo sapiens (Human) BIFUNCTIONAL PURINE BIOSYNTHESIS PROTEIN PURH. [MASS=64616
9	9	Homo sapiens (Human) HSC70-INTERACTING PROTEIN. [MASS=41332

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S3. [MASS=26688	Homo sapiens (Human) GALECTIN-3-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=65331	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF COMPLEMENT FACTOR B PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT). [MASS=85533	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF POLYADENYLATE-BINDING PROTEIN 4. [MASS=70783	Homo sapiens (Human) SPERMIDINE SYNTHASE. [MASS=33825	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN DJ-1. [MASS=19891	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN H3. [MASS=36926	Homo sapiens (Human) RAB1A, MEMBER RAS ONCOGENE FAMILY. [MASS=22678	Homo sapiens (Human) WD40 PROTEIN. [MASS=35079	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM B1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEINS A2/B1. [MASS=37430	Homo sapiens (Human) RUVB-LIKE 1. [MASS=50228	Homo sapiens (Human) RNA BINDING MOTIF PROTEIN, X-LINKED-LIKE 1. [MASS=42142	Homo sapiens (Human) PHOSPHOGLYCERATE MUTASE 2. [MASS=28635	Homo sapiens (Human) DNA POLYMERASE DELTA CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. [MASS=123631	Homo sapiens (Human) SF3B3 PROTEIN. [MASS=30210	Homo sapiens (Human) RETINOBLASTOMA-ASSOCIATED FACTOR 600. [MASS=185447	TRYPSIN PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.4)>PIR1:TRPGTR trypsin (EC 3.4.21.4)	Homo sapiens (Human) TUBULIN BETA-4 CHAIN. [MASS=49586	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTHYMOSIN ALPHA. [MASS=12203	Homo sapiens (Human) 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 14. [MASS=34577	Homo sapiens (Human) GLYOXYLATE REDUCTASE/HYDROXYPYRUVATE REDUCTASE_IMASS=35668	Homo sapiens (Human) DNA-(APURINIC OR APYRIMIDINIC SITE) LYASE. [MASS=35423	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE-BINDING PROTEIN G(I), ALPHA-2 SUBUNIT. [MASS=38473	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN 4.1. [MASS=97017	Homo sapiens (Human) ADP-SUGAR PYROPHOSPHATASE. [MASS=24328	Homo sapiens (Human) HISTONE H2B TYPE 2-E. [MASS=13789	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN F. [MASS=45672	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A3 ISOFORM 1. [MASS=31312
Total number of peptides	2	6	9	9	9	7	8	80	9	11	7	10	7	7	9	9	35	80	18	9	7	7	ဖ	5	7	9	9	တ
Number of unique peptides from protein	9	9	9	9	ဖ	9	ဖ	9	9	9	ဖ	9	9	9	9	ဖ	22	co.	2	2	c o	2	ĸ	5	လ	2	2	2

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) NG,NG-DIMETHYLARGININE DIMETHYLAMINOHYDROLASE 2. [MASS=29644	Homo sapiens (Human) SERYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=58646	Homo sapiens (Human) NUCLEASE SENSITIVE ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=35793	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF CLEAVAGE AND POLYADENYLATION SPECIFICITY FACTOR 6. [MASS=59210	Homo sapiens (Human) POLY(RC)-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=37498	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM B OF FIBULIN-1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=77186	Homo sapiens (Human) FK506-BINDING PROTEIN 3. [MASS=25177	Homo sapiens (Human) CTTN PROTEIN. [MASS=70959	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A1. [MASS=32163	Homo sapiens (Human) PRE-MRNA-SPLICING FACTOR 19. [MASS=55181	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S15. [MASS=16909	Homo sapiens (Human) GLUTAMINYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=87799	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN RCC2. [MASS=56085	Homo sapiens (Human) DOUBLECORTEXI; LISSENCEPHALY, X-LINKED. [MASS=49847	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM B OF MANNOSE-6-PHOSPHATE RECEPTOR-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=47047	Homo sapiens (Human) COATOMER SUBUNIT BETA': [MASS=102356	Homo sapiens (Human) HEPATOMA-DERIVED GROWTH FACTOR. [MASS=26788	Homo sapiens (Human) ELAV-LIKE PROTEIN 1. [MASS=36092	Homo sapiens (Human) PP856. [MASS=43833	Homo sapiens (Human) RAS-RELATED PROTEIN RAB-2A. [MASS=23546]	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF PROTEIN ENABLED HOMOLOG. [MASS=63924	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF BETA-CATENIN. [MASS=85497	Homo sapiens (Human) AP-2 COMPLEX SUBUNIT ALPHA-2. [MASS=104150	Homo sapiens (Human) EEF1A1 PROTEIN. [MASS=47869	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S17. [MASS=15419	Homo sapiens (Human) 14-3-3 PROTEIN GAMMA. [MASS=28171	Homo sapiens (Human) RAS-GTPASE-ACTIVATING PROTEIN-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=52164	Homo sapiens (Human) POLY(RC)-BINDING PROTEIN 2 ISOFORM B. [MASS=38222	Homo sapiens (Human) EXPORTIN-T. [MASS=109964
Total number of peptides	6	ည	5	10	7	7	2	ıc	4	2	7	9	ß	80	S)	မွ	^	7	ις	7	9	7	သ	20	7	9	တ	11	5
Number of unique peptides from protein	5	2	22	S	5	5	2	c O	ĸ	5	5	S.	2	2	2	2	S.	တ	2	S.	2	5	2	9	5	5	rc.	2	5

Total number of peptides 6 Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 2C 1. [MASS=97214	Homo sapiens (F	tomo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF LIM AND SH3 DOMAIN PROTEIN 1. [MASS=29717 Homo sapiens (Human) SIMILAR TO NESTIN. IMASS=175922	5 Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FILAMIN-C. [MASS=291293	6 Homo sapiens (Human) MICROTUBULE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN RP/EB FAMILY MEMBER 1. [MASS=29868	5 Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S13. [MASS=17091	5 Homo sapiens (Human) MITOGEN-ACTIVATED PROTEIN KINASE 1 [MASS=41259	5 Homo sapiens (Human) UDP-GLUCOSE 6-DEHYDROGENASE: [MASS=55024	9 Homo sapiens (Human) PROBABLE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DDX5. [MASS=69148	Homo sapiens (Hur	-	8 Homo sapiens (Human) AMBP PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=38999	5 Homo sapiens (Human) CGI-150 PROTEIN. [MASS=55012	6 Homo sapiens (Human) PRE-MRNA-PROCESSING FACTOR 6 HOMOLOG, [MASS=106925	5 Homo sapiens (Human) TAR DNA-BINDING PROTEIN 43, [MASS=44740	6 Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF KH DOMAIN-CONTAINING, RNA-BINDING, SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=48227	5 Homo sapiens (Human) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN DKFZP451P021. [MASS=117896	7 Homo sapiens (Human) KH-TYPE SPLICING REGULATORY PROTEIN. [MASS=73115	5 Homo sapiens (Human) ISOCITRATE DEHYDROGENASE [NADP], MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR. [MASS=50909	5 Homo sapiens (Human) 182 KDA TANKYRASE 1-BINDING PROTEIN. [MASS=181816	5 Homo sapiens (Human) CONDENSIN COMPLEX SUBUNIT 1. [MASS=157169	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF ACIDIC LEUCINE-RICH NUCLEAR PHOSPHOPROTEIN 32 FAMILY MEMBER B. [MASS=28788]	5 Homo sapiens (Human) SMALL NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN SM D2. [MASS=13527	
Number of unique peptides from nu protein ps																	_						

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
5	2	Homo sapiens (Human) ACETYL-COA CARBOXYLASE 1. [MASS=265040
5	5	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF SUPPRESSOR OF G2 ALLELE OF SKP1 HOMOLOG. [MASS=37673
2	2	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 5 OF DYNAMIN-1-LIKE PROTEIN [MASS=79123
2	2	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L5. [MASS=34231
2	9	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L13 ISOFORM 1. [MASS=24280
တ	သ	Homo sapiens (Human) INOSINE-5'-MONOPHOSPHATE DEHYDROGENASE 2. [MASS=55805
2	2	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PHOSPHOSERINE AMINOTRANSFERASE. [MASS=40423
သ	6	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN C-LIKE 1. [MASS=32142
2	9	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN-CONJUGATING ENZYME E2 N. [MASS=17138
2	2	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN KINASE C-BINDING PROTEIN NELL2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=91346
5	2	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF DYNAMIN-2. [MASS=98064
5	c)	Homo sapiens (Human) NEURONAL PROTEIN NP25. [MASS=24893
S.	ıçı	Homo sapiens (Human) SMALL GLUTAMINE-RICH TETRATRICOPEPTIDE REPEAT-CONTAINING PROTEIN A. [MASS=34063
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) PROLYL ENDOPEPTIDASE. [MASS=80764
4	9	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S ACIDIC RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN P2. [MASS=11665
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S7. [MASS=22127
4	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF DNA-BINDING PROTEIN A. [MASS=40090
4	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM EWS-B OF RNA-BINDING PROTEIN EWS. [MASS=61217
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) THYMIDYLATE SYNTHASE. [MASS=31759
4	ĸ	Homo sapiens (Human) NASCENT POLYPEPTIDE-ASSOCIATED COMPLEX SUBUNIT ALPHA, [MASS=23384
4	22	Homo sapiens (Human) HISTIDINE-RICH GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=59578
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PROTEASOME SUBUNIT ALPHA TYPE 7. [MASS=27887
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) 1-PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL-4,5-BISPHOSPHATE PHOSPHODIESTERASE GAMMA 1. [MASS=148532
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICEOSOME RNA HELICASE BAT1. [MASS=48991
4	ıç.	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PHOSPHOGLYCERATE MUTASE 1 (PHOSPHOGLYCERATE MUTASE ISOZYME B) (PGAM-B) (BPG-DEPENDENT PGAM 1) ISOFORM 1. IMASS≥28850
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) CRK-LIKE PROTEIN [MASS=33777
4	5	Homo sapiens (Human) RNA-BINDING PROTEIN MUSASHI HOMOLOG 1. [MASS=39125

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) FLAP ENDONUCLEASE 1. [MASS=42593	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM C OF FIBULIN-1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=74462	Homo sapiens (Human) TUBA6 PROTEIN. [MASS=37021	Homo sapiens (Human) BA395L14.12. [MASS=28403	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM SHORT OF TATA-BINDING PROTEIN-ASSOCIATED FACTOR 2N. [MASS=61558	Homo sapiens (Human) LUNG CANCER ONCOGENE 7. [MASS=37889	Homo sapiens (Human) DNAJ HOMOLOG SUBFAMILY A MEMBER 1. [MASS=44868	Homo sapiens (Human) CLASS III ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE 5 CHI SUBUNIT. IMASS=41601	Homo sapiens (Human) DYNC1H1 PROTEIN. [MASS=22182	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE PAK 1. [MASS=61632	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L21. [MASS=18434	Homo sapiens (Human) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN U ISOFORM A. [MASS=90584	Homo sapiens (Human) HISTONE H4. [MASS=11236	Homo sapiens (Human) SCC-112 PROTEIN. [MASS=150830	Homo sapiens (Human) WW DOMAIN-BINDING PROTEIN 11. [MASS=69998	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF PUTATIVE GTP-BINDING PROTEIN PTD004. [MASS=27584	Homo sapiens (Human) PLATELET-ACTIVATING FACTOR ACETYLHYDROLASE, ISOFORM IB, ALPHA SUBUNIT. [MASS=46638	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM II OF UBIQUITIN-PROTEIN LIGASE E3A. [MASS=100646	Homo sapiens (Human) BRAIN ACID SOLUBLE PROTEIN 1. [MASS=22562	Homo sapiens (Human) ACTIN-LIKE PROTEIN 2. [MASS=44761	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 5. [MASS=49223	Homo sapiens (Human) 14-3-3 PROTEIN ETA. [MASS=28088	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 2 SUBUNIT 1. [MASS=35981	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM DELTA-1 OF SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2A 56 KDA REGULATORY SUBUNIT DELTA ISOFORM. [MASS=69992	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL-TERMINAL HYDROLASE 10. [MASS=87692	Homo sapiens (Human) PDCD6IP PROTEIN. [MASS=96818	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN FAM98B. [MASS=37191	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S24, [MASS=15423
Total number of peptides	4	2	39	သ	4	ည	4	သ	သ	4	ıo	7	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	7	2	4	4	2	4	သ	4	9
Number of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Number of unique peptides from protein	Total number of peptides	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF
4	2	Homo sapiens (Human) ADENYLOSUCCINATE SYNTHETASE ISOZYME 2. [MASS=50097
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF MICROTUBULE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN RP/EB FAMILY MEMBER 2. [MASS=37031
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) EXPORTIN-7. [MASS=123776
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) PHOSPHOLIPASE A-2-ACTIVATING PROTEIN [MASS=87157
4	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PHOSPHOLIPID TRANSFER PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=54739
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) CERULOPLASMIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=122205
4	ß	Homo sapiens (Human) RAS-RELATED PROTEIN RAB-7. [MASS=23490
4		Homo sapiens (Human) SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2A CATALYTIC SUBUNIT ALPHA ISOFORM. [MASS=35594
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF DOUBLE-STRAND BREAK REPAIR PROTEIN MRE11A. [MASS=80593
4	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ADENYLATE KINASE ISOENZYME 1. [MASS=21635
4	5	Homo sapiens (Human) GPI-ANCHORED PROTEIN P137. [MASS=72752
4	9	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-2-ANTIPLASMIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=55064
4	2	Homo sapiens (Human) PLASMA RETINOL-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=23010
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 4 OF SAPS DOMAIN FAMILY MEMBER 3. [MASS=88952
4	ĸ	Homo sapiens (Human) AP-1 COMPLEX SUBUNIT MU-1. [MASS=48456
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-SOLUBLE NSF ATTACHMENT PROTEIN. (MASS=33247
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4 GAMMA, 1 ISOFORM 4. [MASS=154805
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT ALPHA TYPE 6. [MASS=27399
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) QUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE. [MASS=35207
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR 3A SUBUNIT 3. [MASS=58849
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) GMP SYNTHASE. [MASS=76715
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF NMDA RECEPTOR-REGULATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=61602
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3 SUBUNIT 2. [MASS=36502
4	9	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN C140RF166. [MASS=28068
4	7	Homo sapiens (Human) FARNESYL DIPHOSPHATE SYNTHASE. [MASS=48275
4	5	Homo sapiens (Human) COATOMER SUBUNIT GAMMA-2. [MASS=97622
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) FIBRILLARIN. [MASS=33784
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) NUCLEAR CAP-BINDING PROTEIN SUBUNIT 1. [MASS=91839
4	4	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT BETA TYPE 4 PRECURSOR. [MASS=29192

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN 39. [MASS=39869	Homo sapiens (Human) PHENYLALANYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE BETA CHAIN. [MASS=66130	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN FAM49B. [MASS≃36748	Homo sapiens (Human) 47 KDA HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=46267	Homo sapiens (Human) PEPTIDYLPROLYL ISOMERASE B PRECURSOR. [MASS=23743	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF EXPORTIN-5. [MASS=136311	Homo sapiens (Human) CADHERIN-2 PRECURSOR. (MASS=99851	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 3 OF DREBRIN-LIKE PROTEIN [MASS=49042	Homo sapiens (Human) 16 KDA PROTEIN. [MASS=16122	Homo sapiens (Human) PROBABLE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DDX23. [MASS=95647	Homo sapiens (Human) CORONIN-1C. [MASS=53249	Homo sapiens (Human) SIGNAL RECOGNITION PARTICLE 14 KDA PROTEIN. [MASS=14544	Homo sapiens (Human) TROPOMYOSIN 1 ALPHA CHAIN ISOFORM 2. [MASS=32678	Homo sapiens (Human) VON HIPPEL-LINDAU BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=26535	Homo sapiens (Human) ACETYL-COA ACETYLTRANSFERASE, CYTOSOLIC, [MASS=41351	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L19. [MASS=23466	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S2. [MASS=31324	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF MELANOMA-ASSOCIATED ANTIGEN D2. [MASS=64954	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L3. [MASS=45978	Homo sapiens (Human) UBIQUITIN AND RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S27A PRECURSOR. [MASS=17965	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAN-SPECIFIC GTPASE-ACTIVATING PROTEIN. [MASS=35024	Homo sapiens (Human) SEPTIN 9. [MASS=63633	Homo sapiens (Human) SPERMATID PERINUCLEAR RNA-BINDING PROTEIN. [MASS=73765	Homo sapiens (Human) PROBABLE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DDX46. [MASS=117461	Homo sapiens (Human) RAS-RELATED PROTEIN RAB-14. [MASS=23766	Homo sapiens (Human) MARCKS-RELATED PROTEIN. [MASS=19398	Homo sapiens (Human) GCN1-LIKE PROTEIN 1. [MASS=292930	Homo sapiens (Human) KINESIN LIGHT CHAIN 1 ISOFORM 2. [MASS=65310	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF AT-RICH INTERACTIVE DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN 1A. [MASS=218335	Homo sapiens (Human) TROPOMYOSIN 4. [MASS=28522
Total number of peptides	4	4	4	4	ß	4	4	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	7	2	8	S	7	18	4	2	4	2	4	ဖ	4	4	4	2
Number of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

9 perides 4	Homo sapiens (Human) EARLY ENDOSOME ANTIGEN 1, [MASS=162466] Homo sapiens (Human) RETICULOCAL BIN 1 PRECURSOR, [MASS=162466] Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FOCAL ADHESION KINASE 1, [MASS=1763] Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FOCAL ADHESION KINASE 1, [MASS=17326] Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FOCAL ADHESION KINASE 1, [MASS=17326] Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF FOCAL ADHESION KINASE 1, [MASS=17326] Homo sapiens (Human) NEUROCAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR, [MASS=17273] Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR, ARGININE/SERINE-RICH 2, [MASS=26345] Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR, ARGININE/SERINE-RICH 2, [MASS=26345] Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR, ARGININE/SERINE-RICH 2, [MASS=26345] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM LONG OF 60 KDA SS-ARO RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN [MASS=37200] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM LONG OF 60 KDA SS-ARO RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN [MASS=6071] Homo sapiens (Human) HEPARIN COFACTOR 2 PRECURSOR, [MASS=60178] Homo sapiens (Human) HEPARIN COFACTOR 2 PRECURSOR, [MASS=60178] Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-II PRECURSOR, [MASS=60178] Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN (IMASS=27234] Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOPROTEIN (IMASS=227334] Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOROTEIN (IMASS=227334] Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOROTEIN (IMASS=227334] Homo sapiens (Human) APOLIPOROTEIN (IMASS=227334] Homo sapiens (Human) GLUCCSAMINE-6-PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE, [MASS=32669] Homo sapiens (Human) BONA LIGASE 1, [MASS=21733] Homo sapiens (Human) BONA LIGASE 1, [MASS=21733] Homo sapiens (Human) BONA LIGASE 1, [MASS=21733]
က	Homo sapiens (Human) CLEAVAGE AND POLYADENYLATION SPECIFICITY FACTOR 73 KDA SUBUNIT. [MASS=77486 Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEASOME ACTIVATOR COMPLEX SUBUNIT 1. [MASS=28723
S 2	Homo sapiens (Human) ACYLAMINO-ACID-RELEASING ENZYME. [MASS=81225 Homo sapiens (Human) 60 KDA HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN MITOCHONDRIAI PRECLIRSOR IMASS=61055
n ,	TOTTO SAPIETS (TUTTIAT) OU NUA MEAL SHOCK PROTEIN, MILLOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR, [MASS=67055

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) SMALL NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN SM D1. [MASS=13282	Homo sapiens (Human) FRUCTOSE-BISPHOSPHATE ALDOLASE C. [MASS=39325	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-2-HS-GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=39325	Homo sapiens (Human) IMPORTIN ALPHA-4 SUBUNIT. [MASS=57887	Homo sapiens (Human) GTP BINDING PROTEIN 1. (MASS=72454	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF DAZ-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=43383	Homo sapiens (Human) VACUOLAR PROTEIN SORTING 26A. [MASS=38170	Homo sapiens (Human) CYTOPLASMIC FMR1 INTERACTING PROTEIN 1 ISOFORM A. [MASS=145182	Homo sapiens (Human) ATP SYNTHASE SUBUNIT ALPHA, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR. [MASS=59751	Homo sapiens (Human) ACONITATE HYDRATASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR. [MASS=85425	Homo sapiens (Human) LUNG CANCER ONCOGENE 7. [MASS=37889	Homo sapiens (Human) F-ACTIN CAPPING PROTEIN ALPHA-2 SUBUNIT. [MASS=32818	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM DUT-M OF DEOXYURIDINE 5'-TRIPHOSPHATE NUCLEOTIDOHYDROLASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR. [MASS=26706	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-ADDUCIN. [MASS=80955	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 1 REGULATORY SUBUNIT 7. [MASS=41564	Homo sapiens (Human) BM-010. [MASS=36153	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE, RECEPTOR-TYPE, ZETA1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=254587	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 3 OF UDP-N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINEPEPTIDE N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINYLTRANSFERASE 110 KDA SUBUNIT. [MASS=116925	Homo sapiens (Human) HIV TAT SPECIFIC FACTOR 1. [MASS=85853	Homo sapiens (Human) UV EXCISION REPAIR PROTEIN RAD23 HOMOLOG B. [MASS=43171	Homo sapiens (Human) PNAS-125. [MASS=23755	Homo sapiens (Human) IGKV1-5 PROTEIN [MASS=26234	Homo sapiens (Human) HEMOGLOBIN SUBUNIT GAMMA-1. [MASS=16009	Homo sapiens (Human) EXOSOME COMPLEX EXONUCLEASE RRP42. [MASS=31835	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR BTF3. [MASS=17699	Homo sapiens (Human) HISTONE-BINDING PROTEIN RBBP4. [MASS=47525	Homo sapiens (Human) SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE MRCK BETA. [MASS=194315	Homo sapiens (Human) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN DKFZP686I0180 (FRAGMENT). [MASS=28810
Total number of peptides	3	3	14	4	ß	3	က	3	ဗ	4	9	4	4	9	က	ဗ	3	က	3	4	3	2	19	3	င	4	ဗ	ဗ
Number of unique peptides from protein	3	က	က	ဗ	က	က	က	ဗ	က	က	3	က	က	ဗ	က	3	3	ဇ	3	3	3	က	က	က	က	က	က	ဗ

Number of unique peptides from protein 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Total number of peptides of pe	Homo sapiens (Human) THYMOPOIETIN ISOFORM BETA [MASS=50670 Homo sapiens (Human) THYMOPOIETIN ISOFORM BETA [MASS=50670 Homo sapiens (Human) DNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE II LARGEST SUBUNIT. [MASS=217206 Homo sapiens (Human) TACTOR VII ACTIVE SITE MUTANT IMMUNOCONJUGATE. [MASS=17206 Homo sapiens (Human) THYPOPHANT-TRIAL SITE MASS=13174 Homo sapiens (Human) SERINETHREONINE-PROTEIN PROSEIN (MASS=13174 Homo sapiens (Human) SERINETHREONINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 4 CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. [MASS=35080 Homo sapiens (Human) SERINETHREONINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 4 CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. [MASS=35080 Homo sapiens (Human) SERINETHREONINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 4 CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. [MASS=32082] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 10F TRANSCRIPTION ELONATION FACTOR SPTS, [MASS=320170] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 3 OF DIAR REPAIR PROTEIN ROFORM 1 VARIANT A [MASS=320170] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 3 OF DIAR REPAIR PROTEIN PROSEIN 4 [MASS=318432] Homo sapiens (Human) CORTICOSTEROID-BINDING GLOBULIN PREOURSOR, [MASS=31843] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 3 OF DIAR REPAIR PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE PP1-CAMMA CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. [MASS=36086] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN 2 ISOFORM 4 [MASS=1640] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN 2 ISOFORM 4 [MASS=3608] Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN 2 ISOFORM 5 (MASS=3608) Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN 2 SOFORM ROFEIN 1 (MASS=31569) Homo sapiens (Human) SOFORM 1 OF REPASE—ACTIVATING ROTEIN 1 (MASS=31569) Homo sapiens (Human) LEUCHRELATED PROTEIN 2 SOFORM PROTEIN 1 (MASS=31589) Homo sapiens (Human) LEUCHRELATED PROTEIN 2 SOFORM PASS=116403 Homo sapiens (Human) LEUCHRELATED PROTEIN 1 (MASS=31589) Homo sapiens (Human) LEUCHRELATED PROTEIN PASKE—ACTIVATING TARVAR HOMOLOG 1 (MASS=31589) Homo sapiens (Human) LEUCHRE LATED PROTEIN PASKE—ACTIVATING TARVAR HOMOLOG 1 (MASS=31589)
, m m	4 4	Homo sapiens (Human) WD REPEAT PROTEIN 61. [MASS=33581
က	w 4	Homo sapiens (Human) TRIPARTITE MOTIF-CONTAINING PROTEIN 2. [MASS=81530 Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DDX19B, IMASS=53927

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) SORTING NEXIN 1 ISOFORM C. IMASS=53304	Homo sapiens (Human) HISTONE ACETYLTRANSFERASE TYPE B CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. [MASS=49513	Homo sapiens (Human) SWI/SNF-RELATED MATRIX-ASSOCIATED ACTIN-DEPENDENT REGULATOR OF CHROMATIN SUBFAMILY A MEMBER 5. [MASS=121905	Homo sapiens (Human) HEAT SHOCK 70 KDA PROTEIN 4L. [MASS=94486	Homo sapiens (Human) AFLATOXIN B1 ALDEHYDE REDUCTASE MEMBER 2. [MASS=39589	Homo sapiens (Human) D-DOPACHROME DECARBOXYLASE. [MASS=12581	Homo sapiens (Human) THIMET OLIGOPEPTIDASE. [MASS=78709	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L38. [MASS=8087	Homo sapiens (Human) ALDEHYDE DEHYDROGENASE 16 FAMILY, MEMBER A1. [MASS=85127	Homo sapiens (Human) CYTOCHROME B5 REDUCTASE ISOFORM 1. [MASS=34235	Homo sapiens (Human) NETRIN RECEPTOR DCC PRECURSOR. [MASS=158457	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOPENTENYL-DIPHOSPHATE DELTA ISOMERASE. [MASS=32485	Homo sapiens (Human) PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL TRANSFER PROTEIN, BETA. [MASS=31540	Homo sapiens (Human) HIGH MOBILITY GROUP PROTEIN B2. [MASS=23903	Homo sapiens (Human) TUMOR PROTEIN, TRANSLATIONALLY-CONTROLLED 1. [MASS=21526	Homo sapiens (Human) BLEOMYCIN HYDROLASE. [MASS=52562	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-ENOLASE, LUNG SPECIFIC. [MASS=49477	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L12. [MASS=17819	Homo sapiens (Human) CELL DIVISION CYCLE 5-LIKE PROTEIN. [MASS=92251	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL-TERMINAL HYDROLASE 47. [MASS=147180	Homo sapiens (Human) COMPLEMENT C5 PRECURSOR. [MASS=188331	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF CYTOPLASMIC LINKER PROTEIN 2. [MASS=115837	Homo sapiens (Human) THIOREDOXIN REDUCTASE 1, CYTOPLASMIC PRECURSOR. [MASS=54707	Homo sapiens (Human) HISTONE H1X. [MASS≈22487	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM GTBP-N OF DNA MISMATCH REPAIR PROTEIN MSH6. [MASS=152786	Homo sapiens (Human) BILIVERDIN REDUCTASE A PRECURSOR. [MASS=33428	Homo sapiens (Human) LAMINA-ASSOCIATED POLYPEPTIDE 2 ISOFORM ALPHA. [MASS=75361	Homo sapiens (Human) SYNAPTIC VESICLE MEMBRANE PROTEIN VAT-1 HOMOLOG. [MASS=41920	Homo saniens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAI PROTEIN I & IMASS=27803
Total number of peptides	3	3	က	3	4	4	3	က	ဗ	က	က	4	4	ဗ	2	3	6	4	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	3
Number of unique peptides from protein	3	ဗ	ဧ	ဗ	က	က	က	က	ဗ	က	က	က	ဇ	ဗ	3	3	ဗ	က	3		3	ဗ	အ	ဗ	က	က	က	3	3

Number of unique peptides from protein 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Total number of peptides 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Protein matches for CS19 human CSF Homo sapiens (Human) PHYTANOYL-COA HYDROXYLASE INTERACTING PROTEIN-LIKE. [MASS=42486] Homo sapiens (Human) HIGH-MOBILITY GROUP BOX 1. [MASS=82535] Homo sapiens (Human) HIGH-MOBILITY GROUP BOX 1. [MASS=42911] Homo sapiens (Human) PSELENIDE, WATER DIKINASE 1. [MASS=42911] Homo sapiens (Human) PROTHEIN BORD BOX 1. [MASS=42911] Homo sapiens (Human) PROTHEIN BOX BOX 1. [MASS=42911] Homo sapiens (Human) BOS RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN IN MASS=24700] Homo sapiens (Human) BOS RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN LIOA. [MASS=4109003] Homo sapiens (Human) CALPAIN-1 CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. [MASS=81890] Homo sapiens (Human) DEVELOPMENTALIY-REGULATED PROTEIN-LIKE 4. [MASS=40542] Homo sapiens (Human) DEVELOPMENTALIY-REGULATED GTP-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=8012] Homo sapiens (Human) DEVELOPMENTALIY-REGULATED GTP-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=9012] Homo sapiens (Human) DEVELOPMENTALIY-REGULATED GTP-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=90255] Homo sapiens (Human) AGN SIBOSOMAL PROTEIN 2. [MASS=9111] Homo sapiens (Human) DALSNITEIN 1. SOFORM 2. [MASS=9111] Homo sapiens (Human) DALSNITEIN 1. ISOFORM 2. [MASS=9141]
m m	m m	Homo sapiens (Human) CENTROSOMAL PROTEIN 170KDA ISOFORM ALPHA. [MASS=175436 Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF 26S PROTEASE REGILI ATORY SUBLINIT OR IMASS=47368
m m	w 4	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF 26S PROTEASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 6B. [MASS=47366 Homo sapiens (Human) U1 SMALL NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A. [MASS=31148
e	4 "	Home sapiens (Human) PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS-TRANS ISOMERASE A. [MASS=17881
3	3 0	Homo sapiens (Human) PEROXISOWAL MOLTIFUNCTIONAL ENZYME TYPE Z. [MASS=79555 Homo sapiens (Human) RAS-RELATED PROTEIN RAB-5C. [MASS=23483
3	3	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S8. [MASS=24074
က	9	Homo sapiens (Human) PERIPHERIN. [MASS=53878
3	ဗ	Homo sapiens (Human) NUCLEOSIDE DIPHOSPHATE KINASE B. [MASS=17298
က	2	Homo sapiens (Human) SEC31L1 PROTEIN. [MASS=121651

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S16. [MASS=16314	Homo sapiens (Human) UROPORPHYRINOGEN DECARBOXYLASE, IMASS=40787	Homo sapiens (Human) 114 KDA PROTEIN. [MASS=113977	Homo sapiens (Human) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(V) CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=183560	Homo sapiens (Human) CYTOPLASMIC DYNEIN 1 LIGHT INTERMEDIATE CHAIN 2. [MASS=54099	Homo sapiens (Human) CYTOSOLIC AMINOPEPTIDASE P. [MASS=74798	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF SPLICING FACTOR 1. [MASS=68502	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO BASIC LEUCINE ZIPPER AND W2 DOMAINS 1. [MASS=34090	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF URIDINE 5'-MONOPHOSPHATE SYNTHASE. [MASS=52222	Homo sapiens (Human) DEAD BOX POLYPEPTIDE 42 PROTEIN. [MASS=102975	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM C OF NEURAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE 1, 120 KDA ISOFORM PRECURSOR. [MASS=83985]	Homo sapiens (Human) COLD-INDUCIBLE RNA-BINDING PROTEIN. [MASS=18648	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L18. [MASS=21503	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF JMJC DOMAIN-CONTAINING HISTONE DEMETHYLATION PROTEIN 2B. [MASS=191611	Homo sapiens (Human) RCC1 PROTEIN. [MASS=48146	Homo sapiens (Human) LEUCINE-RICH REPEAT-CONTAINING PROTEIN 47. [MASS=63473	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 1 OF RNA-BINDING PROTEIN NOVA-1. [MASS=52056	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S10. [MASS=18898	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR U2AF 65 KDA SUBUNIT, [MASS=53501	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM SHORT OF PROTEASOME SUBUNIT ALPHA TYPE 1. [MASS=29556	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-1-ACID GLYCOPROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=23603	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S23. [MASS=15676	Homo sapiens (Human) DOLICHYL-DIPHOSPHOOLIGOSACCHARIDEPROTEIN GLYCOSYLTRANSFERASE 67 KDA SUBUNIT PRECURSOR. [MASS=72778	Homo sapiens (Human) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOC387104. [MASS=103199	Homo sapiens (Human) PROTEIN TRANSPORT PROTEIN SEC24C. [MASS=118315	Homo sapiens (Human) THIOREDOXIN. [MASS=11606	Homo sapiens (Human) CYTOSOLIC PURINE 5'-NUCLEOTIDASE, IMASS=64970
Total number of peptides	3	3	ဗ	4	က	3	က	က	က	က	4	က	4	က	က	က	က	9	က	ဗ	က	4	က	3	3	4	3
Number of unique peptides from protein	က	က	က	ဗ	က	က	က	၁	က	က	ю	3	ဗ	т	က	ဗ	က	3	က	က	က	က	ဧ	က	3	က	3

Protein matches for CS19 human CSF	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S3A ISOFORM 1. [MASS=24821	Homo sapiens (Human) ACIDIC LEUCINE-RICH NUCLEAR PHOSPHOPROTEIN 32 FAMILY MEMBER A. [MASS=28585	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S25. [MASS=13742	Homo sapiens (Human) ADP-RIBOSYLATION FACTOR-LIKE PROTEIN 3. [MASS=20456	Homo sapiens (Human) CYSTATIN B. [MASS=11140	Homo sapiens (Human) PHOSPHOGLUCOMUTASE-2-LIKE 1. [MASS=70456	Homo sapiens (Human) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S9. [MASS=22460	Homo sapiens (Human) ANKYRIN REPEAT AND FYVE DOMAIN CONTAINING 1 ISOFORM 1. [MASS=128486	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM LONG OF COLD SHOCK DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN E1. [MASS=88885	Homo sapiens (Human) DEAD (ASP-GLU-ALA-ASP) BOX POLYPEPTIDE 39, ISOFORM 2, [MASS=35095	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L23A [MASS=17695	Homo sapiens (Human) ALPHA-INTERNEXIN. [MASS=55391	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 3 OF ANAMORSIN. [MASS=32213	Homo sapiens (Human) SPLICING FACTOR, ARGININE/SERINE-RICH 4. [MASS=56678	Homo sapiens (Human) DEBRANCHING ENZYME HOMOLOG 1. [MASS=61555	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM 2 OF PROTEASOME SUBUNIT ALPHA TYPE 3. [MASS=27516	Homo sapiens (Human) MICROSOMAL TRIGLYCERIDE TRANSFER PROTEIN LARGE SUBUNIT PRECURSOR. [MASS=99351	Homo sapiens (Human) ISOFORM B OF NEURONAL-SPECIFIC SEPTIN-3. [MASS=40100	Homo sapiens (Human) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L28. [MASS=15616	Homo sapiens (Human) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN K ISOFORM A ISOFORM A ISOFORM 2. IMASS=24258
Total number of peptides	9	4	3	3	4	3	3	က	အ	က	က	4	က	3	က	3	က	4	4	9
Number of unique peptides from protein	အ	3	3	က	ဗ	3	က	ဗ	က	ဗ	က	က	က	ဗ	က	3	က	3	က	က

PATENT ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 01948/144WO2 Characterization of the rat embryonic proteome

5

10

15

20

CSF was collected from the lateral ventricle of E12.5, E14.5, and E17.5 rat embryos and from the fourth ventricle of E14.5 rat embryos. CSF from two litters (approximately 20-24 rat embryos) was pooled for each time point and was separated by 1-D SDS-PAGE and the proteins were visualized with Coomassie blue stain. Figure 1C shows the Coomassie stained protein pattern of CSF collected from all three time-points. Mass spectrometry analysis of the rat CSF was performed separately for E12.5, E14.5, E17.5 lateral ventricle, and E14.5 fourth ventricle and presented as Supplementary information table 4. There were 423 proteins identified in E12.5 LV CSF, 318 proteins in E14.5 LV, 249 proteins in E14.5 4th V, and 382 proteins in E17.5 LV. There are 137 proteins common to E12.5, E14.5, and E17.5 rat CSF samples that are presented in Table 3, which includes the name of the protein, its molecular weight, subcellular localization, function, tissue specificity. Also included are relevant notes about each protein. Interestingly, there are 61 proteins identified in E12.5 LV, E14.5 LV, and E17.5 LV that were not identified in E14.5 4thV and only 5 proteins identified in E12.5 LV, E14.5 4thV, and E17.5 LV that were not identified in E14.5 LV. This does not appear to be simply due to an overall reduction in E14.5 4thV protein concentration as similar numbers of peptides were identified for the proteins found in common with LV CSF samples. Instead, the difference suggests potential differences in the protein composition of CSF between the lateral and fourth ventricles, though further studies would be needed to confirm this and to assess its significance.

Table 3. Common proteins from mass spectrometry analysis of embryonic rat CSF isolated from E12.5 LV, E14.5 LV and 4th V, and E17.5 LV. The number of nentides is listed from E14.5 4th V.

LV al	10 4	V and 4 V, and E1/.5 LV.	.3 LV. Ine number of peptides is listed from E14.5 4 V.	IS IISTE	ed from E1	4.5 4 V.		
# of unique peptides from protein	Total # of peptides	Accession Number	Name of Protein	MW	Subcellular location	Function	Tissue specificity	Notes
120	617	Q7TMA5	AA1064 - apolipoprotein B	536024	Secreted	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Plasma	Apo B-100 functions as a recognition signal for the cellular binding and internalization of LDL particles by the apoB/E receptor
99	382	Q4G047	Apolipoprotein B - fragment	165356	Secreted	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Plasma	Fragment molecule
37	135	P04937	SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRONECTIN PRECURSOR	272511	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Cell adhesion mediated signaling	Plasma fibronectin made by liver and cellular fibronectin made by fibroblasts, epithelial and other cell types is deposited in the extracellular matrix	Integrin signaling pathway
34	365	P02773	SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN PRECURSOR	68386	Secreted	Transport/Transfer-Carrier	Plasma	Binds copper, nickel, and fatty acids as well as, and bilirubin less well than, serum albumin.
31	120	P02651	APOLIPOPROTEIN A-IV PRECURSOR	44456	Secreted	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Plasma	May have a role in chylomicrons and VLDL secretion and catabolism. Apoa-IV is a major component of HDL and chylomicrons.
58	53	P06238	ALPHA-2-MACROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR	163701	Secreted	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Plasma	Plays role in acute phase response

	1					,
Notes	Metal ion binding oxidoreductase activity ion transport	Belongs to the alpha-2- macroglobulin family involved in inflammtory response	Iron ion homeostasis, iron ion transport	May play a role in the initial growth and guidance of axons. Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily.	Participates in the reverse transport of cholesterol from tissues to the liver for excretion by promoting cholesterol efflux from tissues and by acting as a cofactor for the lecithin cholesterol acyltransferase (LCAT).	The main protein of plasma, has a good binding capacity for water, Ca(2*), Na(+), K(+), fatty acids, hormones, bilirubin and drugs. Its main function is the regulation of the colloidal osmotic pressure of blood.
Tissue specificity	Brain	Plasma	Plasma	In neural tissues in embryos, and in adult brain, spinal cord and cerebellum.	Major protein of plasma HDL, also found in chylomicrons.	Plasma.
Function	Transport, Transfer/Carrier, Oxidoreductase	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Transport, Transfer/Carrier	Cell Adhesion - Neurogenesis	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Transport, Transfer/Carrier
Subcellular location	123749 Cell Membrane	Secreted	Secreted	113043 Cell Membrane	Secreted	Secreted
MW	123749	163773	107448	113043	30088	68719
Name of Protein	GPI-ANCHORED CERULOPLASMIN	ALPHA-1-INHIBITOR 3 PRECURSOR	BA1-667 - Transferrin	CONTACTIN-2 PRECURSOR	APOLIPOPROTEIN A-I PRECURSOR	SERUM ALBUMIN PRECURSOR
Accession	Q9JL97	P14046	Q7TP24	P22063	P04639	P02770
Total # of peptides	26	35	96	30	79	26
# of unique peptides from from protein	21	21	20	19	82	8

							,				
Notes	Found in basement membranes often associated with laminin.	Blood coagulation. The primary target is elastase, but also has a moderate affinity for plasmin and thrombin.	Hydrolase, Peptidase	Cell - Cell interactions and juntions	Blood coagulation	Component of the basal lamina that binds to laminin.	Integral component of basement membranes	Involved in acute phase response	Actin binding protein, may be involved in myelination	Belongs to the serpin family	Plays a central role in the activation of the complement system.
Tissue specificity	Wide distribution	Plasma	Plasma	Endothelial tissues and brain	Plasma	Embryonic nervous system and muscle	Widely distrubuted	Plasma	Ubiquitous	Plasma	Plasma
Function	Cell - extracellular matrix adhesion	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Serine Protease - Complement Mediated Immunity	Cell Adhesion	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Cell adhesion mediated signaling	Cell adhesion mediated signaling	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Cell structure	Protease inhibitor with a wide spectrum of protein targets	Complement mediated immunity
Subcellular location	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Secreted	Cell junction, cell membrane	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Secreted and Cytoplasm	Secreted	Secreted
MW	138365	46136	124379	135230	46465	208646	377284	103755	86286	52234	186460
Name of Protein	PREDICTED: NIDOGEN	ALPHA-1-ANTIPROTEINASE PRECURSOR	DA1-24 - Complement Factor B	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CADHERIN-5	ALPHA-2 ANTIPLASMIN	SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF AGRIN PRECURSOR	GeneID:313641 PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPARAN SULFATE 377284	INTER-ALPHA-INHIBITOR H4 HEAVY CHAIN	GELSOLIN	SERINE/CYSTEINE PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE C, MEMBER 1	COMPLEMENT C3 PRECURSOR
Accession Number	P08460	P17475	Q7TP05	GeneID:307618	Q80ZA3	P25304	GeneID:313641	035802	Q68FP1	Q5M7T5	P01026
Total # of peptides	33	34	17	23	20	. 18	25	9	14	15	22
# of unique peptides from protein	18	15	15	14	13	13	13	13	12	12	12

		Y							
Notes	Mediates the binding, internalization, and catabolism of lipoprotein particles	May play a role in neurite outgrowth.	Netrin receptor activity, transcription coactivator activity, axon guidance, and apoptosis	Involved in the regulation of classical component pathway	Major transport protein for glucocorticoids and progestins in the blood	Is thought to mediate the attachment, migration and organization of cells into tissues during embryonic development by interacting with other extracellular matrix components.	Promotes translocation of protein chain from A site to P site on ribosome	Monomers polymerize into fibrin and acts as a cofactor in platelet aggregation	May be involved in neuronal tissue recognition
Tissue specificity	Plasma	Widely distrubuted	During development expressed highly in brain and neural tube	Plasma	Expressed by the liver; secreted in plasma.	Widely distributed in basement membranes	Ubiquitous	Plasma	Testis and neurons
Function	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Cell Membrane signaling, cell structure and motility	Ligand mediated signaling, cell adhesion	Protease inhibitor	Transpost and Serine Protease Inhibitor	Extracellular matrix linker protein-mediated signaling	Protein biosynthesis - Translational elongation factor	Blood clotting	Cell adhesion
Subcellular	Secreted	Cell Membrane	Membrane - Intracellular	Secreted	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Cytoplasm - Intracellular	Secreted	Cell Membrane
MW	35753	181130	158142	55611	44672	228429	95153	86686	98966
Name of Protein	APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR	LAR RECEPTOR-LINKED TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE	DELETED IN COLORECTAL CANCER	SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE G, MEMBER 1	CORTICOSTEROID-BINDING GLOBULIN PRECURSOR	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ B1	ELONGATION FACTOR 2	SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRINOGEN ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR	NEURAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR
Accession	P02650	Q62917	Q63155	NM_199093	P31211	GeneID:298941	P05197	P06399	Q9Z1Y3
Total # of peptides	24	14	12	12	17	12	11	14	21
# of unique peptides from protein	12	11		=	Ξ	=	1	11	10

Notes	Incorporated into fibronectin-containing matrix fibers. May play a role in cell adhesion and migration along protein fibers within the extracellular matrix (ECM). Could be important for certain developmental processes and contribute to the supramolecular organization of ECM architecture, in particular to those of basement membranes.	Hydrolytically removes 5'- nucleotides successively from the 3'-hydroxy termini of 3'-hydroxy- terminated oligonucleotides	Component of connective tissue
Tissue specificity	Detected in most organs (brain, heart, lung, spleen, liver and kidney). Neurons are the predominant source of production in the brain. Not expressed significantly by astrocytes or microglia.	Abundantly expressed in cerebrum and cerebellum. Localized in secretory epithelial cells in the brain and the eye including choroid plexus epithelial cells, iris pigment epithelial cells, and retinal pigment cells.	Forms the fibrils of tendon, ligaments and bones
Function	Cell adhesion mediated signaling	Hydrolase	Cell adhesion - Cell structure
Subcellular location	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Метргале	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix
MW	78072	101310	137886
Name of Protein	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FIBULIN-1 PRECURSOR	ECTONUCLEOTIDE PYROPHOSPHATASE/PHOSPHODIESTERASE 2 101310	COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(!) CHAIN PRECURSOR 137886
Accession	GeneID:315191	Q64610	P02454
Total # of peptides	22	=	21
# of unique peptides from protein	10	0	10

Notes	Binds to laminin	Thyroid hormone-binding protein. Probably transports thyroxine from the bloodstream to the brain	Participates in intracellular degradation and tumover of proteins. Has been implicated in tumor invasion and metastasis	Invovled in acute phase inflammatory response	Major coagulation factor	Associates non- covalently with beta-2- microglobulin, antigen binding		May function as a ferroxidase for ferrous (II) to ferric ion (III) conversion and in copper transport and homeostasis
Tissue specificity	Widely distributed	Most abundant in the choroid plexus. Also present in the liver	Widely distributed	Serum	Plasma	Plasma	Ubiquitous	Expressed highly in intestine, lung and brain
Function	Cell adhesion mediated signaling	Hormone transport	Cysteine protease	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Cell adhesion - Blood clotting	B-cell and antibody- mediated immunity	Molecular chaperone, protein folding, stress response	Oxidase
Subcellular location	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Lysosome	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Cell Membrane	Cytoplasm	Membrane
MW	38279	15720	37470	165326	308474	50949	84815	129593
Name of Protein	LUMICAN PRECURSOR	TRANSTHYRETIN PRECURSOR	CATHEPSIN B PRECURSOR	ALPHA(1)-INHIBITOR 3, VARIANT I PRECURSOR	PREDICTED: VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR	LOC367586 PROTEIN - Immunoglobulin Gamma heavy Chain	HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 86	HEPHAESTIN PRECURSOR
Accession Number	P51886	P02767	P00787	Q03626	GeneID:116669	CSM7V3	Q91XW0	Q920H8
Total # of peptides	21	51	13	13	11	18	10	80
# of unique peptides from from protein	10	O	6	6	6	6	8	ω

Notes	Widely distributed, highly Component of connective expressed in tocolon and blood vessels	Plays a role in layering of neurons in the cerebral cortex and cerebellum. Regulates microtubule function in neurons and neuronal migration. Affects migration of sympathetic preganglionic neurons in the spinal cord, where it seems to act as a barrier to neuronal migration	Plasmin dissolves the fibrin of blood clots and acts as a proteolytic factor in a variety of other processes including embryonic development, tissue remodeling, tumor invasion, and inflammation	Involved in oxygen transport from the lung to the various peripheral tissues	Bradykinin is released from kininogen by plasma kallikrein	Monomers polymerize into fibrin and also acts as a cofactor in platelet aggregation
Tissue specificity	Widely distributed, highly expressed in colon and blood vessels	Brain	Plasma	Blood	Plasma	Plasma
Function	Cell adhesion - Cell structure	Serine protease	Protease	Oxygen Transport, Transfer - Carrier Protein	Cysteine protease inhibitor	Blood clotting
Subcellular location	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Secreted	Secreted	Secreted
MW	138936	387531	90536	16105	70933	50633
Name of Protein	COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(III) CHAIN PRECURSOR	SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF REELIN PRECURSOR	PLASMINOGEN PRECURSOR	EPSILON 1 GLOBIN	SPLICE ISOFORM HMW OF KININOGEN-1 PRECURSOR	SPLICE ISOFORM GAMMA-B OF FIBRINOGEN GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR
Accession	P13941	P58751	Q01177	088752	P08934	P02680
Total # of peptides	13	თ	50	12	13	6
# of unique peptides from protein	ω	œ	ω	œ	∞	&

Notes	Also known as Kidney cadherin	Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules	Helps regulate volume and mineral balance of body fluids	Function unknown, believed to bind calcium and play a role in brain development	May be involved as a regulatory protein in the transition of undifferentiated Unidely expressed proliferating cells to their differentiated state. Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily.	Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic cells.	Links tRNA to ribosome during protein synthesis
Tissue specificity	Highly expressed in kidney and brain	Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels in spleen, thymus and immature brain	Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma	Expressed in many types of neurons in the brain	Widely expressed	Muscle	Ubiquitous
Function	Cell adhesion	Cell structure, cell mobility, intracellular protein traffic	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Matrix glycoprotein Sc1	Cell adhesion	Cell structure, cell motility	Protein biosynthesis, translation regulation
Subcellular location	Cell Membrane	Intracellular	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Membrane	Cytoplasm	Cytoplasm
MW	88341	49671	51982	70634	156144	42051	50114
Name of Protein	CADHERIN-6 PRECURSOR	TUBULIN BETA-5 CHAIN	ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR	SPARC-LIKE PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR	156 KDA PROTEIN - Neogenin precursor	ACTIN, ALPHA SKELETAL MUSCLE	ELONGATION FACTOR 1-ALPHA 1
Accession	P55280	P69897	P01015	P24054	P97603	P68136	P62630
Total # of peptides	6	6	80	8	2	6	6
# of unique peptides from protein	∞	7	7	7	2	2	2

Notes	Necessary for the fragmentation of Golgi stacks during mitosis and for their reassembly after mitosis. Involved in the formation of the transitional endoplasmic reticulum (tER).	Involved in skeletal development	Involved in N- glycosylation	Involved in the initial immune cell clustering during inflammatory response and may regulate chemotactic activity of chemokines. Has a critical role in normal myelination in the central nervous system, and enhancing cell survival against oxidative stress.	Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules.	Ankyrin-binding protein involved in neuron-neuron adhesion. May play a role in the molecular assembly of the nodes of Ranvier
Tissue specificity	Ubiquitous	Forms the fibrils of tendon, ligaments and bones	All tissues, mostly in adrenal and thymus	Widely distributed, highly expressed in colon and brain	Widely distributed	Widely distributed, highly expressed in brain
Function	Protein targeting and localization, intracellular protein traffic	Cell adhesion - Cell structure	Glycosidase	Cell adhesion - Immune defense	Cell structure, cell mobility, chromosome segregation, intracellular protein traffic	Cell adhesion
Subcellular location	Intracellular	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Golgi apparatus - Intracellular	163296 Cell membrane	Intracellular	133912 Cell membrane
WW	89534	129564	131242	163296	50136	133912
Name of Protein	TRANSITIONAL ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM ATPASE	COLLAGEN ALPHA-2(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR	ALPHA-MANNOSIDASE 2	SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ATTRACTIN PRECURSOR	TUBULIN ALPHA-1 CHAIN	SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF NEURONAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE PRECURSOR
Accession	P46462	P02466	P28494	Q99J86	P68370	P97686
Total # of peptides	7	-	7	თ	თ	ω
# of unique peptides from protein	7	7	7	2	9	ဖ

Notes	Involved in oxygen transport from the lung to the various peripheral tissues	Neural activity-regulated cadherin may be involved in long term potentiation	Negative regulation of cell adhesion	Delivers retinol from the liver stores to the peripheral fissues. In plasma, the RBP-retinol complex interacts with transthyretin, this prevents its loss by filtration through the kidney glomeruli.	May modulate calcium- mediated postsynaptic signals	Sulfated glycoprotein widely distributed in basement membranes and tightly associated with laminin. Also binds to collagen IV and perfecan. It probably has a role in cell-extracellust matrix interactions
Tissue specificity	Blood	Brain	Widely distrubuted	Plasma	Widely distributed	Widely distributed in basement membranes
Function	Oxygen Transport, Transfer - Carrier Protein	Cell adhesion	Cell adhesion	Vitamin/Co-factor transport - retinol binding, transporter activity	Cell adhesion	Cell adhesion, Cell - extracellular matrix interaction
Subcellular location	Secreted	103800 Cell Membrane	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	109351 Cell Membrane	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix, basement membrane
MW	15285	103800	62473	23220	109351	173960
Name of Protein	ALPHA-2-GLOBIN CHAIN	ARCADLIN	TENASCIN (FRAGMENT)	PREDICTED: RETINOL BINDING PROTEIN 4, PLASMA	PREDICTED: CALSYNTENIN 1	PREDICTED: NIDOGEN 2
Accession Number	Q91V15	Q9WVR2	Q62657	P04916	GeneID:313717	GeneID:302248
Total # of peptides	ω	9	6	5	10	œ
# of unique peptides from protein	9	9	ထ	ဖ	ဖ	φ

Notes	ATP + pyruvate = ADP + phosphoenolpyruvate	Plays a role in blood clotting and regulation of vasoconstriction and dilation	Widely distributed Involved in mesenchymal tissue formation	Highly homologous to endoplasmin precursor	Acts as a scavenger receptor for acetylated low density lipoprotein. Binds to both Grampositive and Grampagative bacteria and may play a role in defense against bacterial infection. When inhibited in endothellat tube formation assays, there is a marked decrease in cell-cell interactions, suggesting a role in angiogenesis	Belongs to the peptidase S1 family	Inhibits insulin receptor tyrosine kinase activity,
Tissue specificity	Widely distributed	Plasma	Widely distributed	Widely distributed	High levels found in human spleen, lymph node, liver and placenta	Plasma	Liver
Function	Carbohydrate degradation, Widely distributed phosphoenolpyruvate = ADP + gycolysis	Cysteine protease inhibitor	Cell adhesion	Molecular chaperone, protein folding, stress response	Extracellular matrix structural protein, extracellular matrix protein- mediated signaling	Serine protease, complement-mediated immunity	Cysteine protease inhibitor
Subcellular location	Intracellular	Secreted	Cell Membrane	Cytoplasm	Membrane	Secreted	Secreted
MW	57731	47618	88036	74208	288663	83699	43169
Name of Protein	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PYRUVATE KINASE (EC 2.7.1.40) ISOZYME M2 - RAT	T-KININOGEN	PREDICTED: CADHERIN 11	PREDICTED: TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN GP96	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO STABILIN-1	COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 2	FETUB PROTEIN
Accession Number	P11980	Q63581	GeneID:84407	ОСЕНБО	GeneID.290559	Q6MG73	Q6IRS6
Total # of peptides	7	7	10	9	∞	7	6
# of unique peptides from protein	ဖ	ဖ	9	9	ω	9	9

Subcellular Function Tocation Intracellular Cell structure Secreted Serine Protease Inhibitor Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular space, extracellular matrix, space, extracellular complement-mediated immunity Secreted immunity Cell structure, cell mobility, chromosome segregation, intracellular protein traffic intracellular chromosome segregation, intracellular protein traffic protein Secreted space, Secreted intracellular protein traffic intracellular protein protein									
Subcellular Function Intracellular Cell structure Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix Secreted Complement-mediated immunity Cell structure, cell mobility, chromosome segregation, intracellular protein traffic intracellular protein traffic secreted protein protein protein protein protein protein protein	Involved in phospholipid transfer in the serum.	May contribute to disulfide bond formation in a variety of secreted proteins	Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules	Inflammatory response	Component of connective tissue	Belongs to the serpin family	Ubiquitin activating enzyme activity	At high concentrations, profilin prevents the polymerization of actin, whereas it enhances it at low concentrations	
Subcellular location location Secreted Intracellular Secreted Intracellular Isoform 1: Membrane; Isoform 2: Secreted protein protein	brain and kidney Plasma	Widely distributed, expressed in heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, pancreas and very weakly in brain and kidney	Ubiquitous	Plasma	Ubiquitous	Plasma	Ubiquitous	Ubiquitous	Tissue specificity
	Lipid and fatty acid transport	Oxidase	Cell structure, cell mobility, chromosome segregation, intracellular protein traffic	Complement-mediated immunity	Extracellular matrix. Structural protein	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Proteolysis	Cell structure	Function
4432, Similar 117788 3.2.19) E1 14826 3.2.19) E1 117788 3.2.19) E1 11788 3.2.19) E1 11788	Secreted	Isoform 1: Membrane; Isoform 2: Secreted protein	Intracellular	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Secreted	Intracellular	Intracellular	Subcellular location
4432, Similar 3.2.19) E1 3.2.19) E1 3, CLADE F, CLADE F, CLADE F, NA	65430	82412	50059	192163	184610	54893		14826	MM
Name of Protein PROFILIN-1 HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOG3 to ubiguitin-protein ligase (EC 6 SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOF MEMBER 2 COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(V) CHAIN F COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(V) CHAIN F COMPLEMENT C4 PRECU TUBULIN BETA CHAIN QUIESCIN Q6	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PHOSPHOLIPID TRANSFER PROTEIN	QUIESCIN Q6	HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN RGD1305887- TUBULIN BETA CHAIN	COMPLEMENT C4 PRECURSOR	COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(V) CHAIN PRECURSOR 184610	SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE F, MEMBER 2	HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOC314432, Similar to ubiquitin-protein ligase (EC 6.3.2.19) E1	PROFILIN-1	Name of Protein
Accession Number P62963 Q5U300 Q68FT8 Q9JI03 Q9JI03	GeneID:296371	Q6IUU3	GeneID:307351	P08649	Q9JI03	Q68FT8	Q5U300	P62963	
Total # of peptides 6 6 6 7 7 5 5 8 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	9	ဖ	7	လ	ω	12	2	ဖ	
# of unique peptides from protein 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5	ro	ιC	2	ĸ	52	3	£,	# of unique peptides from protein

Notes	Also known as PREGNANCY ZONE PROTEIN	Unknown	Destroys radicals which are normally produced within the cells and which are toxic to biological systems.	Involved in immunity and defense	Widely distributed Regulation of growth and neurogenesis	Basement membrane	Calcium mediated signaling involved in cell proliferation and differentiation	May be involved in membrane traffic. Has been localized to extracellular membrane bound particles in the CSF.	Involved in oxygen transport from the lung to the various peripheral tissues
Tissue specificity	Plasma	Unknown	Widely distributed	Widely distributed, highly expressed in eye, vascular tissue, kidney and brain	Widely distributed	Ubiquitous	Widely expressed with highest levels in kidney and liver	Hematopoeitc stem cells, retina, placenta, lung brain	Blood
Function	Serine protease inhibitor	Receptor protein-tyrosine kinase	Oxidoreductase - Immunity Widely distributed within the cells and which and Defense systems.	Isomerase, Protein folding, Nuclear transport	Cell communication, Cell adhesion, Cell structure	Extracellular matrix protein- mediated signaling	Nucleotide phosphatase	Cellular component, integral stem cells, retina to membrane placenta, lung brain	Oxygen Transport, Transfer - Carrier Protein
Subcellular location	Secreted	125210 Cell Membrane	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	Cytoplasm	Secreted	Membrane	Endoplasmic reticulum		Secreted
MW	167125	125210	26620	23009	91334	96706	54619	96632	16540
Name of Protein	ALPHA-1-MACROGLOBULIN	PREDICTED: TYROSINE KINASE RECEPTOR 1	EXTRACELLULAR SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE [CU-ZN] PRECURSOR	PEPTIDYLPROLYL ISOMERASE C	PROTEIN KINASE C-BINDING PROTEIN NELL2	PREDICTED: DYSTROGLYCAN 1	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPATIC MULTIPLE INOSITOL POLYPHOSPHATE PHOSPHATASE	PROMININ-1S1 SPLICE VARIANT	EPSILON 3 GLOBIN
Accession	Q63041	GeneID:21846	Q08420	Q6AYQ9	Q62918	GeneID:114489	035217	Q91XN5	088754
Total # of peptides	5	5	26	=======================================	9	7	4	4	ъ
# of unique peptides from protein	ĸ	5	ĸ	ī.	5	4	4	4	4

Notes	Regulation of programmed cell death	May be involved in the establishment and maintenance of specific neuronal connections in the brain	May be involved in axon regeneration and physiological response to wounding	May play a role during spermatogenesis	Also known as Neurotensin receptor 3	Heat shock 70 kDa protein 4	Soluble receptor found in Widely distributed serum, amniotic fluid and urine.	Regulation of complement activation	Negative regulation of cell adhesion. Ligand for integrin receptors.
Tissue specificity	Widely distributed with high expression in brain and muscle	Expressed in brain	Widely distributed	Widely distributed, highly expressed in pineal gland	Highly expressed in fat, brain, and lung	Widely distributed	Widely distributed	Plasma	Widely distrubuted
Function	Cysteine protease inhibitor	Cell adhesion	Extracellular matrix protein- mediated signaling, cell adhesion, cell motility	Cell adhesion	Functions as a sorting receptor, endocytosis, general intracellular vesicle transport	Heat shock, protein folding, Widely distributed stress response	Insulin/IGF signaling pathway	Complement-mediated immunity	Cell adhesion, extracellular matrix glycoprotein- mediated signaling
Subcellular location	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	123552 Cell Membrane	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix	101038 Cell Membrane	Membranes; localized endosomes, golgi, lysosomes and nucleus	Intracellular, Cytoplasm	273608 Cell Membrane	Secreted	Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix
MW	15437	123552	300008	101038	91169	94057	273608	140344	67815
Name of Protein	CYSTATIN C PRECURSOR	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 18 PRECURSOR	SPLICE ISOFORM VO OF VERSICAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT)	PROTOCADHERIN GAMMA SUBFAMILY C, 3	SORTILIN PRECURSOR	ISCHEMIA RESPONSIVE 94 KDA PROTEIN	MANNOSE 6-PHOSPHATE/INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II RECEPTOR	COMPLEMENT INHIBITORY FACTOR H	TENASCIN (FRAGMENT)
Accession Number	P14841	GenelD:295027	Q9ERB4	GeneID:116782	054861	088600	Q63002	Q91YB6	Q62701
Total # of peptides	6	4	2	5	4	4	4	5	9
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Notes	Non-motor actin binding protein	Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general and specialized signaling pathway	Phosphocreatine metabolism that may be necessary for brain development	Antioxidation and free radical removal	Immunity and defense, mRNA transcription regulation	Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic cells.	Binds LDL, the major cholesterol-carrying lipoprotein of plasma, and transports it into cells by endocytosis	Invovled in catalyzing the formation of long chain fatty acids.
Tissue specificity	Unknown	Highly expressed in brain	Brain specific isoform	Widely distributed, highly expressed in bone marrow, heart, brain, kidney and muscle	Unknown	Ubiquitous	Plasma	Ubiquitously expressed
Function	Cell adhesion, cell structure	Chaperone, signal transduction	Kinase, energy modulation	Oxidoreductase, Peroxidase	Membrane-bound signaling molecule?	Cell structure, cell mobility, intracellular protein traffic	Lipid and fatty acid transport and metabolism	Lipid and fatty acid biosynthesis
Subcellular location	Intracellular	Cytoplasm	Cytoplasm	Cytoplasm	Membrane	Cytoplasm	Cell Membrane	Intracellular- cytoplasm
MW	116615	27771	42712	21652	138781	41737	96622	272650
Name of Protein	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO VINCULIN	14-3-3 PROTEIN ZETAVDELTA	CREATINE KINASE B-TYPE	PEROXIREDOXIN-2	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CRB2 PROTEIN	ACTIN, CYTOPLASMIC 1	LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR	EATTY AGID SYNTHASE
Accession	GeneID:311416	P63102	P07335	P35704	GeneID:366031	P60711	P35952	P12785
Total # of peptides	4	က	4	က	т	4	4	က
# of unique peptides from protein	4	м	ю	ო	ю	ო	ო	က

Notes	PPlases accelerate the folding of proteins	Beta-chain of major histocompatibility complex class I molecules	distributed, highly growth factors on cell expressed in vascular tissue and nerve ganglia	Belongs to the serpin family	Nuclear scaffold protein	Ribosomal structural protein	May be involved in the regulation of specific developmental processes in the CNS.	Found in various non- epithelial cells, especially mesenchymal cells	Also negative regulator of ubiquitin ligase complex
Tissue specificity	Widely distributed, highly expressed in nerve ganglia	Expressed on nucleated cells	Widely distributed, highly expressed in vascular tissue and nerve ganglia	Plasma	Widely distributed	Ubiquitous	CNS	Widely distributed, highly expressed in nerve ganglia	Detected in heart, brain, spleen, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and testis
Function	Widely Isomerase, Protein folding, distributed, highly Nuclear transport nerve ganglia	Immune response, Major histocompatibility complex antigen	Select regulatory molecule - Homeostatis	Serine Protease Inhibitor	Transporter activity - RNA Widely distributed binding	Protein biosynthesis	Cell surface receptor mediated signal transduction	Cell structure	Transcriptional Enhancer
Subcellular location	Cytoplasm	Cell Membrane	Secreted	Secreted	Intracellular	Intracellular	164596 Cell Membrane	Intracellular	Nucleus
MW	17743	13720	34622	44671	87748	17951	164596	53602	136362
Name of Protein	PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS-TRANS ISOMERASE A 17743	BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR	FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR	SERINE (OR CYSTEINE) PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE A (ALPHA-1 ANTIPROTEINASE, ANTITRYPSIN), MEMBER 6	SP120 - Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U	RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S27A	SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF RECEPTOR-TYPE TYROSINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE ZETA PRECURSOR	VIMENTIN	CULLIN-ASSOCIATED NEDD8-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 1
Accession Number	P10111	P07151	Q62632	Q5M822	Q63555	Q6PED0	Q62656	P31000	P97536
Total # of peptides	4	4	ဖ	က	9	9	4	3	က
# of unique peptides from protein	ဗ	က	ю	ю	8	ဗ	е	3	ო

Notes	The soluble form inhibits the biological activity of LIF by blocking its binding to receptors on target cells	Involved in the formation of clathrin coated vesicles during vesicle endocytosis	Immunoglobulin family	Required for mRNA binding to ribosome	Binds and carries vitamin D and also prevents actin polymerization	Multifunctional enzyme that plays a part in various processes such as growth control, hypoxia tolerance and allergic responses. May also function in the fibrinolytic system due to fist ability to serve as a receptor and activator of plasminogen on the cell surface of several cell types
Tissue specificity	Secreted form found in plasma. Membrane form highly expressed in placenta, liver, kidney, heart, lung and brain.	Ubiquitously expressed	Lymphoreticular tissue	Ubiquitous	Found in plasma, ascitic fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, and urine and on the surface of many cell types.	Expressed in embryo and in most adult tissues, striated muscle, neurons
Function	Cytokine receptor - Signal transducing molecule	Ligand-mediated signaling, Receptor mediated endocytosis	Immunoglobulin; B-cell and antibody-mediated Immunity	Protein biosynthesis, Translation Initiation factor	Transport	46489 Cytoplasm. Cell Glycolysis and plasminogen activation
Subcellular location	Isoform 1: Cell membrane; Isoform 2: Secreted	Intracellular - vesicle coat	Secreted	Intracellular	Secreted	Cytoplasm. Cell membrane
MW	122394	191599	11601	46489	53544	46489
Name of Protein	LEUKEMIA INHIBITORY FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR	CLATHRIN HEAVY CHAIN	IG KAPPA CHAIN C REGION, B ALLELE	EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4A2	VITAMIN D-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA ENOLASE
Accession Number	070535	P11442	P01835	Q5RKI1	P04276	GeneID:500303
Total # of peptides	ю	က	က	2	ო	m
# of unique peptides from protein	м	က	2	2	7	8

Notes	May play a role in axonal growth and synapse formation	Belongs to the TCP-1 chaperonin family	Required for DNA replication, normal cell cycle progression and cell proliferation	DNA damage response, signal transduction resulting in induction of apoptosis	Belongs to the heat shock protein 90 family	A maternal blood-borne factor promotes survival of the developing thalamus	It appears not only as a free monomer but also in complexes with IgA and albumin	Also known as METALLOPROTEASE MP100	Non-motor actin binding protein	Actin binding motor protein	Necessary for condensation of nuclear DNA
Tissue specificity	Widely distributed, highly expressed in the colon	Widely distributed, highly expressed in brain	Widely expressed	Expressed in astrocytes and glioma cells	Ubiquitous	Brain, skin	Plasma, urine, and cerebrospinal fluid	Widely distributed, highly detected in hippocampus	Ubiquitous	Brain	Ubiquitous
Function	Cell adhesion	Chaperone	Transport	Transmembrane receptor regulatory/adaptor protein	Chaperone, protein folding, stress response	Neuronal survival, phosphatase activity	Serine protease inhibitor	Metalloprotease - Aminopeptidase activity	Cell structure, Cell motility	Cell structure, cell motility	Chromatin packaging and remodeling
Subcellular location	Cell Membrane, Cell junction	Cytoplasm	Intracellular	Cytoplasm	Cytoplasm	Secreted	Secreted	Cytoplasm	Intracellular	Intracellular	Nucleus
MW	98715	59745	84200	75806	83185	11284	38851	103344	290169	228965	21856
Name of Protein	EPITHELIAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR	PREDICTED: similar to T-complex protein 1 subunit theta	NUCLEAR AUTOANTIGENIC SPERM PROTEIN	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROGRAMMED CELL DEATH 6 INTERACTING PROTEIN	HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA	DERMCIDIN	AMBP PROTEIN PRECURSOR	PREDICTED: AMINOPEPTIDASE PUROMYCIN SENSITIVE	PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FILAMIN A	MYOSIN-10	HISTONE H1.2
Accession	Q9R0T4	Q6P502	ОббНБЗ	GeneID:363155	P34058	Q71Dl1	Q64240	Q8VID2	GeneID:293860	Q9JLT0	P15865
Total # of peptides	3	2	7	2	2	9	ω	2	2	2	4
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	- 2	2	2	2	2

PCT/US2008/009405 WO 2009/020596

Notes	Required for the import of protein into the nucleus and also for RNA export.	Present at high implicated in the levels in the pineal gland early spectrum of both general in development and specialized signaling pathway
Tissue specificity	Testis	Present at high levels in the pineal gland early in development
Function	Nucleocytoplasmic transport	Chaperone, signal transduction
Subcellular location	Nudeus	Cytoplasm
MW	24451	29174
Name of Protein	GTP-BINDING NUCLEAR PROTEIN RAN, TESTIS-SPECIFIC ISOFORM	14-3-3 PROTEIN EPSILON
Accession Number	Q8K586	P62260
Total # of peptides	2	2
# of unique Total # peptides of from peptides	2	2

Table 4. Protein list from mass spectrometry of all individual samples of embryonic rat CSF collected from E12.5

					CHIT IN IN MARCHINE TO THE CHILD TO COLUMN THE THE TO COLUMN THE C		~	MI ATTENDED TO THE			CONTRACTOR SAME
latera	l vent	lateral ventricle (LV), E14.5	lateral	ventr	lateral ventricle (LV), 4th ventricle (4thV), and E17.5 lateral ventricle (LV).	tricle	(4thV	/), and E17.5 late	ral ver	ıtricle	(LV).
# of unique peptide s from protein	# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from protein		# of unique Total # peptides peptide from s protein	Total # peptide s	# of # of unique Total # unique Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s from protein	# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide protein s	Total number of peptide	Protein matches E14 4thV	# of Total # unique of peptide s from s protein	Total # of peptide s	Protein matches E17.5 LV
121	587	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AA1064-apolipoprotein B. [MASS=536024	107	437	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AA1064-apolipoprotein B. [MASS=536024	120	617	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AA1064-apolipoprotein B. [MASS=536024	111	414	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AA1064-apolipoprotein B. [MASS=536024
64	367	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Apolipoprotein B - fragment. [MASS=165356	62	293	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Apolipoprotein B - fragment. [MASS=165356	99	382	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Apolipoprotein B - fragment, [MASS=165356	28	226	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Apolipoprotein B - fragment. [MASS=165356
34	96	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRONECTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=272511	34	73	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRONECTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=272511	37	135	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRONECTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=272511	45	61	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DYNEIN HEAVY CHAIN, CYTOSOLIC. [MASS=532252
73	401	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-IV PRECURSOR. [MASS=44456	32	06	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-IV PRECURSOR. [MASS=44456	34	365	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN PRECURSOR.	40	55	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FILAMIN A. [MASS=290169

# of			# Of			# of	Total		# O#		
unique peptide s from	Total # peptide	Protein matches E12.5	unique peptides from	Total # peptide s	unique Total # unique peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s s from		number of peptide	Protein matches E14 4thV	unique peptide s from	Total # of peptide	Protein matches E17.5 LV
protein 28	32	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FILAMIN A.	protein 29	290	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN PRECI ISOP	protein 31	s 120	Raftus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-IV PRECURSOR.	protein 39	, 4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FATTY ACID SYNTHASE
27	227	[MASS=290169 Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=68386	24	55	MASS=68386 Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2- MACROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR:	28	53	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2- MACROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR. IMASS—163704	39	62	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRONECTIN PRECURSOR.
26	62	Ratfus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1-INHIBITOR 3 PRECURSOR. IMASS=163773	24	30	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GPI-ANCHORED CERULOPLASMIN. IMASS=123749	21	26	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GPI-ANCHORED CERULOPLASMIN. IMASS=123749	37	66	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2-MACROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=163701
26	32	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FATTY ACID SYNTHASE. [MASS=272650	22	38	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1-INHIBITOR 3 PRECURSOR. IMASS=163773	21	35	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1-INHIBITOR 3 PRECURSOR. IMASS=163773	33	418	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-FETOPROTEIN PRECURSOR IMASS=68386
22	33	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GPI-ANCHORED CERULOPLASMIN. [MASS=123749	21	22	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FATTY ACID SYNTHASE. [MASS=272650	20	96	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BA1-667 - Transferrin. [MASS=107448	28	30	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MYOSIN-10. [MASS=228965
50	123	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERUM ALBUMIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=68719	21	96	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BA1-667 - Transferrin. [MASS=107448	9	30	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTACTIN-2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=113043	26	78	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-IV PRECURSOR. [MASS=44456
19	20	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MYOSIN-10. [MASS=228965	19	09	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-I PRECURSOR. [MASS=30088	18	79	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-I PRECURSOR. [MASS=30088	25	33	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTACTIN-1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=113495
18	38	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 86. [MASS=84815	19	112	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERUM ALBUMIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=68719	18	26	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERUM ALBUMIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=68719	23	160	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERUM ALBUMIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=68719
18	27	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ELONGATION FACTOR 2. [MASS=95153	17	19	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NIDOGEN. [MASS=138365	18	33	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NIDOGEN. [MASS=138365	23	59	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1-MACROGLOBULIN. [MASS=167125

		# of			# of	Total		# of	1 1 1 1		_
		unidne	Total #		unique number	number	Brotoin motoboo E44	unique	lotal #		
Protein matches E12.5	ches E12.5	peptides	peptide	peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV	peptide	ō	Protein matches E14	peptide	OT	Protein matches E17.5 LV	
		from protein	w		s from protein	peptide s		s from protein	S		
Rattus no PREDICT TO PYRU' (EC 2.7.1. M2 - RAT.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PYRUVATE KINASE (EC 2.7.1.40) ISOZYME M2 - RAT. [MASS=57731	15	38	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1- ANTIPROTEINASE PRECURSOR. [MASS=46136	ر	34	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1- ANTIPROTEINASE PRECURSOR. IMASS=46136	50	24	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MYOSIN-9. [MASS=226207	
Rattus no AL ANTIPI PRE	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1- ANTIPROTEINASE PRECURSOR. [MASS=46136	15	50	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTACTIN-2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=113043	15	11	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DA1-24-Complement Factor B. [MASS=124379	50	64	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO INTER-ALPHA-INHIBITOR H2 CHAIN. [MASS=105715	
Rattus n COMF PRE	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT C3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=186460	14	18	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 86. [MASS=84815	14	23	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CADHERIN-5. [MASS=135230	19	47	Rattus novegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1-ANTIPROTEINASE PRECURSOR. [MASS=46136	
Rattus BA1-6i [M/	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BA1-667 - Transferrin. [MASS=107448	14	29	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PYRUVATE KINASE (EC 2.7.1.40) ISOZYME M2 - RAT. [MASS=57731	13	20	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2 ANTIPLASMIN. IMASS=46465	6	24	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ELONGATION FACTOR 2. [MASS=95153	
Rattus APOLI PF	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-I PRECURSOR. [MASS=30088	12	17	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2 ANTIPLASMIN. [MASS=46465	13	18	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF AGRIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=208646	6	-19	Rattus novegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CAD PROTEIN. IMASS=250725	
Rattus MAC PE	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2- MACROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=163701	12	24	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEURAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=99686	13	25	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPARAN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN 2. [MASS=377284	18	24	Rattus nonvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOC314432-Similar to ubiquitin-protein ligase (EC 6.3.2.19) E1. [MASS=117788	
Rattus CLA CHAIN	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CLATHRIN HEAVY CHAIN, [MASS=191599	12	22	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CADHERIN-5. [MASS=135230	13	19	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INTER-ALPHA- INHIBITOR H4 HEAVY CHAIN. [MASS=103755	18	102	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BA1- 667 - Transferrin. [MASS=107448	
Rattus DYNEI O	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DYNEIN HEAVY CHAIN. CYTOSOLIC. IMASS=532252	12	14	Raftus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ B1. [MASS=228429	12	14	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GELSOLIN. [MASS=86286	11	20	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DA1- 24-Complement Factor B. [MASS=124379	

>	Н	ğ.	AT		160	25.55 25.55	88	9
Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: MICROTUBULE. ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 1B. [MASS=269643	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTACTIN-2 PRECURSOR [MASS=113043	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 86. [MASS=84815	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CLATHRIN HEAVY CHAIN [MASS=191599	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT C3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=186460	Rattus novegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO GCN1 GENERAL CONTROL OF AMINO-ACID SYNTHESIS 1- LIKE 1 [MASS=302942	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN A-I PRECURSOR. [MASS=30088	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CORTICOSTEROID-BINDING GLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=44672
atches	us norvegicus (l YTED: MICROTI CIATED PROTE [MASS=269643	tus norvegicus (I CTIN-2 PRECU [MASS=113043	tus norvegicus (Rat) Hi SHOCK PROTEIN 86. [MASS=84815	tus norvegicus (l HRIN HEAVY C [MASS=191599	attus norvegicus (Ra COMPLEMENT C3 :URSOR. [MASS=1)	orvegio ED: SIN IERAL (ACID S	Rattus norvegicus (Rat APOLIPOPROTEIN A- ECURSOR, [MASS=30	us norvegicus (SOSTEROID-B ULIN PRECUF [MASS=44672
otein m	tattus n DICTEE SOCIAT	tattus n ITACTII [MAt	SHOCK	tattus n ATHRIN [MAS	tattus n COMF CURSC	tattus n EEDICT N1 GEN MINO-	tattus n POLIP CURSC	tattus n TICOS OBULI
	PREI	80 R N	Ratti		PRE(R R 22 4 +	PRE	ROS
Total # of peptide s	34	11	23	11	52	51	32	46
# of unique peptide s from protein	11	16	9	95	د	£	4	41
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE/CYSTEINE PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE C, MEMBER 1. [MASS=52234	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT C3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=186460	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR. IMASS=35753	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LAR RECEPTOR- LINKED TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE. [MASS=181130]	Raftus norvegicus (Rat) DELETED IN COLORECTAL CANCER. [MASS=158142	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE G, MEMBER 1. [MASS=55611	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CORTICOSTEROID BINDING GLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=44672	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ B1. IMASS=228429
	Rattus no SERINE PRO INHIBITC MEI	Rattus no COMPI PRE([MAS	Rattus no APOLIP(PRE(IMAS	Rattus no LAR RI LINKED PHOS IMAS	Rattus no DEL COLOREC [MAS.	Rattus no SERINE INHIBITO MET	Rattus no CORTIC BINDINC PREC	Rattus no PREDICT TO LA IMAS
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide	15	22	24	4	12	12	17	12
# of unique peptide s from protein	12	12	12	1	1	11	11	11
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GELSOLIN. [MASS=86286	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ELONGATION FACTOR 2. [MASS=95153	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT C3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=186460	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSITIONAL ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM ATPASE. [MASS=89534	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEAR AUTOANTIGENIC SPERM PROTEIN. [MASS=84200	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CORTICOSTEROID- BINDING GLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=44672	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR. [MASS=35753	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSTHYRETIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=15720
Total # peptide s	12	13	18	13	11	18	22	47
# of unique peptides from protein	£	+	1	11	11	11		9
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAT ALPHA(1)- INHIBITOR 3, VARIANT I PRECURSOR. [MASS=165326	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NIDOGEN, [MASS=138365	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CAD PROTEIN. IMASS=250725	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VIMENTIN. IMASS=53602	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO GCN1 GENERAL CONTROL OF AMINO-ACID SYNTHESIS 1-ACID SYNTHESIS 1-LIKE 1. IMASS=302942	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOC314432- Similar to ubiquitin-protein ligase (EC 6.3.2.19) E1. IMASS=117788	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ATP-CITRATE SYNTHASE. [MASS=120781	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IRANSITIONAL ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM ATPASE. [MASS=89534
Total # peptide s	23	9	13	15	4	12	4	12
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s	55	55	13	13	13	12	12	12

>	95	ヺ		SP	9	2	Σ	Ę
Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CULLIN-ASSOCIATED NEDD8-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=136362	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN ALPHA-1 CHAIN [MASS=50136	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GPI- ANCHORED CERULOPLASMIN. [MASS=123749	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ECTONUCLEOTIDE PYROPHOSPHATASE/PHOSP HODIESTERASE 2. [MASS=101310	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GELSOLIN. [MASS=86286	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VIMENTIN. [MASS=53602	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSITIONAL ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM ATPASE. [MASS=89534	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 2. IMASS=83699
n matc	s norve LIN-AS D8-DIS IN 1. [N	S norve IN ALP MASS:	norvegicus (R ANCHORED RULOPLASM AASS=12374	S norve TONUC OSPH, DIEST	S norve	s norve	S nore RANSI ASMIC SE. [M	S norve MENT
Proteir	Rattu CULI NEDI PROTEI	Rattu TUBUL [Rattus n CE	Rattu ECT PYROPH HOI	Rattu	Rattu	Rattu Ti ENDOPL ATPA	Rattu COMPLE 2.
Total # of peptide s	15	42	41	28	. 48	15	2	12
# of unique peptide s from protein	41	14	14	14	13	13	12	12
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ELONGATION FACTOR 2. IMASS=95153	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRINOGEN ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=86686	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA 3 TYPE VI COLLAGEN ISOFORM 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=369017	Natus norvegicus (Rat) NEURAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=99686	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: LAMININ, GAMMA 1. [MASS=177387	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FIBULIN-1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=78072	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ECTONUCLEOTIDE PYROPHOSPHATASE/P HOSPHODIESTERASE 2. IMASS=101310	COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(I) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(I) CHAPA-1(I) CHAPA-1(I) CHAPA-1(I)
	Ratti ELOI	SPLI SPLI FIB CHA	Rattu PRE TO COLI	Rattu	Rattu	Ratt	PARCE Ratte	Ratt. COL
Total number of peptide	£	41	16	21	4	22	£	24
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide s from peptide	11	11	1	10	10	10	10	10
# of unique Total # unique peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s s from protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAT ALPHA(1)- INHIBITOR 3, VARIANT I PRECURSOR. [MASS=165326	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 6 PRECURSOR. [MASS=46652	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO KINESIN FAMILY MEMBER 23. [MASS=108791	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=137886	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CLATHRIN HEAVY CHAIN, IMASS=191599	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN ALPHA-1 CHAIN. [MASS=50136	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LAR RECEPTOR. LINKED TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE. IMASS=181130	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IMPORTIN BETA-1 SUBUNIT. IMASS=97184
Total # peptide s	17	13	12	16	10	20	6	11
# of unique peptides from protein	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	6
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2 ANTIPLASMIN, [MASS=46465	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IMPORTIN BETA-1 SUBUNIT, IMASS=97184	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CULLIN-ASSOCIATED NEDD8-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 1. [MASS=136362]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN ALPHA-1 CHAIN. [MASS=50136	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FIBULIN-1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=78072	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR. IMASS=35753	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Glutamyl-prolyl-tRNA synthetase. [MASS=170088	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MYOSIN-9. IMASS=226207
Total # peptide s	4	12	4	04	18	18	7	£
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	=	=	4	=	+	7	±	

_		‡0 #			ţo#	Total		Jo #		
Total #		uniane	Total #		ininia emper	number		a	Total #	
peptide peptide F	Protein matches E12.5	peptides	peptide	peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV	peptide	ţ	Protein matches E14		خ	Protein matches E17.5 LV
		from	ဟ			peptide	4thV		peptide s	
	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INTER-ALPHA- INHIBITOR H4 HEAVY CHAIN, IMASS=103755	6	တ	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR. IMASS=308474	10	21	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LUMICAN PRECURSOR. [MASS=38279	12	15	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO DESMOPLAKIN ISOFORM II. IMASS=284186
	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GELSOLIN. IMASS=86286	6	15	Raitus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPARAN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN 2. [MASS=377284	თ	52	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSTHYRETIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=15720	12	15	Raftus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA 3 TYPE VI COLLAGEN ISOFORM: 1 PRECURSOR.
	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEAR AUTOANTIGENIC SPERM PROTEIN. IMASS=84200	6	6	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: LAMININ, GAMMA 1, IMASS=177387	თ	5.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CATHEPSIN B PRECURSOR. [MASS=37470	=	11	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COATOMER PROTEIN COMPLEX SUBUNIT ALPHA. IMASS=138360
	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SP120-Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U. IMASS=87748	6	20	Raftus norvegicus (Rat) LUMICAN PRECURSOR. [MASS=38279	6	10	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FIBRINOGEN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=54303	=	19	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CLUSTERIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=51375
	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTACTIN-2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=113043	6	6	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Neogenin precursor. [MASS=156144	6	13	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAT ALPHA(1)- INHIBITOR 3, VARIANT I PRECURSOR. [MASS=165326	11	16	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PYRUVATE KINASE (EC 2.7.1.40) ISOZYME M2 - RAT. [MASS=57731
1	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PHOSPHOGLYCERATE KINASE 1. IMASS=44423	6	16	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FIBULIN-1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=78072	6	11	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR. IMASS=308474	=	15	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1-INHIBITOR 3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=163773
4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK COGNATE 71 KDA PROTEIN. [MASS=70871	6	10	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DA1-24-Complement Factor B. IMASS=124379	6	18	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOC367586 PROTEIN- Immunoglobulin Gamma heavy Chain. [MASS=50949	£	7	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEPHAESTIN PRECURSOR, IMASS=129593
	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN BETA-5 CHAIN. [MASS=49671	თ	12	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ACTIN, ALPHA SKELETAL MUSCLE. [MASS=42051	6	£	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM LONG OF HYALURONAN AND PROTEOGLYCAN LINK PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=40262	1	36	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOC367586 PROTEIN- Immunoglobulin Gamma heavy Chain. [MASS=50949

es E17.5 LV	s (Rat) ACTIN, 7AL MUSCLE. 42051	gicus (Rat) ADHERIN MASS=99686	gicus (Rat) YRETIN MASS=15720	gicus (Rat) A-1 SUBUNIT. 97184	gicus (Rat) SIMILAR TO POPTOSIS TY PROTEIN. 10214	gicus (Rat) OANTIGENIC ?OTEIN. 84200	gicus (Rat) PONSIVE 94 MASS=94057
Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ACTIN ALPHA SKELETAL MUSCLE. [MASS=42051	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEURAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=99686	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSTHYRETIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=15720	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IMPORTIN BETA-1 SUBUNIT. [MASS=97184	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CELLULAR APOPTOSIS SUSCEPTIBILITY PROTEIN IMASS=110214	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEAR AUTOANTIGENIC SPERM PROTEIN. [MASS=84200	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ISCHEMIA RESPONSIVE 94 KDA PROTEIN IMASS=9467
Total # of peptide s	65	50	105		0,	Ξ	=
# of unique peptide s from protein	=	10	10	10	5	10	5
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 86. [MASS=84815	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEPHAESTIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=129593	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(III) CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=138936	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF REELIN PRECURSOR, IMASS=387531	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PLASMINOGEN PRECURSOR. [MASS=90536	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 1 GLOBIN. [MASS=16105	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM HIMW OF KININOGEN-1 PRECURSOR
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s	10	æ	13	6	20	12	55
	8	æ	80	80	&	8	8
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INTER-ALPHA- INHIBITOR H4 HEAVY CHAIN. IMASS=103755	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN BETA-5 CHAIN. [MASS=49671	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=46562	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE G, MEMBER 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ISCHEMIA RESPONSIVE 94 KDA PROTEIN. IMASS=94057	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOC314432- Similar to ubiquitin-protein ligase (EC 6.3.2.19) E1. IMASS=117788	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEPHAESTIN PRECURSOR.
Total # peptide s	13	16	14	14	6	8	10
# of unique peptides from protein	6	8	8	8	80	80	80
_	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 6 PRECURSOR. IMASS=46652	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN RGD1305887- TUBULIN BETA CHAIN. [MASS=50059	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROMININ-1S1 SPLICE VARIANT. [MASS=96632	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IKAP. [MASS=149171	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NEURAL PRECURSOR CELL EXPRESSED, DEVELOPMENTALLY DOWN- REGULATED GENE 4A. IMASS=112368	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ACTIN, ALPHA SKELETAL MUSCLE. [MASS=42051	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ELONGATION FACTOR 1-ALPHA 1.
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	12	19	1	6	10	48	27
# of unique peptide s from protein	တ	တ	တ	6	o	တ	თ

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus novecicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAS GTPASE-ACTIVATING- LIKE PROTEIN IQGAP1. IMASS=196522	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED. SIMILAR TO UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL- TERMINAL HYDROLASE 5.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: AMINOPEPTIDASE PUROMYCIN SENSITIVE: IMASS=103344	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COATOMER SUBUNIT BETA. [MASS=107011	Rattus novegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF AGRIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=208646	Rattus novegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO GAMIMA-FILAMIN. [MASS=290986	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 284 KDA PROTEIN. IMASS=284430	Rattus novegicus (Rat) TUBULIN BETA-5 CHAIN. [MASS=49671
Total # of peptide	10	=	12	5	5	4	5	81
# of unique peptide s from protein	10	0	0	5	10	10	10	o
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM GAMIMA-B OF FIBRINOGEN GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=50633	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CADHERIN-6 PRECURSOR. IMASS=88341	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN BETA-5 CHAIN IMASS=49671	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR. IMASS=51982	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPARC-LIKE PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR IMASS=70634	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Neogenin precursor. [MASS=156144	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=46277	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ACTIN, ALPHA SKELETAL MUSCLE, IMASS=42051
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s protein s	9	6	6	80	8	7	16	6
# of unique peptide s from protein	80	8	7	7	7	2	7	7
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PLASMINOGEN PRECURSOR. [MASS=90536	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CADHERIN-6 PRECURSOR. IMASS=88341	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ECTONUCLEOTIDE PYROPHOSPHATASE/P HOSPHODIESTERASE 2. IMASS=101310	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROMININ-1S1 SPLICE VARIANT. [MASS=96632	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF AGRIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=208646	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOC367586 PROTEIN- Immunoglobulin Gamma heavy Chain. IMASS=50949	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VIMENTIN. [MASS=53602	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=46277
Total # peptide s	15	8	10	10	o.	20	10	12
# of unique peptides from protein	80	80	80	8	80	80	8	7
Protein matches E12.5	Ratius norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPARAN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN 2. IMASS=377284	Ratus noregicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM LONG OF HYALURONAN AND PROTEOGLYCAN LINK PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=40262	Rattus novegicus (Rat) TRANSTHYRETIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=15720	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ISCHEMIA RESPONSIVE 94 KDA PROTEIN. IMASS=94057	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEURAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=99686	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE CONTRAPSIN-LIKE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 3 PRECURSOR. IMASS=46277	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LUMICAN PRECURSOR. IMASS=38279	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: MINI CHROMOSOME MAINTENANCE DEFICIENT 6. [MASS=92815]
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	12	o	32	80	12	15	10	œ
# of unique peptide s from protein	മ	o	ω .	∞	80	80	∞	&

>	= =	2 5	Ä,F,	OI	75 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	~ cil	نہ
Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE G, MEMBER 1. [MASS=55611	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 170 KDA PROTEIN-Glutamy-prolytiRNA synthetase. IMASS=170088	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME (PROSOME, MACROPAIN) 26S SUBUNIT, NON-ATPASE, 2. [MASS=100188	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RNA HELICASE A. [MASS=150362	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DELETED IN COLORECTAL CANCER, IMASS=158142	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-MANNOSIDASE 2. IMASS=131242	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VITAMIN D-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR [MASS=53544
tches	Rattus norvegicus (Rai SERINE PEPTIDASE NHIBITOR, CLADE G MBER 1. [MASS=556	s norvegicus (Rai ROTEIN-Glutamy IRNA synthetase. IMASS=170088	flus norvegicus (R EASOME (PROS (OPAIN) 26S SUB NON-ATPASE, 2. [MASS=100188	attus norvegicus (Ra EDICTED: SIMILAR RNA HELICASE A. IMASS=150362	rvegicu N COL (us norvegicus (I A-MANNOSIDA IMASS=131242	Rattus norvegicus (Rat VITAMIN D-BINDING ROTEIN PRECURSOI [MASS=53544
ein ma	ttus no ERINE HIBITC	ROTEI IRNA S	ttus no TEASO ROPAIN NON-A	ttus no DICTE SNA HI [MAS:	ttus no TED IN	ttus no	ttus no ITAMIN OTEIN [MAS
	Ra IN MEN	Rattu KDA P	Ra PROT	RR	CAN	Ra ALPI	Ra V
Total # of peptide	±	10	10	10	တ	10	13
# of unique peptide s from protein	o o	. G	6	တ	G	ര	80
s E14	CTOR	Rat) AL AL OASE	(Rat) 1A-2(I) SOR. 54	(Rat) IDASE 242	(Rat) 110F 1 2. 3.	(Rat) IA-1 50136	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 6 PRECURSOR. IMASS=46652
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norveoicus (Rat) ELONGATION FACTOR 1-ALPHA 1, IMASS=50114	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSITIONAL ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM ATPASE. [MASS=89534	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-2(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=129564	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-MANNOSIDASE 2. [MASS=131242	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ATTRACTIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=163296	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN ALPHA-1 CHAIN [MASS=50136	Raftus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE ROTEASE INHIBITOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=46652
otein n	tus nor NGAT 1-AL IMAS	TRANS ENDO TICULI	LAGE AIN PF IMASS	tus nor HA-MA ". [MAS	LUS DOF	tus nor UBULII AIN. (N	TEASE PREC
	Rat	Rat	집이라	Rat ALP 2	SPIE	CH Rat	PROC
Total number of peptide	o	2	11	1	6	o,	9
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	7	7	7	မှ	9
	(Rat) OGEN 60	(Rat) 1 OF SOR.	(Rat)	(Rat)	(Rat)	(Rat)	(Rat)
ches E	egicus O: NID(S=1739	egicus DFORN RECUR =38753	LIST NOT NEED ICTED: VANSFORMIN OWTH FACTO INDUCED: 68 IMASS=74369	us norvegicus (RINE/CYSTEII PROTEINASE BITOR, CLADI MEMBER 1.	egicus SS=14	s norvegicus DELETED IN RECTAL CAN MASS=15814	egicus MENT JRSOF -19216
ein mat	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NIDOGEN 2. IMASS=173960	Rattus novegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF REELIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=387531	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR, BETA INDUCED, 68 KDA	Rattus norvegicus (Rati) SERINE/CYSTEINE PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE C, MEMBER 1, IMASS=52234	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IKAP. [MASS=149171	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DELETED IN COLORECTAL CANCER IMASS=158142	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT C4 PRECURSOR. [MASS=192163
Prote	Ratt PRE	Ratti SPLI REE	RETA BETA	Ratt SE INH	Ratt	Ratti	Ratti
Total # peptide s	б	80	2	10	2	8	7
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	7	7	-	7	7	7	7
E12.5	(Rat) ASE DE G.	(Rat)	(Rat) ILAR SE A.	(Rat) LAR -5.	(Rat) BIN. 5	(Rat) ILAR TRNA	(Rat)
tches	AS NORVEGICUS RINE PEPTID, BITOR, CLAD MEMBER 1.	egicus D: LAN MA 1. =17738	egicus D. SIM ELICAS	egicus D: SIM HERIN =13523	egicus 1 GLO =1610	egicus D: SIM NINE- ETASE	egicus RTIN-1 =12333
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat' SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE G, MEMBER 1. IMASS=55611.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: LAMININ, GAMMA 1. IMASS=177387	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RNA HELICASE A. [MASS=150362	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CADHERIN-5. [MASS=135230	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 1 GLOBIN. IMASS=16105	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR IO METHIONINE-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=101582	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EXPORTIN-1. [MASS=123335
	불씨될	Ratt		Rate	Ratt	Ratt TO N	Ratt
Total # peptide s	7	9	∞	=	12	8	∞
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	ω	œ	œ	ω	æ	80	ω .
							

	ż,		20-	9	<u> </u>	.,	23	
Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IRON- RESPONSIVE ELEMENT- BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=98128	Rattus norveoicus (Rat) ALPHA-2 ANTIPLASMIN. IMASS=46465	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SP120- Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U. [MASS=87748	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: MINI CHROMOSOME MAINTENANCE DEFICIENT 6.	Ratus norveaicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FIBULIN-1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=78072]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STAPHYLOCOCCAL NUCLEASE DOMAIN- CONTAINING PROTEIN 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR: IMASS=35753	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: BRAIN GLYCOGEN PHOSPHORYLASE. IMASS=96738
Total # of peptide s	11	ω	13	8	တ	&	13	8
# of unique peptide s from protein	8	ω	8	8	&	8	8	8
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF NEURONAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE PRECURSOR. [MASS=133912]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIKEN CDNA B430218L07 GENE. IMASS=143906	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR, BETA INDUCED, 68 KDA, IMASS=74369	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2-GLOBIN CHAIN. IMASS=15285	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ARCADLIN. IMASS=103800	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TENASCIN (FRAGMENT). [MASS=62473	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: RETINOL BINDING PROTEIN 4, PLASMA. [MASS=50139	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CALSYNTENIN 1. [MASS=109351]
Total number of peptide s	6 0	7	9	6	9	6	12	10
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide	ø	ဖ	9	9	ဖ	9	9	9
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN RGD1305887- TUBULIN BETA CHAIN. [MASS=50059	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SP120-Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U. [MASS=87748	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-2(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=129564	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to T- complex protein 1 subunit theta. [MASS=59745	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CATHEPSIN B PRECURSOR. [MASS=37470]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR. [MASS=51982	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAT T-KININOGEN. IMASS=47618	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TENASCIN (FRAGMENT). [MASS=62473
Total # peptide s	6	12	7	^	80	8	7	. 9
# of unique peptides from protein	7	7	۲	2	9	9	9	9
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOC367586 PROTEIN- Immunoglobulin Gamma heavy Chain. IMASS=50949	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED; AMINOPEPTIDASE PUROMYCIN SENSITIVE; IMASS=103344	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to T- complex protein 1 subunit theta. [MASS=59745	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FILAMIN B. [MASS=291469]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STAPHYLOCOCCAL NUCLEASE DOMAIN- CONTAINING PROTEIN 1. IMASS=101952	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM VO OF VERSICAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT). [MASS=300008	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FETUB PROTEIN. IMASS=43169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DA1-24-Complement Factor B. IMASS=124379
# of unique Total # peptide s from s protein	12	&	თ	80	8	တ	44	ω
# of unique peptide s from protein	w	∞	&	&	88	&	ω	ω

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PLASMINOGEN PRECURSOR. [MASS=90536	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IKAP. [MASS=149171	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSE 6- PHOSPHATE/INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II RECEPTOR. IMASS=273608	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CREATINE KINASE B-TYPE. [MASS=42712	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN RGD1305887-TUBULIN BETA CHAIN. [MASS=50059	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to phosohoribosylformylglycinamid ine synthase. [MASS=146178	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ATP- CITRATE SYNTHASE. [MASS=120781	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR. [MASS=51982
Total # of peptide s	23	∞	თ	=	5	&	12	10
# of unique peptide s from protein	8	∞ .	æ	7	4	7	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-1B- GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=56479	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NIDOGEN 2. [MASS=173960	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PYRUVATE KINASE (EC 2.7.1.40) ISOZYME M2 - RAT. [MASS=57731	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAT T-KININOGEN. IMASS=47618	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CADHERIN 11. [MASS=88036	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN GP96. [MASS=9277]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO STABILIN-1 IMASS=288663	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEMICENTIN 1. IMASS=639647
Total number of peptide s	2	8	7	7	10	9	8	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	9	ဖ	9	9	ø	9	9	9
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ATTRACTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=163296]	Raftus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIKEN CDNA B430218L07 GENE. IMASS=143906	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROFILIN-1, [MASS=14826	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CADHERIN 11. [MASS=88036	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM GAMMA-B OF FIBRINOGEN GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=50633	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ELONGATION FACTOR 1-ALPHA 1. IMASS=50114	Raftus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CRB2 PROTEIN IMASS=138781	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRIPEPTIDYL- PEPTIDASE 2. [MASS=138162
Total # peptide s	80	7	7	6	10	12	8	9
# of unique peptides from protein	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAT T-KININOGEN. IMASS=47618	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE/CYSTEINE PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE C, MEMBER 1, IMASS=52234	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CLIP-ASSOCIATING PROTEIN 2. IMASS=140638	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RIBONUCLEOTIDE REDUCTASE M1. IMASS=90293	Rattus novegicus (Rat) ECTONUCLEOTIDE PYROPHOSPHATASE/P HOSPHODIESTERASE 2. IMASS=101310	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEPHAESTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=129593	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NONO/P54NRB HOMOLOG. IMASS=75487	Rattus novegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: MICROTUBULE- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 1B. IMASS=269643
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	6	6	80	Ø	7	8	7	41
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

Total # of Protein matches E17.5 LV s	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CADHERIN-5. [MASS=135230	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PHOSPHOLIPID TRANSFER PROTEIN: IMASS=65430	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SEZ6B. [MASS=105607	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DYNACTIN-1. [MASS=141930	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INTER- ALPHA-INHIBITOR H4 HEAVY CHAIN [MASS=103755	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPECTRIN ALPHA CHAIN, BRAIN, IMASS=284713	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 10 ELONGATION FACTOR 1-	ALPHA 1. [MASS=50114
# of Lounique peptide pel s from protein			7	7	7			
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 2. IMASS=83699	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FETUB PROTEIN. IMASS=43169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROFILIN-1, IMASS=14826	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CONTRAPSIN-LIKE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=46562	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROPROTEIN CONVERTASE SUBTILISIN/KEXIN TYPE 9 PRECURSOR. IMASS=74709	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN LOC314432- Similar to ubiquitin-protein ligase (EC 6.3.2.19) E1 IMASS=117788	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE F, MEMBER 2.	[MASS=54893
Total number of peptide	2	6	9	o	ĸ	ın	12	
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide potein s	9	9	ro	ro	က	S	5	
# of unique Total # peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CAD PROTEIN. IMASS=250725	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RNA HELICASE A. IMASS=150362	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) CREATINE KINASE B- TYPE. [MASS=42712	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PHOSPHOGLYCERATE KINASE 1. IMASS=44423	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK COGNATE 71 KDA PROTEIN. IMASS=70871	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROGRAMMED CELL DEATH 6 INTERACTING INTERACTING PROTEIN: IMASS=75806	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FIBRINOGEN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=54303	
Total # peptide s	9	2	80	တ	G	9	ĸ	
# of unique peptides from protein	9	9	·c	5	5	5	ທ	
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED NUCLEOLIN-RELATED PROTEIN NRP IMASS=57036	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NESTIN. IMASS=208797	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF AGRIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=208646	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF CULLIN-ASSOCIATED NEDD8-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 2. IMASS=139673	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CREATINE KINASE B- TYPE. [MASS=42712	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SPLICING FACTOR 3B. SUBUNIT 3, 130KDA. IMASS=174174	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUCOSE PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE. IMASS=62827	
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	7	8	7	80	10	9	80	
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	7	7	9	9	ဖ	_

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEIN KINASE C-BINDING PROTEIN NELL2. IMASS=91334	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT INHIBITORY FACTOR H. [MASS=140344	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3. SUBUNIT 10 THETA. 150/170KDA. [MASS=192616	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ACTIN. CYTOPLASMIC 1. IMASS=41737	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LUMICAN PRECURSOR, IMASS=38279	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED C-1- IETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHASE, CYTOPLASMIC. IMASS=100351	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VESICLE ASSOCIATED PROTEIN. IMASS=135350
Total # of peptide s	2	თ	&	2	6	9	9
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	۲	9	ဖ	9	ဖ
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT C4 PRECURSOR. IMASS=192163	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUTATHIONE PEROXIDASE 3 PRECURSOR. IMASS=25393	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FIBRILLIN-2. IMASS=313374	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM APP770 OF AMYLOID BETA A4 PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT).	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN RGD1305887- TUBULIN BETA CHAIN. IMASS=50059	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) QUIESCIN Q6. [MASS=82412	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor, heavy chain 3. [MASS=98968
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide s	ro.	7	. &	9	7	9	22
# of unique peptide s from protein	5	5	5	5	ĸ	5	သ
# of unique Total # unique peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s protein protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF NEURONAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE PRECURSOR. IMASS=133912	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CYSTATIN C PRECURSOR. [MASS=15437	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEROXIREDOXIN-2. IMASS=21652	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ACTIN, CYTOPLASMIC 1. [MASS=41737	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRIOSEPHOSPHATE ISOMERASE. [MASS=26790]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUCYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=134279]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM VO OF VERSICAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT). IMASS=300008
Total # peptide s	5	11	7	10	ဌ	2	80
# of unique peptides from protein	£.	2	c.	5	5	S.	જ
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PLASMINOGEN PRECURSOR. IMASS=90536	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor, heavy chain 3. [MASS=98968	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUCYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=134279	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2-GLOBIN CHAIN. IMASS=15285	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CC2-27. [MASS=120523	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN GP96. [MASS=92771	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED; RETINOL BINDING PROTEIN 4, PLASMA. [MASS=50139
Total # peptide s	6	7	7	7	9	9	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	ဖ	ဖ	ဖ	ဖ	9	9	φ

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Sattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK COGNATE 71 KDA PROTEIN, [MASS=70871	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90- BETA, IMASS=83185	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MATRIN-3. [MASS=94447]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF REELIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=387531	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROMININ-151 SPLICE VARIANT, [MASS=96632	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CHLORIDE INTRACELLULAR CHANNEL 6. [MASS=64786	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF NEURONAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE PRECURSOR. [MASS=133912	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VASCULAR CELL ADHESION PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=81246
	Rattus n SHOCK PROT	Rattus n SHOCK BET	Rattu	SPLIC	Rattu PRON VARIA	CHANN	NEURON MOLEC	Rattu VASCUL PROTE
Total # of peptide	9	ω	ဖ	ဖ	.	7	ဖ	ဖ
# of unique peptide s from protein	ဖ	ဖ	g	ဖ	ဖ	ဖ	ဖ	9
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PHOSPHOLIPID TRANSFER PROTEIN IMASS=65430	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN XP 344107. [MASS=189275	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1- MACROGLOBULIN. IMASS=167125	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TYROSINE KINASE RECEPTOR 1. [MASS=125210]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EXTRACELLULAR SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE [CU-ZN] PRECURSOR. [MASS=26620	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEPTIDYLPROLYL ISOMERASE C. IMASS=23009	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEIN KINASE C- BINDING PROTEIN NELLZ. [MASS=91334	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: DYSTROG: YCAN 1. IMASS=96706
Total number of peptide	ဖ	7	ĸ	5	26	£	9	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	ro	S	5	ıo.	r.	ĸ	4
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GAMMA-GLUTAMYL HYDROLASE PRECURSOR. IMASS=35830	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: RETINOL BINDING PROTEIN 4, PLASMA, [MASS=50139	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEIN KINASE C- BINDING PROTEIN NELL2. IMASS=91334	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TYROSINE KINASE RECEPTOR 1. IMASS=125210	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP1, SUBUNIT 2. [MASS=57458]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1- MACROGLOBULIN. IMASS=167125	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor, heavy chain 3. IMASS=98968	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM LONG OF HYALURONAN AND PROTEOGLYCAN LINK PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=40262
Total # peptide s	ıo	13	2	2	ıc	2	S.	9
# of unique peptides from protein	rc.	S	5	5	ĸ	5	5	5
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TRIPARTITE MOTIF PROTEIN 28. [MASS=108785	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CELLULAR APOPTOSIS SUSCEPTIBILITY PROTEIN. [MASS=110214	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=137886	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR. IMASS=51982	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-1B- GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=56479	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VALYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=141275	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP1, SUBUNIT 2. [MASS=57458]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP1 SUBUNIT 5.
Total # peptide s	7	9	o	7	12	9	7	ø
# of unique peptide s from protein	ဖ	ဖ	9	ဖ	ဖ	9	9	v

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROPROTEIN CONVERTASE SUBTILISINIKEXIN TYPE 9 PRECURSOR. [MASS=74709]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MAMA. [MASS=63772	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TLN PROTEIN IMASS=161978	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NESTIN. [MASS=208797	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2-GLOBIN CHAIN. [MASS=15285	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NEURAL PRECURSOR CELL EXPRESSED, DEVELOPMENTALLY DOWN- REGULATED GENE 4A. [MASS=112368]
Total # of peptide	2	ဖ	ဖ	8	8	12
# of unique peptide s from protein	g	G	ဖ	ဖ	9	ဖ
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPATIC MULTIPLE INOSITOL POLYPHOSPHATE PHOSPHATASE IMASS=54619	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROMININ-1S1 SPLICE VARIANT. [MASS=96632	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 3 GLOBIN. IMASS=16540	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CYSTATIN C PRECURSOR. [MASS=15437	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PTK7 PROTEIN TYROSINE KINASE 7. [MASS=139818	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GRP78 BINDING PROTEIN. IMASS=110574
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide s from peptide	4	4	ις.	o	4	ro
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4
# of # of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s s from protein protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TRIPARTITE MOTIF PROTEIN 28. [MASS=108785	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STAPHYLOCOCCAL NUCLEASE DOMAIN- CONTAINING PROTEIN 1. IMASS=101952	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: MINI CHROMOSOME MAINTENANCE DEFICIENT 6. [MASS=92815]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 170 KDA PROTEIN- Glutamyl-prolyl-tRNA synthetase. IMASS=170088	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MYOSIN-10. [MASS=228965	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-MANNOSIDASE 2. [MASS=131242
Total # peptide s	ro	5	5	5	5	ĸ
# of unique peptides from protein	ro.	5	က	2	2	ıo
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CORTICOSTEROID- BINDING GLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=44672]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L18. IMASS=21527	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Neogenin precursor. [MASS=156144	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRIPEPTIDYL- PEPTIDASE 2. IMASS=138162	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ B1 [MASS=228429]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSE 6- PHOSPHATE/INSULIN- LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II RECEPTOR. [MASS=273608
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	o	80	9	7	7	&
# of unique peptide s from protein	ဖ	9	9	9	9	9

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN EPSILON, IMASS=29174	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MICROTUBULE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 4. [MASS=110301	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FAR UPSTREAM ELEMENT- BINDING PROTEIN 2. IMASS=74226	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) JUNCTION PLAKOGI,OBIN. [MASS=81801	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to T- complex protein 1 subunit theta. IMASS=59745	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE F, MEMBER 2, IMASS=54893
Total # of peptide	^	7	ဖ	φ	ဖ	6
# of unique peptide s from protein	ထ	ဖ	ဖ	ဖ	ဖ	9
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED, SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 18 PRECURSOR. IMASS=123552	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) M-CADHERIN. IMASS=85753	Raffus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Fibulin-1 precursor. [MASS=75381	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AFAMIN PRECURSOR [MASS=69335	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SEMA6A PROTEIN. IMASS=114583	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM V0 OF VERSICAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT). [MASS=300008]
Total number of peptide s	4	4 4		4	4	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4
# of unique Total # peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NEURAL PRECURSOR CELL EXPRESSED. DEVELOPMENTALLY DOWN- REGULATED GENE 4A. [MASS=112368	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO GCN1 GENERAL CONTROL OF AMINO-ACID SYNTHESIS 1-	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: DYSTROGLYCAN 1. [MASS=96706	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN ZETA/DELTA. [MASS=27771	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUCOSE PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE. IMASS=62827	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 1 GLOBIN. IMASS=16105
Total # peptide s	ပ	S	7	w	4	5
# of unique peptides from protein	ro	w	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SMC2 PROTEIN. IMASS=134280	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN EPSILON. IMASS=29174	Rattus novegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COATOMER PROTEIN COMPLEX SUBUNIT ALPHA. [MASS=138360]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CHROMATIN- SPECIFIC TRANSCRIPTION ELONGATION FACTOR, 140 KDA SUBUNIT. IMASS=130435	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: KINESIN FAMILY MEMBER 4. [MASS=139682	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ACTIN, CYTOPLASMIC 1. [MASS=41737
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	ဖ	9	9	9	9	œ
# of unique peptide s from protein	ဖ	ဖ	g	ဖ	9	ro

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Ratius norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ISOLEUCINE-TRNA SYNTHETASE. IMASS=144169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VALYL- TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=141275	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM HMW OF KININOGEN-1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=70933	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN ZETANDELTA. [MASS=27771	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED NUCLEOLIN- RELATED PROTEIN NRP. [MASS=57036	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PHOSPHOGLYCERATE KINASE 1. [MASS=44423	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN TYPE A1(XI)7-8. [MASS=45691
Total # of peptide s	ø	ဖ	55	9	ıc	ဖ	۲
# of unique peptide s from protein	9	9	9	.	S	ĸ	က
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTOCADHERIN GAMMA SUBFAMILY C. 3. IMASS=101038	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SORTILIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=91169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ISCHEMIA RESPONSIVE 94 KDA PROTEIN. IMASS=94057	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSE 6- PHOSPHATE/INSULIN- LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II RECEPTOR. IMASS=273608	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROCOLLAGEN- LYSINE.2- OXOGLUTARATE 5- DIOXYGENASE 3 PRECURSOR. IMASS=85060	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT INHIBITORY FACTOR H IMASS=140344	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ-2 ALPHA2 CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=359007
Total number of peptide	S	4	4	4	4	3	2
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide s protein s	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRINOGEN ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=86686	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins A2/B1, IMASS=32468	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2-GLOBIN CHAIN, [MASS=15285	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAN BINDING PROTEIN 5. [MASS=99947	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS- TRANS ISOMERASE A. [MASS=17743	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) L- LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE A CHAIN IMASS=36451	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Fibulin-1 precursor. [MASS=75381
Total # peptide s	4	4	9	4	4	4	&
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
i I	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to C. 1-TETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHASE, CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=100351	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CATHEPSIN B PRECURSOR. [MASS=37470	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME (PROSOME, MACROPAIN) 26S SUBUNIT, NON-ATPASE, 2. [MASS=100188	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CADHERIN 11. [MASS=88036	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAB GDP DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR BETA. IMASS=50685	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to Nuclear autoantigenic sperm protein. [MASS=45764	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIKEN CDNA B430218L07 GENE. IMASS=143906
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	ĸ	œ	ဖ	7	9	ıç.	5
# of unique peptide s from protein	ĸ	ĸ	w	w	ις	'n	ro

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAT T- KININOGEN, [MASS=47618	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO IMPORTIN 9. IMASS=131739	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT C4 PRECURSOR. [MASS=192163	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NONO/P54NRB HOMOLOG. [MASS=75487	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) KALLISTATIN. [MASS=48021	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EXPORTIN-1. IMASS=123335	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED-INHIBIN BINDING PROTEIN LONG ISOFORM. IMASS=153224
Total # of peptide s	9	9	9	9	9	9	•
# of unique peptide s from protein	ĸ	က	တ	2	2	ဟ	ĸ
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvedicus (Rat) TENASCIN (FRAGMENT). IMASS=67815	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FIBULIN-2 ISOFORM A. [MASS=126193	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COLLAGEN ALPHA1 TYPE VI-PRECURSOR. IMASS=130760	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTHROMBIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT). [MASS=70412]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSCOBALAMIN-2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=47420	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO VINCULIN. [MASS=116615]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PLEXIN-B2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=216119
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s	9	9	S.	5	9	4	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s protein protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME (PROSOME, MACROPAIN) 26S SUBUNIT, NON-ATPASE, 2. IMASS=100188	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AFAMIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=69335	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPARC-LIKE PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=70634	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE F. MEMBER 2. IMASS=54893	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SORTILIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=91169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: AMINOPEPTIDASE PUROMYCIN SENSITIVE: [MASS=103344]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 1 ISOFORM 2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=138914
Total # peptide s	4	4	5	10	S	4	4
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LAR RECEPTOR-LINKED TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE. IMASS=181130	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM GAMMA-B OF FIBRINOGEN GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=50633	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ADENOSYLHOMOCYSTE INASE. [MASS=47407]	Rattus novegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF PROTEIN SET. [MASS=33406	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IRON-RESPONSIVE ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 1, IMASS=98128	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3, SUBUNIT 10 THETA, 150/170KDA.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE PEPTIDASE INHIBITOR, CLADE F. MEMBER 2. [MASS=54893
Total # peptide s	2	7	ı,	40	ß	9	တ
# of unique peptide s from protein	ıc	иo	'n	ဟ	လ	ıo	w

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CATHEPSIN B PRECURSOR. [MASS=37470	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAN BINDING PROTEIN 5. IMASS=133476	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CYSTATIN C PRECURSOR. [MASS=15437	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LACTADHERIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=47413	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM GAMMA-B OF FIBRINOGEN GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=50633	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 1 GLOBIN. IMASS=16105	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRIPEPTIDYL-PEPTIDASE 2. [MASS=138162
Total # of peptide s	10	8	16	2	9	9	S.
# of unique peptide s from protein	ĸ	2	5	S	.	w	r.
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN ZETA/DELTA. IMASS=27771	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN TYPE A1(XI)7-8. [MASS=45691	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTECTIVE PROTEIN FOR BETA: GALACTOSIDASE. IMASS=51216	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CREATINE KINASE B- TYPE. IMASS=42712	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEROXIREDOXIN-2. [MASS=21652	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 1 ISOFORM 2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=138914	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GAMMA-GLUTAMYL HYDROLASE PRECURSOR. IMASS=35830
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s		3	3	4	9	ဗ	3
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	e	3		3	8	3
# of unique Total # unique peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s from protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EXPORTIN-1. IMASS=123335	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM HMW OF KININOGEN-1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=70933	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUTATHIONE PEROXIDASE 3 PRECURSOR. IMASS=25393	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PTK7 PROTEIN TYROSINE KINASE 7. [MASS=139818	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF SEX HORMONE. BINDING GLOBULIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=44533	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEPTIDYLPROLYL ISOMERASE C. [MASS=23009]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) QUIESCIN Q6. [MASS=82412
Total #	4	9	7	4	4	9	5
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus novegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SEROTRANSFERRIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=76607	Rattus novegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(III) CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=138936	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TENASCIN (FRAGMENT). IMASS=62473	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOSOME ASSEMBLY PROTEIN 1- LIKE 1. IMASS=45373	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR. [MASS=308474	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPATIC MULTIPLE INOSITOL POLYPHOSPHATE PHOSPHATASE. [MASS=54619]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN SA. IMASS=32693
Total # peptide s	2	7	8	7	5	ĸ	9
# of unique peptide s from protein	£.	S.	3	S.	æ	ro.	5

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CRB2 PROTEIN. IMASS=138781	Rattus novecicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALANYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. IMASS=106811	Rattus nonegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: MINI CHROMOSOME MAINTENANCE DEFICIENT 4 HOMOLOG, [MASS=96685	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO VINCULIN: [MASS=116615	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ATTRACTIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=163296	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUCOSE PHOSPHATE ISOMERASE. [MASS=62827	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE ZETA PRECURSOR. IMASS=164596
Total # of peptide s	7	ဟ	ဖ	ស	9	~	9
# of unique peptide s from protein	ان د	io	ro.	ro.	ıc .	က	ဟ
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Sitt-like 2. [MASS=72321	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CRB2 PROTEIN. IMASS=138781	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ACTIN, CYTOPLASMIC 1. [MASS=41737	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=96622	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LERK-5, IMASS=37282	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEPATOCYTE GROWTH FACTOR ACTIVATOR. [MASS=70737	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSIDASE 2, ALPHA B1. [MASS=114327
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide	က	က	4	4	က	4	3
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	ю	m	ဗ	8	n	က
# of unique Total # peptide peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s from protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN DO, IMASS=38192	Rattus norvecicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PHOSPHOLIPID TRANSFER PROTEIN. IMASS=65430	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA. IMASS=83185	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=96622	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BETA-2- MICROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=13720	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FETUB PROTEIN. IMASS=43169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 18 PRECURSOR. IMASS=123552
Total # peptide s	6	9	4	9	S	ıç	4
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IRIOSEPHOSPHATE ISOMERASE. IMASS=26790	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEMOPEXIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=51291	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CCTETA, ETA SUBUNIT OF THE CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP-1. IMASS=75684	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROFILIN-1. IMASS=14826	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF NEURONAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE PRECURSOR. [MASS=133912]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FRAS1 RELATED EXTRACELLULAR MATRIX PROTEIN 2. IMASS=378709	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) T- COMPLEX PROTEIN 1 SUBUNIT DELTA. [MASS=57968
# of unique Total # peptide s from s protein	ဟ	ဖ	ro.	7	9	S.	œ
# of unique peptide s from protein	ĸ	rs	ĸ	ıo	r.	ro	ro

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT- SHOCK PROTEIN 105 KDA. IMASS=98419	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to Nuclear autoantigenic sperm protein. [MASS=45764	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LAR RECEPTOR-LINKED TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE. IMASS=181130	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IG KAPPA CHAIN C REGION B ALLELE, [MASS=11601	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP1, SUBUNIT 2. [MASS=57458	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN GP96. [MASS=92771	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DREBRIN 1. IMASS=77472
Total # of peptide s	ю	~	ဖ	w	2	4	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	ro.	ro	ľO	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEUROPILIN-2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=104473	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROCOLLAGEN C- ENDOPEPTIDASE ENHANCER 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=50185	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FATTY ACID SYNTHASE. MASS=272650	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS- TRANS ISOMERASE A. IMASS=17743	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF SEX HORMONE- BINDING GLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=44533]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CELL GROWTH REGULATOR WITH EF HAND DOMAIN 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ROUNDABOUT HOMOLOG 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=180748
Total number of peptide	က	က	က	4	က	4	က
# of unique peptide s from protein	3	က	က	e	က	m	8
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 2. IMASS=83699	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPATIC MULTIPLE INOSITOL POLYPHOSPHATE PHOSPHATASE. IMASS=54619	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NESTIN. IMASS=208797	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF RECEPTOR-TYPE TYROSINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE ZETA PRECURSOR. IMASS=164596	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CULLIN-ASSOCIATED NEDD8-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 1. IMASS=136362	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 19 PRECURSOR. IMASS=125989	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(III) CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=138936
Total # peptide s	5	4	4	4	4	4	6
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM HMW OF KININOGEN-1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=70933	Rattus novegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L6. [MASS=32944	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L4. [MASS=47126	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IG KAPPA CHAIN C REGION, B ALLELE. IMASS=11601	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC IRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4A2. IMASS=46489	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HNRPK PROTEIN. IMASS=51028	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAN BINDING PROTEIN 5. IMASS=133476
	ဖ	8	9	4	4	7	rc.
# of unique peptide s from protein	n	ıo	ĸ	4	4	4	4

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM3. [MASS=83429	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO MPORTIN 7. IMASS=119704	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RANBP21. IMASS=136714	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-ACTININ-1. IMASS=102960	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ARCADLIN, [MASS=103800	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTOCADHERIN GAMIMA SUBFAMILY C. 3. IMASS=101038	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4A, ISOFORM 1. IMASS=46154
	Ratus nor PREDICTEI DNA REI LICENSING F	Rattus nor PREDICTET IMPORTIN 7.	Rattus nor PREDICTEI RANBP21. [Rattus nor ALPHA-IMASS	Rattus nor ARCADLIN.	Rattus nor PROTOCAD SUBFA IMASS	Rattus nor EUKARYOTIC INITIATION ISOFORM 1
Total # of peptide s	4	ເດ	4	4	4	4	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BETA-2- MICROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=13720	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=34622	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CLUSTERIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=51375	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEIN DISULFIDE. ISOMERASE PRECURSOR. IMASS=56951	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO INTER-ALPHA- INHIBITOR H2 CHAIN. [MASS=105715]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ELASTIN MICROFIBRIL INTERFACER 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA 2 TYPE VI COLLAGEN ISOFORM 2C2A PRECURSOR. IMASS=98272
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide peptide s from peptide s	4	9	3	3	5	3	
# of unique peptide s from protein	e	ဇ	3	3	e	3	ဗ
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 3 GLOBIN. IMASS=16540	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSE 6- PHOSPHATE/INSULIN- LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II RECEPTOR. IMASS=273608	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED NUCLEOLIN-RELATED PROTEIN NRP. [MASS=57036]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DYNEIN HEAVY CHAIN, CYTOSOLIC, [MASS=532252]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEROXIREDOXIN-1. IMASS=22109	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EXTRACELLULAR SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE [CU-ZN] PRECURSOR. [MASS=26620	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FILAMIN A. IMASS=290169
Total # peptide s	3	9	4	4	4	22	4
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAN BINDING PROTEIN 5. [MASS=99947]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RATSG1, [MASS=49199	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA. [MASS=83185	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS- TRANS ISOMERASE A. [MASS=17743	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEROXIREDOXIN-2. IMASS=21652	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN DO. IMASS=38192	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins A2/B1. [MASS=32468
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	ĸ	ιn	6	9	9	7	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RIBONUCLEOTIDE REDUCTASE M1. IMASS=90293	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: RETINOL BINDING PROTEIN 4, PLASMA, IMASS=50139	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 7. [MASS=90661	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CCTETA, ETA SUBUNIT OF THE CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP-1. IMASS=75684	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 5. [MASS=152144	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEUROCAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR, IMASS=135545
Total # of peptide	4	2	4		4	ဖ
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COLLAGEN ALPHA 2(IV) CHAIN PRECURSOR - MOUSE. IMASS=192535	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF NEUROFASCIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=138004	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE (OR CYSTEINE) PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE A (ALPHA-1 ANTIPROTEINASE, ANTITRYPSIN), MEMBER 6, IMASS=44671	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SP120-Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U. IMASS=87748	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN SZ7A. [MASS=17951	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF RECEPTOR-TYPE TYROSINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE ZETA PRECURSOR. IMASS=164596
Total number of peptide	4	8	3	9	9	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	ဗ	3	က	8	3	٣
# of unique Total # betting peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s protein protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT INHIBITORY FACTOR H. IMASS=140344	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: KINESIN EAMILY MEMBER 4. IMASS=139682	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CELL GROWTH REGULATOR WITH EF HAND DOMAIN 1. [MASS=30835	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUKEMIA INHIBITORY FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=122394	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PLEXIN-B2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=216119	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR-RELATED PROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=519276
Total #	5	4	4	4	4	r.
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S3A. [MASS=29814	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IXNRD1 PROTEIN. IMASS=63002	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4A, ISOFORM 1. IMASS=46154	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN THETA. [MASS=27778	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA ISOFORM OF REGULATORY SUBUNIT A. PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2. IMASS=65323	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEIN KINASE C- BINDING PROTEIN NELL2. [MASS=91334
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	4	4	ro	4	4	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SEIZURE 6-LIKE PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=145670]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEPARIN COFACTOR 2 PRECURSOR, [MASS=54552	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM2. IMASS=102272	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NIDOGEN. IMASS=138365	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEPTIDYLPROLYL ISOMERASE C. [MASS=23009	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF POLYPYRIMIDINE TRACT- BINDING PROTEIN 2. [MASS=57645	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IXNRD1 PROTEIN. [MASS=63002
Total # of peptide s	r.	4	4	ĸ	7	4	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L13. IMASS=24178	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 7. IMASS=90661	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VIMENTIN. IMASS=53602	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUKOCYTE COMMON ANTIGEN-RELATED PHOSPHATASE PRECURSOR. [MASS=207012	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEUROSERPIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=46278	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEUROCAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=135545	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO AMYLOID BETA (A4) PRECURSOR-LIKE PROTEIN 1. IMASS=68777
Total number of peptide	3	3	3	က	က	4	m
# of unique peptide s from protein	3	3	3	င	e	e	
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUKOCYTE COMMON ANTIGEN-RELATED PHOSPHATASE PRECURSOR. [MASS=212954	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTOCADHERIN GAMMA SUBFAMILY C. 3. IMASS=101038	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MYOSIN-9. IMASS=226207	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN EPSILON IMASS=29174	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) THROMBOSPONDIN 1. IMASS=129671	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HISTONE H1.2. IMASS=21856	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RATSG1, [MASS=49199
Total # peptide s	4	7	4	4	4	7	က
# of unique peptides from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	က
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STRUCTURAL MAINTENANCE OF CHROMOSOME 3. [MASS=138448]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO IMPORTIN 7. [MASS=119704	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CADHERIN-6 PRECURSOR. [MASS=88341]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VITAMIN D-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=53544	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALANYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. [MASS=10681]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TRANSFORMING GROWTH FACTOR, BETA INDUCED, 68 KDA. IMASS=74369	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to phosphoribosylformylglyci namidine synthase. [MASS=146178
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	4	4	4	7	4	4	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

			# of			# of	Total		# of	# 1 7 7 4	
unique Total# peptide peptide Proteil s from s protein		Protein matches E12.5	unique peptides from protein	Total # peptide s	unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s	number of peptide s	Protein matches E14 4thV	unique peptide s from protein	of of peptide s	Protein matches E17.5 LV
6 Ratt	Ratt PRE TC	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CRB2 PROTEIN. IMASS=138781	3	3	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CC2-27. [MASS=120523	က	m _.	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) HEPARIN COFACTOR 2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=54552	4	ro ·	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TENASCIN (FRAGMENT). [MASS=62473
Rat AFA	Rat AF/	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AFAMIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=69335	3	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA ENOLASE. [MASS=46489	3	3	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NETRIN RECEPTOR UNCSC PRECURSOR. IMASS=103135	4	D.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) QUIESCIN Q6. [MASS=82412
Ra Ra	찖띰	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RANBP21. IMASS=136714	3	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYRAC. [MASS=31353	8	8	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CULLIN-ASSOCIATED. NEDD8-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 1, IMASS=136362	7	9	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) POLY (ADP-RIBOSE) POLYMERASE 1. [MASS=112529
6	~	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BETA-2- MICROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=13720	က	ທ	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VITAMIN D-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=53544	က	က	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUKEMIA INHIBITORY FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=122394	4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF CULLIN-ASSOCIATED NEDD8-DISSOCIATED PROTEIN 2. [MASS=139673
ه ترا	∝ I	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L13. IMASS=24178	ю	ro	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4A2_[MASS=46489]	က	ဗ	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CLATHRIN HEAVY CHAIN. IMASS=191599	4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO INTER-ALPHA TRYPSIN INHIBITOR, HEAVY CHAIN 1. IMASS=104581
ه ۳۱	∞	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S6. IMASS=28681	ю	m	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to phosphoribosylformylglyci namidine synthase. IMASS=146178	က	က	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FAM3C-LIKE PROTEIN. IMASS=24714	4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSIDASE 2, ALPHA B1. [MASS=114327
<u>ත</u> ල	କ ରା	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN GAMMA, IMASS=28171	က	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=34622	ဇ		Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ ALPHA-1 CHAIN PRECURSOR - MOUSE. IMASS=338692	4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STRUCTURAL MAINTENANCE OF CHROMOSOME 3.
∞ 찌미Б밂띪	요민입밀田	Ratlus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROGRAMMED CELL DEATH 6 INTERACTING PROTEIN: IMASS=75806	ю	ю	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN SA. [MASS=32693	က	က	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) THROMBOSPONDIN 1. [MASS=129671	4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DIHYDROPYRIMIDINASE- RELATED PROTEIN 2. IMASS=62278

# of Total # peptide peptide s from s protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 4 4 PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO P30 DBC PROTEIN. IMASS=114440	A REGULATORY SUBUNIT 1.	A FAM3C-LIKE PROTEIN. IMASS=24714	4 4 FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=122394		4 Raftus norvegicus (Rat) HAUSP, [MASS=128431	4 4
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSIDASE, ALPHA, CLASS 1A, MEMBER 1, IMASS=73125	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYRAC. [MASS=31353	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SEZ6B. [MASS=105607	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IG KAPPA CHAIN C REGION, BALLELE IMASS=11601	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC	IRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4A2. [MASS=46489]	IRANSIATION INITIATION FACTOR 4A2. IMASS=46489 Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CG1841-PA. ISOFORM A. IMASS=5252
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s	7	m	7		7		
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	2	2		2
# of unique Total # unique peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s s from protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14.3-3 PROTEIN THETA. [MASS=27778	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L18. IMASS=21527	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ADENOSYLHOMOCYST EINASE. IMASS=47407	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPARC PRECURSOR. IMASS=34384	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROCOLLAGEN- LYSINE.2- OXOGLUTARATE 5- DIOXYGENASE 3	PRECURSOR. IMASS=85060	PRECURSOR. IMASS=85060 Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to C. 1-TETRAHYDROFOLATE SYNTHASE. CYTOPLASMIC. IMASS=100351
Total # peptide s	က	3	4	3	က		· m
# of unique peptides from protein	က	8	3	3	ဗ		က
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PUTATIVE PRE- MRNA SPLICING FACTOR RNA HELICASE. IMASS=90977	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EXTRACELLULAR SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE [CU-ZN] PRECURSOR. [MASS=26620	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SMC4L1 PROTEIN. [MASS=146806	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICEOSOME RNA HELICASE BAT1. [MASS=49035	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S9.	04027-050 <u>NIV</u>	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S ACIDIC RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN PO. IMASS=34215
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	4	15	4	4	4		4
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	4		4

# of			# of			# Of	Total		# of		
	Total # peptide s	Protein matches E12.5	unique peptides from	Total #	unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s	6 6	number of peptide	Protein matches E14 4thV	00-	Total # of peptide	Protein matches E17.5 LV
protein 4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ISOLEUCINE-TRNA SYNTHETABE IMASS=144169	protein 3	=	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S27A. [MASS=17951	protein 2	w m	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VITAMIN D-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=53544	protein 3	, 6	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT ALPHA TYPE 2. [MASS=25795
4	5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S10. IMASS=18916	е е	м	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA NAC/1.9.2. PROTEIN: [MASS=23384]	7	N	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VACUOLAR ATP SYNTHASE SUBUNIT S1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=51123	es es	e.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RATSG1, IMASS=49199
4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO VINCULIN. IMASS=116615	8	ĸ	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ALPHA-1B- GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=56479]	7	8	Rattus norvegicus (Rai) PREDICTED: ATPASE. H+ TRANSPORTING. LYSOSOMAL ACCESSORY PROTEIN 2. IMASS=66094	т	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COFILIN-1, [MASS=24588
4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CALSYNTENIN 1. IMASS=109351			Raftus norvegicus (Rat) SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE. [MASS=15780	2	2	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROCOLLAGEN, TYPE IX, ALPHA 2, IMASS=71422	<i>ه</i> .	'n	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS- TRANS ISOMERASE A. [MASS=17743]
4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EAR UPSTREAM ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 2. IMASS=74226	3	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4A, ISOFORM 1, IMASS=46154	2	က	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA ENOLASE. IMASS=46489	n	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAB GDP DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR BETA. IMASS=50685
4	2	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) L- LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE A CHAIN. IMASS=36451	3	ıo	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(V) CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=184610	2	6	SOLUBLE CALCIUM- SOLUBLE CALCIUM- ACTIVATED NUCLEOTIDASE 1.	က	က	Rattus norvegicus (Ral) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN SA. IMASS=32693
4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ACETYL-COA CARBOXYLASE 1. IMASS=265421	e.	8	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NONO/P54NRB HOMOLOG. IMASS=75487	2	2	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VASCULAR CELL ADHESION PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=81246	8	e	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PHOSPHATIDYLETHANOLAMI NE-BINDING PROTEIN. IMASS=20670
4	4	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MICROTUBULE- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 4. IMASS=110301	m	ю	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CALSYNTENIN 1. IMASS=109351	2	2	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to alpha 1 type II collagen. [MASS=138706	က	ဗ	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SECRETOGRANIN-3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=53163]

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEROXIREDOXIN-2. IMASS=21652	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE/CYSTEINE PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE C, MEMBER 1. [MASS=52234	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO AMYLOID BETA (A4) PRECURSOR-LIKE PROTEIN 1. [MASS=68777	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAN BINDING PROTEIN 5. IMASS=99947	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROGRAMMED CELL DEATH 6 INTERACTING PROTEIN. IMASS=75806	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: DYSTROGLYCAN 1. IMASS=96706	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Sit-like 2. [MASS=72321
Total # of peptide s	2	9	ю	S	e	ဖ	က
# of unique peptide s from protein	3	က	ဗ	£	3	ဗ	ဧ
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) C-REACTIVE PROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=25468	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPITHELIAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=98715	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BIFUNCTIONAL HEPARAN SULFATE N- DEACETYLASEN- SULFOTRANSFERASE 1 (GLUCOSAMINY N- DEACETYLASEN- SULFOTRANSFERASE 1) (NDST-1) (MASS=101202	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPARC PRECURSOR. IMASS=34384	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: GLYCOPROTEIN 4- BETA- GALACTOSYLTRANSFE RASE 2. IMASS=44484	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PAPPALYSIN-2 PRECURSOR. IMASS=204770	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MASP-3 PROTEIN. [MASS=8249]
Total number of peptide	2	က	2	2	2	2	2
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide	2	2		2	2	2	2
# of unique Total # eptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RUVB-LIKE 1. IMASS=50214	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to POSTSYNAPTIC DENSITY PROTEIN. IMASS=186848	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L4. [MASS=47126	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEIN DISULFIDE- ISOMERASE PRECURSOR. IMASS=56951	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ-2 ALPHAZ CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=359007	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO INTER-ALPHA- INHIBITOR H2 CHAIN IMASS=105715	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SHEN-DAN. [MASS=131080
Total # peptide s	ო	4	င	3	8	9	т
# of unique peptides from protein	m	ဧ	က	3	ဗ	က	ю
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLD SHOCK DOMAIN- CONTAINING PROTEIN E1, IMASS=88895	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 1. IMASS=105748	Rattus nonegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAS GTPASE: ACTIVATING-LIKE PROTEIN IQGAP1. IMASS=196522	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GTP-BINDING NUCLEAR PROTEIN RAN, TESTIS- SPECIFIC ISOFORM. [MASS=24451	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN ZETA/DELTA. IMASS=27771	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA ENOLASE. IMASS=46489	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUTATHIONE GLUTATHIONE PEROXIDASE 3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=25393
Total# peptide s	4	4	4	45	ဇ	S	r.
# of unique peptide s from protein	4	4	4	4	ဇ	8	m

	Ci.	71		4J 93			Ы	ایم
Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN DO. [MASS=38192	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEURAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE 1, 140 KDA ISOFORM PRECURSOR [MASS=94658	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PUTATIVE PRE-MRNA SPLICING FACTOR RNA HELICASE. [MASS=90977	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DNA POLYMERASE ALPHA CATALYTIC SUBUNIT (FRAGMENT). [MASS=165306	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ARX. [MASS=121446]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR [MASS=34622	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM PYBP1 OF POLYPYRIMIDINE TRACT- BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=56937	Ratius norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP
Total # of peptide s	3	3	n	မ	en	4	4	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	3	3	£ .	က	က	r		က
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to T- complex protein 1 subunit theta. IMASS=59745	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEAR AUTOANTIGENIC SPERM PROTEIN. IMASS=84200	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE. [MASS=15780]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN D PRECURSOR. IMASS=21635	Rattus norvedicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROGRAMMED CELL DEATH 6 INTERACTING PROTEIN. [MASS=75806]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SEMAPHORIN 6D-4. IMASS=159473	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IGH-1A PROTEIN. IMASS=51403	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) L- LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE A CHAIN IMASS=38451
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s	2	2	2	င	2	2	4	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
# of unique Total # poptides Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EAR UPSTREAM ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 2. [MASS=74226	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO IMPORTIN 9. IMASS=131739	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO VINCULIN. [MASS=116615	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to Nuclear autoantigenic sperm protein. [MASS=45764]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FAM3C-LIKE PROTEIN. IMASS=24714	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) D-3- PHOSPHOGLYCERATE DEHYDROGENASE. [MASS=56362]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COLLAGEN ALPHA 2(IV) CHAIN PRECURSOR - MOUSE. IMASS=192535	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROLIFERATION- ASSOCIATED 2G4, 38KDA, IMASS=43657
Total # peptide s	m	м	က	4	3	င	ıç	4
# of unique peptides from protein	က	က	က	က	3	က	ю	8
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: DYSTROGLYCAN 1. [MASS=96706	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COFILIN-1. IMASS=24588	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT-SHOCK PROTEIN 105 KDA. [MASS=96419	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA NAC/1.9.2. PROTEIN: IMASS=23384	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR TYPE 1 RECEPTOR ASSOCIATED PROTEIN. IMASS=80461	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FRUCTOSE- BISPHOSPHATE ALDOLASE A. IMASS=39221	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: BRAIN GLYCOGEN PHOSPHORYLASE. IMASS=96738	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CYSTATIN C PRECURSOR. IMASS=15437
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	ဖ	က	ო	4	7	4	က	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	m	ო	ო	ю	m	m	en .	က

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM5. IMASS=91577	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROFILIN-1. [MASS=14826	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CALSYNTENIN 1. [MASS=109351	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L18. IMASS=21527	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SPLICING FACTOR 3B. SUBUNIT 3. 130KDA. IMASS=174174	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPARC-LIKE PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR, [MASS=70634	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSIATION INITIATION FACTOR 442 [MASS=46489
Total # of peptide	က	ı,	n	ro.	ю	m	т
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	က	က	က	e .	ю	m
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RECEPTOR-LIKE PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE KAPPA EXTRACELLULAR REGION. IMASS=56159	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SEROTRANSFERRIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=76607	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAN BINDING PROTEIN 5. [MASS=133476]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOL IPOPROTEIN M PRECURSOR. IMASS=21513	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA. [MASS=83185	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CATHEPSIN D PRECURSOR.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MICROFIBRILLAR: ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 4. IMASS=29050
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s	3	6	8	က	8	8	က
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	7	2	2	2
# of unique Total # peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN GAMMA. IMASS=28171	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RAS GTPASE. ACTIVATING-LIKE PROTEIN IQGAP1. IMASS=196522	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTOCADHERIN. IMASS=505997	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CHAPERONIN SUBUNIT 6A. IMASS=58017	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3, SUBUNIT 10 THETA, 150/170kDA.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO VERY LARGE G PROTEIN-COUPLED RECEPTOR 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CADHERIN EGF LAG SEVEN-PASS G-TYPE RECEPTOR 2.
Total # peptide s	9	က	င	3	ဗ	3	3
# of unique peptides from protein	ю	ю	3	3	က	င	3
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PTK7 PROTEIN TYROSINE KINASE 7. IMASS=139818	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S27A. IMASS=17951	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT C4 PRECURSOR. [MASS=192163	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) POLY JADP-RIBOSE] POLYMERASE 1. [MASS=112529]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S4. X ISOFORM. [MASS=29467]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S8. IMASS=24074	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 3 GLOBIN. IMASS=16540
Total # peptide s	m	10	ю	က	4	4	က
# of unique peptide s from protein	m	ო	т	m	ო	ო	m

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus novegicus (Rat) EXTRACELLULAR SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE ICU-ZNI PRECURSOR. IMASS=26620	Rattus novegicus (Rat) CADHERIN-6 PRECURSOR, IMASS=88341	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S27A. [MASS=17951	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NIDOGEN 2. [MASS=173960]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO UBIQUITIN SPECIFIC PROTEASE 9, X-LINKED. IMASS=290881	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SMC4L1 PROTEIN. [MASS=146806]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins A2/B1, IMASS=32468
Total # of peptide s	ro.	ო	ဟ	ო	က	က	м
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	n	· ro	က	· 6	. m	က
Protein matches E14 4thV	Raffus norvegicus (Rat) FRUCTOSE- BISPHOSPHATE ALDOLASE A. [MASS=39221	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ADAMTS-1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=105719	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BETA-2- GLYCOPROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=33197	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BONE MORPHOGENETIC PROTEIN 1. IMASS=111332	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RECEPTOR-LIKE PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE GAMMA B-TYPE ISOFORM. IMASS=156024	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DERMCIDIN. IMASS=11284	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CALUMENIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=36997]
Total number of peptide s	8	ю	. 7	2	2	9	2
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s	81	74	2	2	2	7	2
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s protein protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STATHMIN. [MASS=17157	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GTP-BINDING NUCLEAR PROTEIN RAN, TESTIS- SPECIFIC ISOFORM. [MASS=24451	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ISOLEUCINE-TRNA SYNTHETASE. IMASS=144169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HISTONE H1.0. [MASS=20754	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COFILIN-1. [MASS=24588	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2-HS- GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=37982	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LERK-5. IMASS=37282
Total # peptide s	4	က	4	က	7	4	2
# of unique peptides from protein	e	င	က	က	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: PHOSPHORIBOSYLGLY CINAMIDE FORMYLTRANSFERASE. IMASS=107580	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA. IMASS=80701	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ATTRACTIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=163296]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S3. IMASS=26674	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 86. IMASS=56953	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GAMMA-GLUTAMYL HYDROLASE PRECURSOR. IMASS=35830	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) QUIESCIN Q6 [MASS=82412
Total # peptide s	8	9	ю	ო	7	3	ო
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	m	м	ო	ю	м	т

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) KINESIN-1 HEAVY CHAIN. IMASS=109531	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ADAMTS-1 PRECURSOR [MASS=105719	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PLEXIN-B2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=216119	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: KINESIN FAMILY MEMBER 4, [MASS=139682	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NON- ERYTHROCYTE BETA- SPECTRIN, [MASS=251205	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) D-3- PHOSPHOGLYCERATE DEHYDROGENASE. [MASS=56362	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF ACETYL-COA CARBOXYLASE 1. IMASS=265421
Total # of peptide s	ю	m	m	n	က	e	ო
# of unique peptide s from protein	m	г	es .	ب	ε	3	m
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Periostin precursor (PN) (Osteoblast-specific factor 2) (OSF-2). [MASS=90252	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AMBP PROTEIN PRECURSOR, IMASS=38851	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROBABLE G-PROTEIN COUPLED RECEPTOR 116 PRECURSOR. [MASS=149446]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PLATELET ENDOTHELIAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE PRECURSOR. [MASS=76189]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to FIBRINOGEN, GAMMA POLYPEPTIDE. IMASS=49121	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: AMINOPEPTIDASE PUROMYCIN SENSITIVE. IMASS=103344	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM PAM- 1 OF PEPTIDYL- GLYCINE ALPHA- AMIDATING MONOOXYGENASE PRECURSOR. IMASS=108819
Total number of peptide	8	∞	2	2	3	2	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	7	2	2	2	2	2
# of unique Total # unique peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s protein protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) L- LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE B CHAIN, IMASS=36481	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: PROTOCADHERIN 12. [MASS=127964	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: ATPASE. H+ TRANSPORTING. LYSOSOMAL ACCESSORY PROTEIN 2. IMASS=66094	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA. [MASS=80701	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IGH-1A PROTEIN. IMASS=51403	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FIBRILLIN-2. IMASS=313374	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOSOME ASSEMBLY PROTEIN 1- LIKE 1. IMASS=45373
Total # peptide s	m	5	2	2	2	2	8
# of unique peptides from protein	8	2	2	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM3. IMASS=83429	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DELETED IN COLORECTAL CANCER. IMASS=158142	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-ACTININ-1. IMASS=102960	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COATOMER SUBUNIT BETA'. IMASS=102420	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO P59 IMMUNOPHILIN. [MASS=80396	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FIBRINOGEN BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=54303	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S3. [MASS=26630
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	က	က	က	ო	4	က	e
# of unique peptide s from protein	m	м	ო	m	m	ю	ъ

I # Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOLIN. IMASS=77276	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SEROTRANSFERRIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=76607]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN XP 579585. [MASS=275729	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COLONIC AND HEPATIC TUMOR OVER-EXPRESSED PROTEIN ISOFORM A. IMASS=198456	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FILAMIN B. IMASS=291469	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CHROMOSOME CONDENSATION PROTEIN G. IMASS=113137	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AMBP PROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=38851	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) Neogenin precursor. IMASS=156144
# of Total # of peptide s from s	e e	e 6	£	e	e	3	3 13	
Protein matches E14 un 4thV s 1	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO FILAMIN A. IMASS=290169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 19 PRECURSOR. IMASS=125989	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VITAMIN K-DEPENDENT PROTEIN S PRECURSOR. IMASS=74627	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SEMA4B PROTEIN (FRAGMENT) [MASS=79477	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RHO GDP DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR (GDI) ALPHA. IMASS=23407	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EXPRESSED SEQUENCE C79407. [MASS=113188]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MYOSIN-10. IMASS=228965	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GM2 GANGLIOSIDE ACTIVATOR PROTEIN.
Total number of peptide	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide peptide s from peptide	2	2	2	7	2	2	2	2
# of unique Total # peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s s from protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO UBIQUITIN- CONJUGATING ENZYME E2 L3. IMASS=17862	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FRUCTOSE- BISPHOSPHATE ALDOLASE A. [MASS=39221	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) APOLIPOPROTEIN M PRECURSOR. IMASS=21513	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN C. IMASS=34385	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IG KAPPA CHAIN C REGION, B ALLELE. IMASS=11601	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PYRUVATE KINASE, MUSCLE, IMASS=57976	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOSIDE DIPHOSPHATE KINASE A. IMASS=17193	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN, BETA, 2. IMASS=49801
Total # peptide s	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	2
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1-ACID GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=23575	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1- MACROGLOBULIN. [MASS=167125]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LIVER CARBOXYLESTERASE 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=60175	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SIMILAR TO RIKEN CDNA 2810409H07. [MASS=44535	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PHOSPHOLIPID TRANSFER PROTEIN. IMASS=65430	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 26S PROTEASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 8. [MASS=45626	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA. IMASS=54660	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE.
Total # peptide s	က	က	3	3	4	3	S	က
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	က	м	ဇ		က	3	m

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUCYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE. IMASS=134279	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: THROMBOSPONDIN 4.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO TALIN 2. [MASS=273281	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO OLLISTATIN-LIKE 5. IMASS=95918	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) THROMBOSPONDIN 1. IMASS=129671	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STATHMIN. IMASS=17157
Total # of peptide s	m	က	m	က	က	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	m	n	e9	m	e	ю
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norveoicus (Rat) PREDICTED: PROCOLLAGEN, TYPE XII, ALPHA 1, IMASS=367709	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 2 GLOBIN. IMASS=16388	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HISTONE H1.2. IMASS=21856	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L8, IMASS=27893	Rattus norveaicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR-RELATED PROTEIN. IMASS=504889	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SUSHI, VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR TYPE A, EGF AND PENTRAXIN DOMAIN CONTAINING 1. IMASS=383558
Total number of peptide	7	2	4	8	က	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	8	7	8	2	2
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: GLYCOPROTEIN-4- BETA- GALACTOSYLTRANSFE RASE 2. [MASS=44484	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-1-ACID GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=23575	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BETA-1,3-N- ACETYLGLUCOSAMINY LTRANSFERASE LUNATIC FRINGE. IMASS=41958	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ELASTIN MICROFIBRIL INTERFACER 1. IMASS=107560	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A2/B1. IMASS=38284	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TPA: proteasome subunit beta type 6-like. IMASS=25304
Total # peptide s	2	2	2	2 2		7
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	2	, 8	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN XP 579585. IMASS=275729	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=96622	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 18 PRECURSOR. [MASS=123552]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM B OF AP-1 COMPLEX SUBUNIT BETA-1. [MASS=103873]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-2(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=129564	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SHEN-DAN. [MASS=131080
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	ო	ო	က	က	က	m
# of unique peptide s from protein	m	м	m	က	м	m

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: GLYCOPROTEIN 4-BETA- GALACTOSYLTRANSFERASE 2. IMASS=44484	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HISTONE H1.2. [MASS=21856	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEROXIREDOXIN-1. IMASS=22109	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-ENOLASE. [MASS=46997	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAB GDP DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR ALPHA. IMASS=50537	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ANGIOTENSIN-CONVERTING ENZYME, SOMATIC ISOFORM PRECURSOR, IMASS=150908	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA ENOLASE. IMASS=46489	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN 86. IMASS=56953
Total # of peptide	4 □ Ø	4	es	m	4	2 최민의	7	4
# of unique peptide s from protein	м	က	6	2	~	2	2	7
Protein matches E14 4thV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GTP-BINDING NUCLEAR PROTEIN RAN, TESTIS- SPECIFIC ISOFORM. IMASS=24451	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN EPSILON, IMASS=29174	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR-BINDING PROTEIN COMPLEX ACID LABILE CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=66812					
Total number of peptide	2	2	2					
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2					
# of unique Total # peptides peptides Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BETA-2- GLYCOPROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=33197	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GRP78 BINDING PROTEIN. IMASS=110574	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HAPTOGLOBIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=38549	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to alpha 1 type II collagen. IMASS=138706	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN TYPE A1(XI)7-8. [MASS=45691	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROPROTEIN CONVERTASE SUBTILISIN/KEXIN TYPE 9 PRECURSOR. [MASS=74709	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEIC ACID BINDING FACTOR PRM10. [MASS=33815]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA 3 TYPE VI COLLAGEN ISOFORM 1 PRECURSOR:
Total # peptide s	2	2	2	ო	2	2	2	2
# of unique peptides from protein	2	7	2	2	2	7	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPARC-LIKE PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=70634	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOSIDE DIPHOSPHATE KINASE B. [MASS=17283]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) D-3- PHOSPHOGLYCERATE DEHYDROGENASE. [MASS=56362	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEIN DISULFIDE- ISOMERASE A3 PRECURSOR. [MASS=57079]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LARGE PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN BAT3. [MASS=114647]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO IMPORTIN 9. [MASS=131739]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 25 KDA FK506- BINDING PROTEIN. [MASS=25179]	Rattus novegicus (Rat) DNA POLYMERASE DELTA CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. [MASS=123601
Total #	es .	m	m	က	m	r.	ю	ю.
# of unique peptide s from protein	m	м	m	m	ო	က	က	က

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA ACTININ 4. [MASS=104915	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM APP770 OF AMYLOID BETA A4 PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT). IMASS=86704	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to T. KININOGEN 2 PRECURSOR (Fragment). IMASS=72419	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEAT SHOCK 70KDA PROTEIN 4 LIKE IMASS=136266	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN BETA-3 CHAIN. [MASS=50419	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 54-1, IMASS=16701	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PYRUVATE KINASE. MUSCLE. IMASS=57976	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PEPTIDOGLYCAN RECOGNITION PROTEIN 2. IMASS=39775
Total # of peptide	7	81	8	7	4	7	4	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	7	2	7	7	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide s								
								:
# of unique Total # unique peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s s from protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSIDASE 2. ALPHA B1. [MASS=114327	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) METALLOPROTEINASE INHIBITOR 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=23794	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP1, SUBUNIT 5.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO VESICULAR INTEGRAL-MEMBRANE PROTEIN VIP36 PRECURSOR. IMASS=40393	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IRON-RESPONSIVE ELEMENT-BINDING PROTEIN 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RIBONUCLEOTIDE REDUCTASE M1. IMASS=90293	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S ACIDIC RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN PO IMASS=34215	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AMBP PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=38851
Total # peptide s	2		2	2	2	2	2	4
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CHAPERONIN SUBUNIT 6A. IMASS=58017	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF INTERLEUKIN ENHANCER-BINDING FACTOR 3. IMASS=97680	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF REELIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=387531	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO DNA REPLICATION LICENSING FACTOR MCM2. IMASS=102272	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S18. [MASS=17719	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HISTIDINE-RICH GLYCOPROTEIN. IMASS=57581	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HISTONE H1.2. IMASS=21856	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) <u>DYNACTIN-1.</u> [MASS=14193 <u>0</u>
Total # peptide s	က	ო	6	ဇ	3	4	4	က
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	e	ю	က	٣	က	က	т

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) L- LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE B CHAIN. IMASS=36481	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) IGH-1A PROTEIN, [MASS=51403	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-2-HS-GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=37982	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM IIBA OF DYNAMIN 2. IMASS=98246	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SORTILIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=91169	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEMOGLOBIN BETA-1 SUBUNIT. [MASS=15848	Rattus norvegious (Rat) TRANSLATIONALLY- CONTROLLED TUMOR PROTEIN IMASS=19462	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA 2 MACROGLOBULIN CARDIAC ISOFORM. IMASS=163218
Total # of peptide	7	7	4 <u>4</u>	2	7	m	7	4 ∞]
# of unique peptide s from Protein	7	7	77	7	7	2	73	2
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide s								
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s								
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SYNTENIN-1. IMASS=32423	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RECEPTOR-LIKE PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE KAPPA EXTRACELLULAR REGION, IMASS=56159	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEMICENTIN 1. IMASS=639647	Rattus norvegicus (Rati) EPITHELIAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=98715	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VASCULAR CELL ADHESION PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=81246	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CG1841-PA. ISOFORM A. IMASS=52522	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CLUSTERIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=51375	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S3 IMASS=26630
Total # peptide s	2	3	8	3	2	2	2	2
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO REGULATOR OF NONSENSE IRANSCRIPTS 1. IMASS=88226	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VIGILIN. [MASS=141584	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L3. IMASS=46005	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-MANNOSIDASE 2. IMASS=131242	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTOCADHERIN. [MASS=505997	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROLIFERATION- ASSOCIATED 2G4, 38KDA. [MASS=43657]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STATHMIN. [MASS=17157	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to 60S ribosomal protein L38. [MASS=8215
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	က	m	4	ო	ю	ю	5	т
# of unique peptide s from protein	м	т	က	т	က	ю	m	m

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAT ALPHA(1)-INHIBITOR 3. VARIANT I PRECURSOR. IMASS=165326	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT BETA TYPE 1. [MASS=26479]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO IMMUNOGLOBULIN HEAVY CHAIN. IMASS=120447	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM B OF AP-1 COMPLEX SUBUNIT BETA-1. [MASS=103873	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GPI- ANCHORED MEMBRANE PROTEIN 1. IMASS=75707	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) T- COMPLEX PROTEIN 1 SUBUNIT DELTA. IMASS=57968	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTECTIVE PROTEIN FOR BETA-GALACTOSIDASE. [MASS=51216	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to Proteasome 26S subunit. ATPase 3. IMASS=50509
Total # of peptide	8	~	7	8	ю	7	7	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	2	8	7	7	7	2
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide								
# of unique peptide s from protein	(
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA. [MASS=50669]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L13. [MASS=24178]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ARCADLIN. IMASS=103800	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CELLULAR APOPTOSIS SUSCEPTIBILITY PROTEIN. IMASS=110214	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SEMAPHORIN 6D-4. IMASS=159473	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L3, [MASS=46005	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TENASCIN (FRAGMENT). [MASS=67815]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK 70 KDA PROTEIN 1A/1B. [MASS=70185]
Total # peptide s	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7
# of unique peptides from protein	7	2	7	2	2	2	2	7
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S7. [MASS=22127	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(V) CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=184610	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HAUSP, [MASS=128431	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTOCADHERIN GAMMA SUBFAMILY C. 3. IMASS=101038	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOLIN. IMASS=77276	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO UBIQUITIN SPECIFIC PROTEASE 9, X-LINKED. IMASS=290681	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ENHANCER-TRAP- LOCUS-1. [MASS=159154	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PHOSPHOGLYCERATE MUTASE 2. IMASS=28624
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	ю	က	က	ო	5	က	က	9
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	က	es .	m	က	ю	ю	က

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED ADAPTOR- RELATED PROTEIN COMPLEX 1, GAMMA 1 SUBUNIT. IMASS=91693	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HSPC263, [MASS=37041	Ratfus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA NAC/1.9.2. PROTEIN IMASS=23384	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-ACTININ-4. IMASS=104786	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR. IMASS=308474	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FATTY ACID-BINDING PROTEIN BRAIN. [MASS=14733	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GM2 GANGLIOSIDE ACTIVATOR PROTEIN. IMASS=21493
Total # of peptide	7	7	м	m	7	8	74
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	2	2	7	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV							
Total number of peptide							
# of unique peptide s from protein							
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Slit-like 2. [MASS=72321	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED; SIMILAR TO POLY(RC)-BINDING PROTEIN 1, IMASS=37498	C-REACTIVE PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=25468]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to FIBRINOGEN, GAMMA POLYPEPTIDE. IMASS=49121	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NEUROSERPIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=46278]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PUTATIVE PRE- MRNA SPLICING FACTOR RNA HELICASE. [MASS=90977	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE (OR CYSTEINE) PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE A (ALPHA-1 ANTIPROTEINASE, ANTITRYPSIN), MEMBER 6.
Total # peptide s	2	2	2	3	2	2	ო
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DAMAGE-SPECIFIC DNA BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=127059]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SIDEKICK 2. [MASS=466498]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEPTIDYLPROLYL ISOMERASE C. IMASS=23009	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TENASCIN (FRAGMENT). [MASS=67815	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L28. [MASS=16313]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ALPHA-ENOLASE. IMASS=46997	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to T. KININOGEN 2 PRECURSOR (Fragment). [MASS=72419
# of unique Total # peptide s from s protein	5	6	8	3	3	2	8
# of unique peptide s from protein	က	က	က	m	က	7	8

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat), SSB PROTEIN, IMASS=43926	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSIDASE, ALPHA, CLASS 14, MEMBER 1, [MASS=73125]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VIGILIN, IMASS=141584	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED-MATRIN-3 [MASS=44733	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRINOGEN ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=86686	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPITHELIAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=98715	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FRUCTOSE-BISPHOSPHATE ALDOLASE C. [MASS=39153	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN BETA CHAIN. [MASS=49963
Total # of peptide s	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	, 8
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide s								
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide peptide s from peptide								
# of unique Total # peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEMOPEXIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=51291	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: BRAIN GLYCOGEN PHOSPHORYLASE: [MASS=96738]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S9. [MASS=22648]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L12. [MASS=17847]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SEZ6B. [MASS=105607	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SEMAAB PROTEIN (FRAGMENT). IMASS=79477	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF NEUROFASCIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=138004	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COLLAGEN ALPHA1 TYPE VI-PRECURSOR. IMASS=130760
Total # peptide s	8	2	2	2	2	2	2	ю
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYRAC. IMASS=31353	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK-RELATED 70 KDA PROTEIN 2. IMASS=69528	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROLIFERATING CELL NUCLEAR ANTIGEN. [MASS=28749]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALPHA ENOLASE. IMASS=27286	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYDROXYMETHYLGLUT ARYL-COA SYNTHASE, CYTOPLASMIC, IMASS=57434	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEAT SHOCK 70KDA PROTEIN 4 LIKE. [MASS=136266]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RUVB-LIKE 2. IMASS=51147	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF PLASMINOGEN ACTIVATOR INHIBITOR 1 RNA-BINDING PROTEIN. IMASS=42984
Total # peptide s	3	2	3	2	6	3	2	3
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	7	2	2	7	2

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ISOCITRATE DEHYDROGENASE INADP] CYTOPLASMIC. [MASS=46734	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4, GAMMA 1 ISOFORM A, IMASS=93472	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK-RELATED 70 KDA PROTEIN 2. IMASS=69528	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF15, IMASS=159554	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DAMAGE-SPECIFIC DNA BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=127059]	Rattus novegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK 70 KDA PROTEIN 1A/18. [MASS=70185	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO GLYCERALDEHYDE-3- PHOSPHATE DEHYDROGENASE, IMASS=35200
Total # of peptide	7	8	7	7	8	8	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	7	7	2	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV							
Total number of peptide							
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide				Affilia de la companio del control del con			
# of unique Total # peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S ACIDIC RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN P2. [MASS=11692	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DERMCIDIN. MASS=11284	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 2 GLOBIN. IMASS=16388	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN BETA CHAIN. IMASS=49963	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SERINE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 2.4. [MASS=46841]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COATOMER PROTEIN COMPLEX SUBUNIT ALPHA. IMASS=138360	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Periostin precursor (PN) (Osteoblast-specific factor 2) (OSF-2). IMASS=90252
Total #	2	ĸ	2	2	2	2	2
# of unique peptides from protein	7	2	2	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RUVB-LIKE 1. IMASS=50214	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUTATHIONE S- TRANSFERASE P. IMASS=23308	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MANNOSIDASE, ALPHA. CLASS 1A, MEMBER 1. [MASS=73125]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RHO GDP DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR (GDI) AL PHA. IMASS=23407	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM PYBP1 OF OLYPYRIMIDINE TRACT-BINDING PROTEIN 1. [MASS=56937	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED-HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90-BETA (Frgament). IMASS=50669	Rattus novegicus (Rat) METALLOPROTEINASE INHBITOR 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=23794
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	2	2	2	2	2	3	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	8	2	2	2	8	8

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-2(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=129564	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPSILON 3 GLOBIN. IMASS=16540	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEMOPEXIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=51291	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(V) CHAIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=184610]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 1- PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL- 4.5-BISPHOSPHATE PHOSPHODIESTERASE GAMMA 1, IMASS=148548	Rattus norvegious (Rat) BETA- 2-MICROGLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=13720	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) STRUCTURAL MAINTENANCE OF CHROMOSOME 1-LIKE 1 PROTEIN. IMASS=143205	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) T. CADHERIN. [MASS=78086
Total # of peptide s	က	2	2	ø	7	40	ဗ	က
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	7	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide s								
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide s								
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF MYOSIN-11 (FRAGMENT). IMASS=152492	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S10. [MASS=18916]	Raftus norvegicus (Raf) HISTIDINE-RICH GLYCOPROTEIN. IMASS=57581	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RAB GDP DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR BETA. IMASS=50685	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LIVER CARBOXYLESTERASE 1 PRECURSOR. IMASS=60175	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN GP96. [MASS=92771	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOC362795 PROTEIN. IMASS=52392	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL-TERMINAL HYDROLASE 5. [MASS=95779]
Total # peptide s	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: NIDOGEN 2. [MASS=173960	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ENO1 PROTEIN. IMASS=47532	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SORTILIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=91169	Rattus novegicus (Rat) 60S ACIDIC RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN P2. IMASS=11692	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FOLLISTATIN-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=34622]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PSMC6 PROTEIN. IMASS=45797	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SYNTENIN-1. [MASS=32423	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INOSINE MONOPHOSPHATE DEHYDROGENASE 2. [MASS=55799
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	7	2	7	က	ဇ	2	7	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	7	7	7	2	8	7

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BETA- 2-GLYCOPROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR. [MASS=33197]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CALCIUM-DEPENDENT SECRETION ACTIVATOR 1. IMASS=146266	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3 SUBUNIT 9. [MASS=107985	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ADAPTOR PROTEIN COMPLEX AP-2, ALPHA 2 SUBUNIT, IMASS=104174	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOSOME ASSEMBLY PROTEIN 1-LIKE 1. [MASS=45373	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTHROMBIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT). [MASS=70412	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CADHERIN 11. [MASS=88036
Total # of peptide s	8	~	8	7	4	7	И
# of unique peptide s from protein	8	8	84	8	7	8	0
Protein matches E14 4thV							·
Total number of peptide s							
# of unique peptide s from protein							
# of unique Total # peptides peptides Protein matches E14 LV from s protein	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INOSINE MONOPHOSPHATE DEHYDROGENASE 2. IMASS=55799	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN RGD1305890. IMASS=31776	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO BETA- GALACTOSIDASE PRECURSOR.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MICROFIBRILLAR- ASSOCIATED PROTEIN 4. IMASS=29050	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ ALPHA-1 CHAIN PRECURSOR- MOUSE. IMASS=338692	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICEOSOME RNA HELICASE BAT1. IMASS=49035	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L24. [MASS=17779
Total # peptide s	2	2	2	2	8	2	2
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2	7	2	2	2
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: ATPASE. H+ TRANSPORTING, LYSOSOMAL ACCESSORY PROTEIN 2. IMASS=66094	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DNA PRIMASE LARGE SUBUNIT. IMASS=58603	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 3 SUBUNIT 9. [MASS=107985]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF SEX HORMONE- BINDING GLOBULIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=44533]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COLLAGEN ALPHA1 TYPE VI-PRECURSOR. IMASS=130760	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 11. IMASS=54019	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED- HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN A1, IMASS=33656
# of unique Total # peptide s from s protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	7

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) M- CADHERIN. IMASS=85753	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICEOSOME RNA HELICASE BAT1. IMASS=49035	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RANBP4, [MASS=118926]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: PROCOLLAGEN, TYPE XII, ALPHA 1. IMASS=367709	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SLIT-ROBO RHO GTPASE- ACTIVATING PROTEIN 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: HISTONE DEACETYLASE 6. IMASS=168631	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DERMCIDIN. [MASS=11284
Total # of peptide	~	~	8	7	7	2	7	S2
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	7	2	7	2	7	2
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide						:		
# of unique r peptide s from protein								
Total # peptide Protein matches E14 LV s	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO STABILIN-1. [MASS=288663]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 26S PROTEASOME NON-ATPASE REGULATORY SUBUNIT 11. IMASS=54019	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to 60S ribosomal protein L29. [MASS=16961			-		
Total # peptide s	2	2	2					
# of unique peptides from protein	2	2	2					
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE- BINDING PROTEIN BETA SUBUNIT 2-LIKE 1. [MASS=35419	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: EUKARYOTIC IRANSLATION ELONGATION FACTOR 1 GAMMA. IMASS=72445	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO DEAD/H BOX POLYPEPTIDE 36 PROTEIN. IMASS=113843	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PYRUVATE KINASE 3. IMASS=84928	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HSPC263. IMASS=37041	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FIBRILLIN-2. [MASS=313374	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 15 KDA PROTEIN. IMASS=14671	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF FIBRINOGEN ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=86666
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	7	က	2	2	က	۲۰	2	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	8	2	2	7	2	2

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus novegicus (Rat) TRIOSEPHOSPHATE ISOMERASE, [MASS=26790	Rattus novecicus (Rat) GLUCOSAMINE IMASS=60914	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO N- TERMINAL ACEYL TRANSFERASE 1. IMASS=100994	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF DNA, IMASS=173853	Rattus novegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT BETA TYPE 2. [MASS=22912	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN THETA. IMASS=27778	Rattus norvegious (Rat) 14-3-3 PROTEIN BETA/ALPHA, IMASS=27923	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CALMODULIN IMASS=16706	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR-BINDING PROTEIN COMPLEX ACID LABILE CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=66812
Total # of peptide	7	7	8	~	7	4	8	7	74
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	7	.2	7	2	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV									
Total number of peptide s									
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s									
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein									
Total # peptide s									
# of unique peptides from protein									
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S13. [MASS=17091	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF DNA-BINDING PROTEIN A. IMASS=38852	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RETINOL-BINDING PROTEIN I, CELLULAR. [MASS=15703	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TPA: proteasome subunit beta type 6-like. IMASS=25304	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEIN ARGININE N- METHYL TRANSFERASE 1. IMASS=42436	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSLATIONALLY- CONTROLLED TUMOR PROTEIN. IMASS=19462	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO STABILIN-1. [MASS=288663]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7. [MASS=30329	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SERINE PROTEASE INHIBITOR 2.4. IMASS=46841
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	2	n	2	2	2	2	3	2	7
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	7	2	2	2	7	2	2	8

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: CHROMODOMAIN HELICASE DNA BINDING PROTEIN 4. IMASS=222452	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L6. IMASS=32944	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO STABILIN-1. IMASS=288663	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TENASCIN (FRAGMENT). [MASS=67815	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR- RELATED PROTEIN. IMASS=504889	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ZERO BETA-1 GLOBIN IMASS=16023	Rattus nonegicus (Ral) GTP- BINDING NUCLEAR PROTEIN RAN, TESTIS-SPECIFIC ISOFORM, IMASS=24451	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COLLAGEN ALPHA-1(III) CHAIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=138936
Total # of peptide s	74	8	2	. 7	7	2	7	8
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	2	2	7	2	8	2
Protein matches E14 4thV	,							
Total number of peptide s								
# of unique peptide s from protein								
# of unique Total # unique peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s protein protein protein								
Total # peptide s								
# of unique peptides from protein	-							
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOSIDE DIPHOSPHATE KINASE A. IMASS=17193	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 5A- 1. IMASS=16701	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED-40S ribosomal protein S17. IMASS=16340	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF RECEPTOR-TYPE TYROSINE-PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE ZETA PRECURSOR. [MASS=164596]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CCR4-NOT IRANSCRIPTION COMPLEX, SUBUNIT 1 ISOFORM A. ISOFORM A.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEAT SHOCK 70 KDA PROTEIN 1A/1B IMASS=70185	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RECEPTOR-LIKE PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE KAPPA EXTRACELLULAR REGION. IMASS=56159	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEIC ACID BINDING FACTOR PRM10. IMASS=33815
Total# peptide s	2	2	2	က	2	2	3	ю
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	74

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus novesicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPATIC MULTIPLE INOSITOL POLYPHOSPHATE PHOSPHATASE. [MASS=54619]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO MUCIN 17. IMASS=189893	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE (OR CYSTEINE) PROTEINASE INHIBITOR. CLADE A (ALPHA-1 ANTIPROTEINASE. ANTIPRYPSIN). MEMBER 6. IMASS=44671	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) FARNESYL PYROPHOSPHATE SYNTHETASE, IMASS=40830	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HEPARAN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN 2.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ELAV. IMASS=49528	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED; SIMILAR TO TUBULIN-SPECIFIC CHAPERONE D. IMASS=60160
Total # of peptide s	2	~	တ	7	m	8	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	7	7	2	7	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV							
Total number of peptide							
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide							
# of unique Total # peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein							
Total # peptide s							
# of unique peptides from protein			·				
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM APP770 OF AMYLOID BETA A4 PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT).	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: similar to Fibulin-1 precursor. IMASS=75381	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) CADHERIN EGF LAG SEVEN-PASS G-TYPE RECEPTOR 2. [MASS=317122	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ARX. IMASS=121446	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN C. IMASS=34385	Rattus norvegious (Rat) PREDICTED: PROTEASOME (PROSOME, MACROPAIN) SUBUNIT, BETA TYPE 5.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 109 KDA PROTEIN. IMASS=108509
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	2	5	2	2	4	2	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	8	2	2	7	2

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COATOMER SUBUNIT BETA: [MASS=102420	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EXPRESSED SEQUENCE Al314180. IMASS=203921	Ratius norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO REGULATOR OF NONSENSE TRANSCRIPTS 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SORCSB SPLICE VARIANT OF THE VPS10 DOMAIN RECEPTOR SORCS. [MASS=129999]	Raffus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S19. IMASS=16172	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED. SIMILAR TO CYFIPT PROTEIN. [MASS=144933	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to FIBRINOGEN, GAMMA POLYPEPTIDE MASS=49121	Ratius norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO LAMININ B1. [MASS=228429
Total # of peptide s	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	77	7	α	8	7	7	7	7
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide s								
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s								
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein								
Total # peptide s								
# of unique peptides from protein								
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AMBP PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=38851	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME. [MASS=60688]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L14. [MASS=18408]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR-RELATED PROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR. [MASS=519276	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GRP78 BINDING PROTEIN. IMASS=110574	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO COLLAGEN ALPHA 2(IV) CHAIN PRECURSOR - MOUSE. [MASS=192535	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L.7A. IMASS=29864	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED-Proteasome 26S subunit, ATPase 3. IMASS=50509
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	2	7	2	2	2	ဇ	2	3
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	7	2	2	2	2	2

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) URIDINE MONOPHOSPHATE SYNTHETASE. IMASS=52379	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED, SIMILAR TO PROTOCADHERIN 18 PRECURSOR, IMASS=123552	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ASCC3L1 PROTEIN. IMASS=244875	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROLIFERATION- ASSOCIATED 2G4, 38KDA. IMASS=43657	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) T- COMPLEX PROTEIN 1 SUBUNIT ALPHA. IMASS=60360	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INOSINE MONOPHOSPHATE DEHYDROGENASE 2. IMASS=55799	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7A. IMASS=29864	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LOW- DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=96622	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO NISCHARIN. [MASS=148481
Total # of peptide s	74	7	7	7	8	7	74	7	က
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV									
Total number of peptide									
# of unique Total # peptides peptides Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s from protein									
Total# peptide s									
# of unique peptides from protein									
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO N-TERMINAL ACEYLTRANSFERASE 1. [MASS=100994	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) O-GLCNACASE. [MASS=102918	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S21. [MASS=9127	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO CYFIP1 PROTEIN. IMASS=144933	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S24. [MASS=15423]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DERMCIDIN. [MASS=11284	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L26. IMASS=24366	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SPLICING FACTOR 3B, SUBUNIT 1. IMASS=152445	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HAPTOGLOBIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=38549]
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	77	7	7	2	4	7	7	2	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	2	2	7	7	2	2	2

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO GTPASE ACTIVATING PROTEIN AND VPS9 DOMAINS 1. IMASS=160359	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO ALDEHYDE DEHYDROGENASE FAMILY 7, MEMBER A1 IMASS=58749	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NUCLEOSIDE DIPHOSPHATE KINASE B. [MASS=17283	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C6 PRECURSOR. IMASS=105114	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TYROSINE KINASE RECEPTOR 1. IMASS=125210	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEMOGLOBIN ALPHA-1/2 SUBUNIT, IMASS=15197	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN 518 [MASS=17719	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM V0 OF VERSICAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENT). IMASS=300008
Total # of peptide s	8	4	7	7	~	4	8	~
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	74	7	2	2	2
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide s								
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide protein s								
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein								
Total # peptide s								
# of unique peptides from protein								
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EXPRESSED SEQUENCE Al314180. [MASS=203921	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ARCADLIN. [MASS=103800	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) EPITHELIAL-CADHERIN PRECURSOR. IMASS=98715	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L7A. [MASS=13842]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO NISCHARIN. IMASS=148481	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPARC PRECURSOR. [MASS=34384	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE (OR CYSTEINE) PROTEINASE INHIBITOR, CLADE A (ALPHA-1 ANTIPROTEINASE, ANTITRYPSIN), MEMBER 6. IMASS=44671	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) VESICLE ASSOCIATED PROTEIN. IMASS=135350
Total # peptide s	2	2	2	3	2	7	2	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	~	2	2	2	2	72	2

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Ratius norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO MAM DOMAIN CONTAINING 2. IMASS=68019	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO PUTATIVE E3 LIGASE. IMASS=526904	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR 1 RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. IMASS=15524	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUCOSIDASE, ALPHA; ACID. [MASS=106207	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 1. SSUBCOMPONENT IMASS=77713	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 2 OF TROPOMYOSIN BETA CHAIN. IMASS=32958	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ALDOAL1. [MASS=39492
Total # of peptide	₂	m	2	7	~		2
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	8	8	7	7	~	2
Protein matches E14 4thV							
Total number of peptide							
# of unique Total # unique eptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide from s protein protein							
Total # peptide s							
# of unique peptides from protein							
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN ALDOAL1. IMASS=39492	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EUKARYOTIC TRANSLATION INITIATION FACTOR 4, GAMMA 1 ISOFORM A. [MASS=93472]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM CDK2- ALPHA OF CELL DIVISION PROTEIN KINASE 2. [MASS=33887	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT COMPONENT 2. [MASS=83699	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) ZINC PHOSPHODIESTERASE ELAC PROTEIN 2. [MASS=92340]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 116 KDA U5 SMALL NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN COMPONENT	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S16. IMASS=20192
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	3	2	2	7	2	7	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	7	2	2	2

Protein matches E17.5 LV	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DNA POLYMERASE DELTA CATALYTIC SUBUNIT. IMASS=123601	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) AC2- 008, IMASS=26204	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PRX IV. [MASS=31007]						
	Rattus	Rattus	Rattus						
Total # of peptide s	7	4	7						
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	7	74						
Protein matches E14 4thV									,
Total number of peptide s									
# of Total unique number peptide of s from peptide s from peptide									
# of unique Total # Protein matches E14 LV from s protein									
Total # peptide s									
# of unique peptides from protein									
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SERINE/THREONINE- PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2A CATALYTIC SUBUNIT BETA ISOFORM. [MASS=35575]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) MATRIN-3, [MASS=94447	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUKEMIA INHIBITORY FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR. [MASS=122394]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO POLY(RC)-BINDING PROTEIN 1. IMASS=37498	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LRRGT00164. [MASS=111258	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) DNA LIGASE 1. IMASS=102482	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HEMOGLOBIN ALPHA- 1/2 SUBUNIT. [MASS=15197	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L34. [MASS=13582]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TRANSKETOLASE IMASS=71159
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	2	2	2	m	2	2	2	2	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	7	2	7	7	2	7	2	2	2

				1	Γ	1	Τ	T				T
	Protein matches E17.5 LV											
Total #		S										
to#	unique peptide	s from protein										
	Protein matches E14 4thV											
Total	number of	peptide s										
# of		s from protein										
	unique lotal # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide											
100	otal# peptide	S									,	
jo #	peptides	rrom protein										
	Protein matches E12.5		Rattus norvedicus (Rat) SPLICE ISOFORM 1 OF HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN M. IMASS=74350	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HISTONE H2A. IMASS=14189	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S25. IMASS=13742	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN RGD1305890	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SSB PROTEIN. IMASS=43926	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) C-REACTIVE PROTEIN PRECURSOR. [MASS=25468	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GLUCOSAMINE IMASS=60914	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) TUBULIN BETA CHAIN. IMASS=49963	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) LEUKOCYTE COMMON ANTIGEN-RELATED PHOSPHATASE PRECURSOR. [MASS=212954]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED similar to POSTSYNAPTIC DENSITY PROTEIN. IMASS=186848
# 1040		n	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7
# of	peptide	protein	8	2	2	2	2	7	2	2	7	2

Protein matches E17.5 LV										
Total # of peptide										
# of unique peptide s from protein										
Protein matches E14 4thV										
Total number of peptide s										
# of unique peptide s from protein										
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein										
Total #										
# of unique peptides from protein										
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) COMPLEMENT INHIBITORY FACTOR H IMASS=140344	Ratus novegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT BETA TYPE 2. IMASS=22912	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S11. [MASS=18431	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO EIF4G1 PROTEIN. IMASS=175705	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 92 KDA PROTEIN. [MASS=91785	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO RANBP4. IMASS=118926	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) BETA-ENOLASE IMASS=46830	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PEROXIREDOXIN-1. IMASS=22109	Ratus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO APOLIPOPROTEIN C2. IMASS=10695	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) UDP-N- ACETYLGLUCOSAMINEPEPTIDE N- ACETYLGLUCOSAMINYL IRANSFERASE 110 KDA SUBUNIT. IMASS=116954
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	2	2	7	2	2	က	2	2	9	2
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	8

			,	,				
Protein matches E17.5 LV								
Total # of peptide s								
# of unique peptide s from								
Protein matches E14 4thV								
Total number of peptide)							
# of Total unique numbe peptide of s from peptide porotein s								
# of unique Total # peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV from s protein								
Total # peptide s								
# of unique peptides from protein								
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus nonegicus (Rati) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO NUCLEAR PORE COMPLEX.ASSOCIATED INTRANUCLEAR COILED-COIL PROTEIN TPR. IMASS=279947	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PROTEASOME SUBUNIT ALPHA TYPE 6 IMASS=27399	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO HCF. [MASS=215082	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO SHPRH PROTEIN. IMASS=192457	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L12. [MASS=17847]	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO TRANSLIN- ASSOCIATED FACTOR X (TSNAX) INTERACTING PROTEIN 1.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) JUNCTION PLAKOGLOBIN. IMASS=81801	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO GLYCERALDEHYDE. 3-PHOSPHATE DEHYDROGENASE. [MASS=35856
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	2	2	7	2	2	2	2	r.
# of unique peptide s from protein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

			,			,	
Protein matches E17.5 LV							
Total # of peptide s							
# of Total # unique of peptide s from s from of potein							
Protein matches E14 4thV							
Total number of peptide s							
# of unique r peptide s from protein							
# of Total # unique number peptides peptide Protein matches E14 LV peptide of from s protein s protein s							
Total # peptide s							
# of unique peptides from protein							
Protein matches E12.5	Rattus norvegicus (Rati) PREDICTED: SIMILAR TO DESMOPLAKIN ISOFORM II.	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) GM2 GANGLIOSIDE ACTIVATOR PROTEIN. IMASS=21493	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF15. IMASS=159554	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 29 KDA PROTEIN. IMASS=29242	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L13A, IMASS=23446	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) 60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L8. IMASS=27893	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) PREDICTED: TYROSINE KINASE RECEPTOR 1. [MASS=125210
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s protein	2	2	2	7	2	2	2
# of unique Total # peptide peptide s from s	2	2	2	7	2	2	2

Parada et al (J Proteome Res, 2005. 4:2420-8) identified 31 proteins within the rat e-CSF finding an abundance of extracellular matrix proteins. enzymes, and enzyme regulators, consistent with our study. We identified a much larger number of proteins within the CSF while identifying 24 of the 31 previously identified proteins. The 7 proteins that we did not find are the following: calreticulin, DJ-1, EEf1 g, laminin receptor 1, malate dehydrogenase 1, set beta isoform, and tyrosine 3-monooxygenase/tryptophan 5monooxygenase activation protein theta polypeptide. The differences between our study and the study by Parada et al appear a consequence of methodology rather than sample differences. Parada et al chose for mass spectrometry the most prominent silver-stained e-CSF proteins resolved by two-dimensional electrophoresis, whereas we performed an analysis of the entire e-CSF separated by one-dimensional electrophoresis. Our one-dimensional approach enabled a more comprehensive analysis (one which would be unwieldy for an entire two dimensional gel), the study by Parada et al is complementary with this one as some proteins resolved in two dimensions would have a reduced likelihood of becoming suppressed due to co-migration in one dimension with abundant protein species such as albumin.

Our analyses are semi-quantitative, and we idenetified interesting

differences between our various rat e-CSF samples. Apolipoprotein M is found in both E14.5 LV and E14.5 4thV but our analysis did not identify it in either E12.5 LV or E17.5 LV, phosphatidylethanolamine binding protein was found only in the E17.5 LV, collagen alpha 1 (XI) was identified in E14.5 and E17.5 LV, and phosphatase 2 (alpha isoform of regulatory subunit A) was found in E12.5 LV. Also, apolipoprotein D, an apolipoprotein that was not identified by Parada et al was identified only in the E14.5 4thV.

Comparison of human and rat CSF

5

10

15

30

In a comparison of proteins found in the human e-CSF to the proteins found in the rat e-CSF, we found that of the 188 proteins identified in the

human e-CSF, 135 human proteins were identified in any one of the four samples of embryonic rat CSF. 83 of those proteins were present in all four samples of embryonic rat CSF. Table 1 includes the human proteins found common to rat CSF. We have indicated the specific rat samples in which each protein was identified. Out of the top 50 proteins found in the human CSF, 45 were also found in the rat CSF.

Proteins common to human and rat CSF presumably represent proteins related to fundamental CSF functions. For example, e-CSF contains many transport and carrier proteins including transferrin, albumin, alpha-fetoprotein, transthyretin, ceruloplasmin, and plasma retinol-binding protein that are all involved in either metal ion or vitamin transport through fluid or across cell membranes. There are a number of apolipoproteins involved in the transport and metabolism of lipids and fatty acids in the CSF as reported in this paper and by Parada et al (supra). There are also a large number of enzymes and protease inhibitors in the CSF that are involved in regulating immune response and maintaining homeostasis.

Other proteins common to rat and human CSF may play more specific roles in neurogenesis. One factor in the e-CSF is Amyloid Beta A4 Protein Precursor (APP), which we identified in rat CSF at E12.5, E14.5, and E17.5 and human CSF at CS20. This protein is normally present in brain and a soluble form is known to circulate in adult CSF (Palmert et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci USA, 1989. 86:6338-42). The soluble form of APP has been shown to stimulate proliferation of embryonic neural stem cells as well as adult neural progenitor cells from the subventricular zone (Caille et al., Development, 2004. 131:2173-81; Hayashi et al., Biochem Biophys Res Commun, 1994. 205:936-43; Ohsawa et al., Eur J Neurosci, 1999. 11:1907-13). APP may play a role during neurogenesis not only within the cell but may be released in the extracellular space and taken up in the CSF in order to diffuse throughout the CSF a play a function at more distant sites. Similarly, Tenascin, which we found in all CSF samples from rat and human from CS 20, is a secreted

extracellular matrix glycoprotein implicated in axon guidance during development and regeneration (von Holst et al., J Biol Chem, 2007. 282: 9172-81), which was recently shown to be expressed in progenitor cells in the ventricular zone of the developing brain. CSF contains multiple critical extracellular matrix factors including fibronectin, laminin, tenascin, fibulin, versican, and neurocan core protein. Because many of these factors can support or orient neuronal migration, they may be acting in the CSF as external cues for proliferating and differentiating neuronal progenitor cells.

5

10

15

20

25

Few proteins were identified that may be exclusive to rat or human e-CSF. The protein Pigment Epithelium Derived Factor (PEDF) was only found in the human e-CSF and is known to circulate in the adult CSF and is significantly decreased in CSF of patients with frontotemporal dementia (Davidsson et al., Brain Res Mol Brain Res, 2002. 109:128-33). This secreted serine protease inhibitor, known to be released by retinal pigment cell into the matrix, is a known neurotrophic protein involved in survival and potentially differentiation of specific neurons (Houenou et al., J Comp Neurol, 1999. 412:506-14). PEDF is known to act on photoreceptor cells but also may play a role in spinal motor neuronal survival. It is likely that PEDF is released by the photoreceptor cells into the matrix and taken up by the CSF and may act on cell types and neurons by diffusion through the CSF. Similarly, the Neuronal Cell Adhesion Molecule L1-Like Protein, also found only in the human e-CSF is known to play important roles in neurite outgrowth and neuronal survival (Hillenbrand et al., Eur J Neurosci, 1999. 11:813-26; Montag-Sallaz et al., Mol Cell Biol, 2002. 22:7967-81; Nishimune et al., J Neurosci Res, 2005. 80:593-9).

Conversely, we only observed the Extracellular Superoxide Dismutase, a protein known to remove free radicals that can be toxic to cells in rat e-CSF. One of the functions of the e-CSF may be the removal of toxins and toxin metabolic byproducts, and therefore it would important to have proteins within the CSF that help neutralize some of the toxic products released into the CSF.

30 Additionally, we found in the rat e-CSF Mannose 6-phosphate/Insulin-like

Growth Factor II Receptor (IGF2R), a soluble form of the receptor has been found in the serum, amniotic fluid and urine of both rodents and humans, affecting organ size based on its interaction with IGF2 and other factors (Causin et al., Biochem J, 1988. 252:795-9; Kiess et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci USA, 1987. 84:7720-4; MacDonald et al., J Biol Chem, 1989. 264:3256-61; Xu et al., J Clin Endocrinol Metab, 1998. 83:437-42; Zaina et al., J Biol Chem, 1998. 273:28610-6). Confirmation of these apparent differences would require Western blotting, and may lead to studies of their intriguing biological potential in the e-CSF.

10

15

20

25

30

5

Subcellular localization of e-CSF proteins

To compare the e-CSF of human and rat further we analyzed the 188 proteins found in the human e-CSF and the 137 proteins in the rat e-CSF present in all samples based on subcellular localization, molecular function, and biological process. The subcellular localization of each protein in the CSF is shown in Tables 1 and 3. The majority of proteins found in the human (Figure 2A) and rat (Figure 2B) e-CSF are secreted proteins which compose 27% and 33% of the total proteins found within the CSF respectively. The second most common localization of proteins found in the e-CSF of both humans and rats are cell membrane proteins, composing 20% and 18% respectively. The relatively high percentage of membrane proteins is consistent with the recent discovery of membrane bound particles in the CSF (Marzesco et al., J Cell Sci, 2005. 118:2849-58). Out of 188 proteins found in the human e-CSF, 19% are cytoplasmic proteins, 16% are secreted proteins found in the extracellular space or extracellular matrix (ECM), 14% are nuclear proteins, and 9% are intracellular proteins that could not be specifically localized to one compartment. Out of 137 proteins present in all rat e-CSF samples 14% are cytoplasmic proteins, 15% are ECM proteins, 3% are nuclear proteins, and 12% are intracellular proteins. As a control to assess subcellular localization in a protein population of embryonic brain, we chose to analyze the top 200 proteins

identified from E16.5 mouse forebrain and midbrain in a previous study (Ballif et al., Mol Cell Proteomics, 2004. 3:1093-101). Figure 2C shows that 42% of these proteins are in the cytoplasm, 22% nuclear, 14% intracellular, 7% at the cell membrane, and 7% mitochondrial. Strikingly no mitochondrial proteins were found in the CSF. Out of the 200 proteins analyzed from embryonic mouse brain, two are secreted and three are found in the extracellular space or matrix. Figure 2D shows a graphical representation of the comparison of embryonic human CSF, rat CSF and mouse brain based on localization. The e-CSF as compared to brain tissue clearly has an abundant number of secreted proteins, extracellular matrix proteins, and cell membrane proteins as opposed to an overwhelming majority of cytoplasmic, nuclear, and mitochondrial proteins found in the brain tissue.

Molecular function and biological process

5

10

15

20

25

We used the PANTHER protein ontology database to classify the proteins into distinct categories of molecular function and biological process. Panther identified 180 out of 188 proteins with a total number of 237 functional hits for the human e-CSF, 119 out of 137 proteins with a total number of 155 functional hits for the rat e-CSF, and 191 out of 200 proteins with a total number of 234 functional hits for embryonic mouse brain. Table 1 shows the percentage of proteins assigned to each functional category in the embryonic human CSF, embryonic rat CSF, and E16.5 embryonic mouse brain. Figures 5A-5C represent functional classification of the samples as individual pie charts including the absolute number of proteins assigned to each function group.

Table 5. List of protein categories based on molecular function for embryonic human CSF rat CSF and mouse brain

5

10

human CSF, rat (CSF and m	ouse brain.			
Human CSF	Percent proteins in each category	Rat CSF	Percent proteins in each category	Mouse brain	Percent proteins in each category
Cell adhesion	11.1%	Cell adhesion	12.6%	Cell adhesion	2.60%
Chaperone	5.0%	Chaperone	5.0%	Chaperone	8.40%
Cytoskeletal	7.2%	Cytoskeletal	8.4%	Cytoskeletal	11.50%
Defense/Immunity	8.3%	Defense/Immunity	6.7%	Defense/Immunity	0.00%
Extracellular matrix	15.6%	Extracellular matrix	10.9%	Extracellular matrix	0.50%
Hydrolase	2.2%	Hydrolase	1.7%	Hydrolase	6.30%
Kinase	1.1%	Kinase	2.5%	Kinase	2.60%
Ligase	0.6%	Ligase	0.8%	Ligase	3.70%
Membrane traffic	1.1%	Membrane traffic	0.8%	Membrane traffic	2.60%
Miscellaneous	4.4%	Miscellaneous	3.4%	Miscellaneous	2.60%
Unclassified	7.2%	Unclassified	5.9%	Unclassified	14.70%
Nucleic acid binding	10.0%	Nucleic acid binding	5.0%	Nucleic acid binding	18.30%
Oxidoreductase	2.8%	Oxidoreductase	5.0%	Oxidoreductase	4.70%
Phosphatase	1.1%	Phosphatase	2.5%	Phosphatase	1.60%
Protease	7.2%	Protease	6.0%	Protease	1.60%
Receptor	7.8%	Receptor	10.1%	Receptor	2.10%
Calcium binding	2.8%	Calcium binding	4.2%	Calcium binding	3.70%
Regulatory molecule	13.3%	Regulatory molecule	12.6%	Regulatory molecule	8.40%
Signaling molecule	6.1%	Signaling molecule	6.0%	Signaling molecule	1.60%
Synthase and synthetase	0.6%	Synthase and synthetase	1.0%	Synthase and synthetase	2.60%
Transcription factor	1.1%	Transcription factor	1.0%	Transcription factor	3.70%
Transfer/Carrier	8.3%	Transfer/Carrier	12.6%	Transfer/Carrier	3.70%
Transferase	1.7%	Transferase	1.0%	Transferase	4.70%
Transporter	3.9%	Transporter	3.4%	Transporter	4.70%
Cell junction protein	1.1%	Cell junction protein	0%	Cell junction protein	0%
Lyase	0%	Lyase	0%	Lyase	1.60%
Ion channel	0%	Ion channel	0%	Ion channel	1.60%
Isomerase	0%	Isomerase	1.7%	Isomerase	1.00%

Panther analysis of molecular function reveals the majority of proteins found within the human and rat CSF share similar functional categories (Table 4, Figure 3, and Figures 5A-5C). Proteins involved in extracellular matrix function make up, respectively, 16% and 11% of the majority of proteins found in the e-CSF of humans and rats. Other abundant categories of proteins found in the e-CSF include regulatory molecules such as protease inhibitors (human-

13%, rat-13%), cell adhesion proteins (human-11%, rat-13%), nucleic acid binding proteins (human-10%, rat-5%), transfer/carrier proteins (human-8%, rat-13%), immune defense proteins (human-8%, rat-7%), and receptors (human-8%, rat-10%). The total number of enzymes also is a large component of the CSF. The embryonic human CSF has a total of 28 different functional enzymes (16%) and embryonic rat CSF has a total of 23 different functional enzymes (19%). Furthermore, the e-CSF is composed of a large number of different enzyme classes, and is particularly high in proteases (human-7%, rat-6%), and oxidoreductases (human-3%, rat-5%).

5

10

15

20

25

30

Panther analysis reveals distinct functional groups of proteins present in the CSF as compared to embryonic tissue. Protein categories in the embryonic human and rat CSF are quite similar and to control for random similarity in categorization based on molecular function we compared the CSF protein samples to a sample of 200 most abundant proteins in embryonic E16.5 mouse brain (Table 4). The comparison of relevant protein categories in each sample is shown in Figure 3. The two largest categories of proteins in the embryonic mouse brain include nucleic acid binding proteins (18.3%) and cytoskeletal proteins (11.5%). Interestingly, proteins involved in defense and immunity which comprised 7-8% of e-CSF were completely absent from the top 200 proteins in the embryonic mouse brain sample. One category of proteins that appears to be similar in all three comparisons is the regulatory molecules (13.3% in human CSF, 12.6% in rat CSF, and 8.4% in mouse brain). We further classified the regulatory molecules into smaller categories and although the larger classification shows similar percentages of regulatory molecules, the sub-classification clearly distinguishes the e-CSF samples from the embryonic brain sample (Figure 7). The majority of proteins in the e-CSF within the regulatory molecule class are sub-classified as protease inhibitors comprising 75% and 87% of proteins within the class in human and rat CSF respectively as compared to 0% in the mouse brain (Figure 7). Based on molecular function the most abundant classes of protein present in the e-CSF are found to be

5

10

15

20

proteins of the extracellular matrix, regulatory molecules, transfer/carrier proteins, cell adhesion proteins, and proteins involved in immunity and defense.

Panther analysis of proteins based on biological process reveals strong similarity between the embryonic human and rat CSF and differences between the CSF and the embryonic brain (Table 6, Figure 4, and Figures 6A-6C). The five most abundant classes in both embryonic human and rat CSF are protein metabolism and modification, signal transduction, immunity and defense, cell adhesion, and developmental processes. The majority of proteins in the analysis of the embryonic mouse brain are involved in protein metabolism and modification, nucleic acid metabolism, intracellular protein traffic, cell cycle, and cell structure and motility. Comparing the analysis of the mouse brain with the e-CSF shows that the CSF samples contain proteins that are enriched for a number of various biological processes that are distinct from that of embryonic brain tissue (Figure 4). Interestingly, all three samples are most abundant in proteins involved in protein metabolism and modification (Figure 4). However, Panther analysis shows that CSF and brain show different types of proteins even among the same overall class (Figure 8). Sub-classification of this category reveals the majority of proteins in the mouse brain involved in protein biosynthesis (30%) and protein modification (28%) with only 19% of proteins involved in proteolysis (Figure 8). However in both the human and rat e-CSF the overwhelming majority of proteins in both samples are involved in proteolysis comprising 58% in humans and 54% in rats (Figure 8). This class of biological processes includes the large number of protease inhibitors and proteases found within the CSF.

Table 6. List of protein categories based on biological process for embryonic human CSF, rat CSF and mouse brain.

Human CSF	Percent proteins in each category	Rat CSF	Percent proteins in each category	Mouse brain	Percent proteins in each category
Neuronal activities	0.6%	Neuronal activities	0.8%	Neuronal activities	1.60%
Signal transduction	25.0%	Signal transduction	26.1%	Signal transduction	8.90%

Developmental processes	16.1%	Developmental processes	16.8%	Developmental processes	7.30%
Cell proliferation and differentiation	4.4%	Cell proliferation and differentiation	6.7%	Cell proliferation and differentiation	3.70%
Coenzyme and prosthetic group metabolism	0.6%	Coenzyme and prosthetic group metabolism	1.7%	Coenzyme and prosthetic group metabolism	1.60%
Cell structure and motility	13.9%	Cell structure and motility	16.0%	Cell structure and motility	10.50%
Immunity and defense	22.2%	Immunity and defense	18.5%	Immunity and defense	4.20%
Apoptosis	2.8%	Apoptosis	2.5%	Apoptosis	3.10%
Oncogenesis	2.2%	Oncogenesis	3.4%	Oncogenesis	2.10%
Muscle contraction	0.6%	Muscle contraction	0.8%	Muscle contraction	0.50%
Transport	8.9%	Transport	15.1%	Transport	9.40%
Blood circulation and gas exchange	5.0%	Blood circulation and gas exchange	5.9%	Blood circulation and gas exchange	0.50%
Carbohydrate metabolism	1.1%	Carbohydrate metabolism	1.7%	Carbohydrate metabolism	3.70%
Nucleoside, nucleotide and nucleic acid metabolism	10.6%	Nucleoside, nucleotide and nucleic acid metabolism	5.0%	Nucleoside, nucleotide and nucleic acid metabolism	18.80%
Homeostasis	0.6%	Homeostasis	2.5%	Homeostasis	1.60%
Protein metabolism and modification	27.8%	Protein metabolism and modification	27.7%	Protein metabolism and modification	24.60%
Cell cycle	6.7%	Cell cycle	7.6%	Cell cycle	11.00%
Intracellular protein traffic	9.4%	Intracellular protein traffic	11.8%	Intracellular protein traffic	13.10%
Cell adhesion	20.0%	Cell adhesion	17.6%	Cell adhesion	1.60%
Lipid, fatty acid and steroid metabolism	3.3%	Lipid, fatty acid and steroid metabolism	5.9%	Lipid, fatty acid and steroid metabolism	3.10%
Sensory perception	1.1%	Sensory perception	1.7%	Sensory perception	0.50%
Electron transport	0.6%	Electron transport	0.8%	Electron transport	1.00%
Amino acid metabolism	0.6%	Amino acid metabolism	0.8%	Amino acid metabolism	1.00%
Biological process unclassified	5.0%	Biological process unclassified	5.0%	Biological process unclassified	15.20%
Protein targeting and localization	2.2%	Protein targeting and localization	2.5%	Protein targeting and localization	4.20%
Miscellaneous	1.1%	Miscellaneous	0.8%	Miscellaneous	1.60%
Phosphate metabolism	0.0%	Phosphate metabolism	0.0%	Phosphate metabolism	0.50%
Other metabolism	0.0%	Other metabolism	0.0%	Other metabolism	1.00%

The similarities between the embryonic human and rat CSF are apparent when the proteins are classified into groups and analyzed on the basis of

subcellular localization, molecular function, and biological process. Based on the functional characteristics of the proteins found in the e-CSF, the CSF is a heterogeneous mixture of many types of classes of proteins with varying functions. The e-CSF is far more complex than previously thought. This may be due to active secretion from the choroid plexus into the CSF, or from the contents within the extracellular membrane bound particles that are present in the rodent CSF during development, or potentially to aposomes budding from the choroid plexus and floating within the CSF that have been shown previously to support protein translation (Saunders et al., Cell Mol Neurobiol, 2000. 20:29-40; Agnew et al., Cell Tissue Res, 1980. 208:261-81; Gudeman et al., J Neurosci Res, 1989. 24:184-91).

Although we did not find the growth factor FGF-2 as reported by Martin et al (Dev Biol, 2006. 297:402-16), many growth factors are in low abundance and are of smaller molecular weight making them more challenging to identify by multiple peptide assignments using mass spectrometry on a complex mixture.

Cortical explants in e-CSF

Cortical explants can survive and proliferate in the presence of e-CSF. Embryonic day 16 (E16) rat cortical explants cultured with 100% E17 CSF for 24 hours, without additional exogenous media or factors, retained tissue architecture, cell proliferation, and cell viability, approximating in vivo E17 rat cortex (Figures 9B, 9C, 9E, and 9F). In contrast, culturing E16 explants with 100% artificial CSF (ACSF) failed to maintain the integrity of the embryonic cortical tissue, as reflected by decreased proliferation and mitotic activity, disorganized neuronal morphology, and a striking increase in cell death (Figures 9D and 9G and Figures 10A-10F). Thus, the embryonic CSF proteome provides an endogenous signaling milieu of essential growth and survival factors for the developing cortex.

5

10

15

20

25

Comparison of E13 and E17 rat e-CSF

5

10

15

20

25

30

The primary source of CSF is the choroid plexus, a highly vascularized secretory epithelial tissue that extends into the ventricles. To determine if the embryonic choroid-plexus-derived-CSF provides support and instructive cues to the developing cortex we compared CSF from E13 embryos (pre choroid plexus formation) with that from E17 embryos (post choroid plexus formation). E17 CSF increased the frequency of PH3-labeled proliferating cells in E16 cortical explants compared to explants cultured with E13 CSF (E17 mean: 44.1 \pm 1.43; E13 mean: 25 \pm 4.2; n = 4; p<0.05) (Figures 9H, 9I, and 9N) with a greater than 2.5-fold increase in PH3-positive-staining cells along the ventricular zone (VZ) (E17 mean: 32.3 ± 0.79 ; E13 mean: 12.8 ± 3.9 ; n = 4, p<0.05) (Figure 90). To determine the identity of mitotic cells, explants were stained with an anti-phosphorylated Vimentin 4A4 antibody, an established marker of proliferating neural progenitor cells (Anthony et al., Neuron 41, 881-90 (2004); Weissman et al., Cereb Cortex 13, 550-9 (2003)). E16 explants cultured in E17 CSF revealed increased Vimentin 4A4-positive-staining cells per explant compared to explants grown in E13 CSF (E17 mean: 38.4 ± 1.1 ; E13 mean: 13.9 ± 2.2 ; n = 3, p<0.05) (Fig. 1j, k, p). No difference in the number of Tbr2-positive-staining cells undergoing division was observed (data not shown). Taken together, these data suggest that age-dependent differences in embryonic CSF signals are both supportive and instructive for precursor proliferation in the developing cortex.

CSF was then determined to maintain and stimulate proliferation of primary dissociated cortical progenitors cultured as neurospheres, an in vitro experimental model for neural stem cells. Primary neurospheres derived from E14 rat embryos were dissociated, plated at clonal density, and cultured with CSF collected from E13 or E17 embryos. Both E13 and E17 CSF supported the generation of small neurospheres composed primarily of GLAST-positive-staining cells in the absence of supplemental FGF and EGF for 10 days in vitro (DIV)(Figures 9Q-9Y). Neurospheres failed to form in the presence of ACSF.

Consistent with our explant experiments, cells cultured in E17 CSF generated not only increased numbers of neurospheres (Figure 9Z), but also larger spheres (data not shown), indicating that E17 CSF contains instructive proliferative signals. In addition, neurospheres grown in CSF retained responsiveness to FGF and EGF, indicating that the CSF is maintaining the stem cells in an uncommitted fate (Figures 11A-11I).

5

10

15

20

25

Both E13 and E17 CSF maintain viable GLAST-positive-staining neurospheres (Figures 12A-12G) after 44 DIV, while E17 CSF promoted the survival of an increased number of neurospheres compared to E13 CSF. Thus, embryonic CSF is sufficient for maintaining and stimulating proliferating cortical progenitor cells.

We next characterized the embryonic CSF proteome to determine how the CSF drives the proliferation of cortical progenitor cells. Total CSF protein concentration increased from E12 on, peaked at birth (P0) and declined into adulthood (Figure 13A). We visualized the overall protein composition of CSF by silver staining, and observed a graded transition of CSF constituents from E13 to adulthood (Figure 13B). Immunoblot analysis of proteins identified by tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS) (Zappaterra et al., J Proteome Res 6, 3537-48 (2007)) revealed dynamic changes in different classes of proteins in CSF during development (Figure 13C and data not shown). For example, several proteins known to regulate proliferation of neural progenitors including transferrin, cystatin C, FGF2, and soluble isoforms of amyloid precursor protein (sAPP) were expressed throughout development and, in some cases, in the adult CSF (Figure 13C). Other proteins involved in tissue homeostasis, such as the antioxidant and free radical scavenger extracellular super oxide dismutase (EC-SOD, Sod3), and the protease Cathepsin B were robustly expressed early in development and rapidly downregulated thereafter (Figure 13C). Together with the CSF proteome, these proteins contribute to the role of CSF in development by providing essential growth-promoting cues to the developing cortex.

To investigate the distinct effects of embryonic CSF at different developmental stages, we performed extensive LC-MS/MS analyses on increased volumes of E17 CSF. From these E17 rat proteome analyses, we identified several peptides corresponding to Insulin-like growth factor 2 (IGF2) in the CSF (Figure 14A and Table 7). IGF2 is a particularly compelling CSF resident protein given the crucial role of IGF signaling in prenatal growth and brain size, as well as in regulating neural progenitor cell division (Randhawa et al., Mol Genet Metab 86, 84-90 (2005); Hodge et al., J Neurosci 24, 10201-10 (2004); Baker et al., Cell 75, 73-82 (1993)). IGF2 is also essential in the embryonic stem (ES) cell niche (Bendall et al., Nature 448, 1015-21 (2007)). Interestingly, we found that IGF2 is transiently expressed in the CSF during development. IGF2 was first detected at E13 and maximally expressed during cortical neurogenesis (E15-E19), after which its expression declined postnatally (Figure 14B). The dynamic availability of Igf2 in the embryonic CSF raised the possibility that IGF signaling may contribute to the differential capacity of embryonic CSF between E13 and E17 to support cortical neural progenitor proliferation (Bendall et al., supra). We therefore sought to characterize the role IGF2 in neural development, as outlined below.

Table 7

5

10

15

Protein	MW	Protein	MW	Protein	MW	Protein	MW
						PREDICTED:	
				L-lactate		similar to	
14-3-3 protein		Apolipoprotein E		dehydrogenase B		OTTHUMP00000	
beta/alpha	28037	precursor	35810	chain	36766	065631	650022
			Ì			PREDICTED:	
						similar to	
14-3-3 protein		Apolipoprotein M	ĺ	LOC367586		Phosphoglycerat	
epsilon	29345	precursor	21855	protein	51633	e kinase 1	43632
						PREDICTED:	
						similar to	
14-3-3 protein			1	LOC500183		poly(rC) binding	
gamma	28342	Ba1-667	4	protein		protein 2	35269
					l .	PREDICTED:	
	1				1	similar to	
	I	Beta-1,3-N-				Poly(rC)-binding	
		acetylglucosaminyl-				protein 1 (Alpha-	
14-3-3 protein		transferase lunatic	40.474	L DD O TOO 4 4 7		CP1) (hnRNP-	20011
theta	28063	tringe	424/1	LRRGT00147	9	E1)	38011

<u> </u>	Т -	1			1	PREDICTED:	
						similar to	
14-3-3 protein		Beta-2-glycoprotein I				procollagen, type	
zeta/delta	27942	precursor	34338	Lysozyme	17186	IX, alpha 1	117067
						PREDICTED:	
				Mannose-binding		similar to	
		L		protein		Proteasome	
40 1-0	40000	Beta-2-microglobulin		associated serine	04700	subunit alpha	0.4000
18 kDa protein	18663	precursor	13834	protease-1	81703	type 7-like	34868
						PREDICTED: similar to purine-	
		Calcyclin binding				nucleoside	
20 kDa protein	20033	protein	26655	Masp1 protein	45168	phosphorylase	32587
ZO KZU PIOLOM	12000	cAMP-dependent	20000	Widep i protein	10100	priospriorylade	02007
		protein kinase type I-	1			PREDICTED:	
		alpha regulatory		Matrix Gla-protein		similar to	
21 kDa protein	21585	subunit	43191	precursor	12208	pyrophosphatase	33227
26S protease				Metalloproteinase		PREDICTED:	
regulatory		Carbonic anhydrase	•	inhibitor 1		similar to RAB5B	
subunit 8	45797		29153	precursor	24478	protein	35237
						PREDICTED:	
				Metalloproteinase		similar to	
	İ	Casein kinase II,		inhibitor 2		ribosomal protein	
29 kDa protein	29540	alpha chain	45187	precursor	25041		18522
						PREDICTED:	
						similar to RIKEN	
		Cathonain B		Multifunctional		cDNA	
31 kDa protein		Cathepsin B, preproprotein	20157	Multifunctional protein ADE2	47706	4732495G21	42305
o i kba pioteiii	31413	preproprotein	30437	protein ADL2	47700	PREDICTED:	42303
						similar to Tubulin	
ļ		Cathepsin L	1	Neurexin-2-alpha	18739	alpha-2 chain	
32 kDa protein	32525	precursor	38231	precursor		(Alpha-tubulin 2)	50964
				Neutrophil		PREDICTED:	
		Cathepsin Z		antibiotic peptide		similar to tubulin,	
32 kDa protein	32833	precursor	34879	NP-4 precursor	10452	beta, 2	44993
						PREDICTED:	
						similar to	
						Vesicular	
				110 110		integral-	
				NG,NG- dimethylarginine		membrane protein VIP36	
				dimethylaminohyd		precursor (Lectin,	
33 kDa protein	32943	Cd81 protein	26589	rolase 1	31694	mannose-binding	40735
						PREDICTED:	
		Cell division control		Nuclear migration		thrombospondin	
35 kDa protein		protein 2 homolog		protein nudC	38412		124213
				Pancreatic			
				triacylglycerol		Proliferating cell	
35 kDa protein	35717	Cfh protein		lipase precursor		nuclear antigen	29091
				Peptidyl-prolyl cis-		Proliferation-	
				trans isomerase		associated 2G4,	
35 kDa protein	35586	Cofilin-1	25102	Α		38kDa	43999
						ProProtein	
		0-11		Peptidyl-prolyl cis-		convertase	
28 kDo protoio		Collagen alpha 1(V)		trans isomerase		subtilisin/kexin	00450
38 kDa protein	J 30434	chain precursor	2	B precursor	23859	lyre 9	82452

		T		<u>r</u>		In .	
						Proteasome	
						(Prosome, macroPain)	
		Collagen alpha 1(XI)	17180	Peptidylprolyl		subunit, beta	
38 kDa protein	38434	chain precursor		isomerase C	23066	tyPe 4	25908
			1			Proteasome	
		Collagen alpha 2(I)	13007	,		subunit alpha	
38 kDa protein	38510	chain precursor	1	Peroxiredoxin 1	22337	type 2	25909
						Proteasome	
		Collagen alpha 2(I)	13007			subunit alpha	
39 kDa protein	39428	chain precursor	6	Peroxiredoxin 2	21823	type 3-like	28639
				Phosphatidyletha		Proteasome	
40S ribosomal			13891	nolamine-binding		subunit alpha	
protein S11	18602	Collagen alpha1		protein	20784	type 4	29783
		Complement C1q				Proteasome	
40S ribosomal		subcomponent, B		Phosphoglycerate		subunit alpha	
protein S3	26845	chain precursor	26817	kinase 1	44937	type 6	27856
		1		1.	1		
40S ribosomal	1	Complement C1q subcomponent, C		Dhaanhaalyaarata		Proteasome	
protein S3a	30042	chain precursor	25971	Phosphoglycerate kinase 2	45409	subunit beta type	26707
40S ribosomal	30042	Connective tissue	23371	KIIIase Z	43403	Proteasome	20707
protein S4, X		growth factor		Phosphoglycerate		subunit beta type	
isoform	29694	precursor	39981	mutase 1	28571		23083
		p. 000.00.			2007 .	Proteasome	
40S ribosomal		Creatine kinase B-		Phosphoglycerate		subunit beta type	
protein S5	22918			mutase 2	28795		25532
				Phosphoserine		Proteasome	
40S ribosomal				aminotransferase		subunit beta type	
protein S6	28851	Cystatin C	15665	1	40969	7 precursor	30269
				Plasma		Protein arginine	
				glutathione		N-	
40S ribosomal	00407	Cytosolic malate		peroxidase		methyltransferas	40000
protein S7	22127	dehydrogenase	36654	precursor	25678	e 1	43063
				Platelet-activating			
				factor			
40S ribosomal			1	acetylhydrolase	1	Prothrombin	
protein S8	24359	DJ-1 protein	20202	IB alpha subunit	47109	precursor	71837
		"		PREDICTED:			
				ATPase, H+			
		EGF-containing		transporting,			
		fibulin-like		lysosomal			
40S ribosomal		extracellular matrix		accessory protein		Ras-related	
protein SA	32807	protein 2	46847	2	66492	protein Rab-10	23086
	1 1	Elongation factor 1-		PREDICTED:		Ras-related	Ì
42 kDa protein		alpha 1		dystroglycan 1	97048	protein Rab-11B	24471
				DDEDICTED:			
				PREDICTED: eukaryotic			
				translation			
				elongation factor		Ras-related	
43 kDa protein	45093	Epsilon 1 globin		1 gamma	73357	protein Rab-14	24155
protoni	1.5555						
				PREDICTED:			
				Glycoprotein-4-			
				beta-		Dee related	
45 kDa protoin	14017	Encilon carooglyoon	50239	galactosyltransfer		Ras-related	22774
45 kDa protein	4491/	Epsilon-sarcoglycan	JU239	ast <u>Z</u>	44003	protein Rab-8B	23774

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T		,		
				PREDICTED:		Rho GDP	
		Eukaryotic		multiple inositol polyphosphate		dissociation	
		translation initiation		histidine		inhibitor (GDI)	
45 kDa protein	45796	factor 2 subunit 1	36262	phosphatase 1	73188		23464
		Eukaryotic		DDEDICTED.	1	Ribose-	
		translation initiation factor 3, subunit 3		PREDICTED: nidogen 2	17681	phosphate pyrophosphokina	
45 kDa protein	45796	gamma, 40kDa	40076	(predicted)		se I-like	35319
						Serine/threonine	
	ļ	Extracellular superoxide		PREDICTED:		protein phosphatase 2A,	
	ŧ.	dismutase [Cu-Zn]		procollagen type	18288	catalytic subunit,	
45 kDa protein	45796	precursor	27019	XI alpha 1		alpha isoform	36178
				PREDICTED:			
				proteasome		Serine/threonine	
			1	(prosome,		protein	
				macropain) subunit, beta type		phosphatase PP1-alpha	
46 kDa protein	46534	FAM3C-like protein	24999			catalytic subunit	38253
47 kDa heat		•		PREDICTED:			
shock protein		Fatty acid-binding		retinol binding		Serum albumin	
precursor	46631	protein, brain	15018	protein 4, plasma	50766	precursor	70715
				PREDICTED: serine (or			
				cysteine)			
				proteinase		_	
				inhibitor, clade F, member 2		Similar to Ras-	
50 kDa protein	50675	Fetuin-B precursor	42388	(predicted)	62084	related protein Rab-1B	22348
				PREDICTED:			
		Fructose-		similar to 25 kDa		Soluble calcium-	
50.5		bisphosphate		FK506-binding		activated	.==.=
50 kDa protein	50450	aldolase A	39677	protein	25236	nucleotidase 1	45715
				PREDICTED:			
		Fructose- bisphosphate		similar to 40S ribosomal protein		SPARC	
51 kDa protein		aldolase C	39551	•		precursor	35297
				PREDICTED:		Splice Isoform 1	
60S acidic				similar to 60S		of Alpha-	
ribosomal	0.4000	0-14-1 4	40000	ribosomal protein		fetoprotein	70044
protein P0	34386	Galactokinase 1	42832		25560	precursor	70211
1				PREDICTED:		Splice leeform 1	
60S ribosomal				similar to 60S ribosomal protein		Splice Isoform 1 of Fibronectin	
protein L11	20349	Gelsolin	86856			precursor	276159
						Splice Isoform 1	
				PREDICTED:		of Heterogeneous	
				similar to 60S		nuclear	
60S ribosomal		Glutathione S-		ribosomal protein		ribonucleoprotein	
protein L15	24129	transferase P	23536	L9	21971		38363
COO mile a ser d		Glyceraldehyde-3-		DDEDIGTES		Splice Isoform 1	
60S ribosomal protein L5		phosphate dehydrogenase		PREDICTED: similar to Ab2-076		of Sex hormone-	44875
Protein FA	104000	deriyurugenase	100019	Similar to Auz-070	19100	pinding globuill	770/0

		1				precursor	
				PREDICTED:			- · · · ·
	ŀ			similar to actin		Splice Isoform 3	
60S ribosomal		GTP-binding nuclear		related protein 2/3		of Agrin	
protein L7	30386	protein Ran	24594	complex subunit 2		,	214603
						Splice Isoform	
				PREDICTED:		Long of Hyaluronan and	
		GTP-binding nuclear		similar to Actin,		proteoglycan link	
		protein Ran, testis-		cytoplasmic 2		protein 1	
90 kDa protein	90936	specific isoform	24622	(Gamma-actin)	62610	precursor	40889
				PREDICTED:		Splice Isoform	
				similar to alpha 3		RC6-IL of	
	E2007	Guanine nucleotide-	!	type VI collagen isoform 1	27092	Proteasome subunit alpha	
Aa1064		binding protein beta subunit 2-like 1	35875	precursor		type 7	28497
Na 1004	'	Suburit 2-like 1	00070	PREDICTED:		igpo i	20101
				similar to Alpha			
				enolase (2-			
		L		phospho-D-			
		Guanine nucleotide-		glycerate hydro-		Calionanama	
	10427	binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) beta		lyase) (Non- neural enolase)		Spliceosome RNA helicase	
Ab2-076		subunit 1	38044	(NNE)	47602		49491
				PREDICTED:			
				similar to Alpha			
				enolase (2-			
				phospho-D-			
				glycerate hydro- lyase) (Non-			
		Hemoglobin alpha-1		neural enolase)			
Ab2-379	62360	and alpha-2 chains	15368	(NNE)	46831	Spp-24	23455
				PREDICTED:			
	_			similar to alpha			
4.4070	07000	Hemoglobin beta	45000	NAC/1.9.2.	00004	O4 - 45 :	47457
Ac1873	87398	chain, major-form	15962	protein	23384	Stathmin	17157
				PREDICTED:			
				similar to Alpha-			
				centractin			
				(Centractin)			
	·			(Centrosome- associated actin			
Actin, alpha		Hemoglobin beta		homolog) (Actin-	:		
skeletal muscle	42393	chain, minor-form	15965		51683	Syntenin-1	32651
Actin, gamma-		Heterogeneous		PREDICTED:		TGF-beta	
enteric smooth		nuclear		similar to		receptor type III	
muscle		ribonucleoprotein A1	34252	Apolipoprotein C2	10695		95072
Adenine		Heterogeneous					
phosphoribosyltr	00040	nuclear		PREDICTED:	40000	Thrombospondin	40000
ansferase	20049	ribonucleoprotein C_	32914	similar to cofilin PREDICTED:	18823	[[133664
				similar to collagen	1		
		Heterogeneous		alpha 2(IV) chain			
Adenosylhomocy		nuclear		precursor -	19464	Transcobalamin	
steinase		ribonucleoprotein F	46072	mouse	4	II precursor	47876

		1	,		1		
ADP-ribosylation factor 3	20526	Hypothetical LOC315594	32346	PREDICTED: similar to ELAV (embryonic lethal, abnormal vision, Drosophila)-like 1 (Hu antigen R)	49756	Transforming protein RhoA	22124
ADP-ribosylation factor 4	20379	Hypothetical LOC316842	35039	PREDICTED: similar to Glyceraldehyde- 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH)	38691	Translationally controlled tumor protein	19576
ADP-ribosylation factor 6		Hypothetical LOC363644		PREDICTED: similar to glyceraldehyde-3- phosphate dehydrogenase (phosphorylating) (EC 1.2.1.12) - m	22732	Transthyretin precursor	15834
Alcohol dehydrogenase	36602	Hypothetical protein		PREDICTED: similar to glycosyltransferas e 28 domain containing 1	54235	Triosephosphate isomerase	27303
Aldose reductase	36122	Hypothetical protein		PREDICTED: similar to heparan sulfate proteoglycan 2 (perlecan)	50618 8	Tubb3 protein	50875
Alpha-1- antiproteinase precursor	46306	Hypothetical protein		PREDICTED: similar to heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein A0		Tubulin alpha-1 chain	50820
Alpha-2 antiplasmin		Hypothetical protein LOC311078		PREDICTED: similar to heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein D-like	46478	Tubulin alpha-3 chain	50644
Alpha-2-globin chain		Hypothetical protein RGD1308228_predi cted		PREDICTED: similar to heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein H3 isoform a	40077	Tubulin beta-5 chain	50127

	,		·	•			
Alpha-2-HS- glycoprotein precursor	38781	HYRAC		PREDICTED: similar to Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein s A2/B1 (hnRNP A2 / hnRNP B1)	37486	Tubulin, beta, 2	50257
AMBP protein precursor	39763	lg lambda-2 chain C region		PREDICTED: similar to High mobility group protein 1 (HMG-1) (Amphoterin) (Heparin-binding protein p	25049	Type A/B hnRNP p38	30967
AMBP protein precursor		Insulin-like growth factor binding protein 2 precursor		PREDICTED: similar to IGFBP- like protein		Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1	25180
Angiotensin II type 1A receptor associated protein		Insulin-like growth factor binding protein 4 precursor	,	PREDICTED: similar to immunoglobulin light chain	26598	Ubiquitin-like 1	38969
Angiotensinogen precursor		Insulin-like growth factor II precursor		PREDICTED: similar to keratin 6 alpha		Vascular endothelial cell specific protein	41763
APEX		lsocitrate dehydrogenase [NADP] cytoplasmic		PREDICTED: similar to mKIAA1631 protein	15185 3	Vimentin	53658
Apolipoprotein A-I		Lactadherin precursor		PREDICTED: similar to myosin- VIIb		Vitamin D- binding protein precursor	55141
Apolipoprotein A-II precursor	11496	LIM and SH3 domain protein 1		PREDICTED: similar to OTTHUMP00000 060196		Zero beta-1 globin	16079
Apolipoprotein A-IV precursor	44456	L-lactate dehydrogenase A chain	36735				

IGF2 in the CSF

To test if CSF could serve as a vehicle for IGF signaling, we assessed
the expression of *IGF1* and *IGF2* mRNA in the developing cortex. *IGF2*mRNA was highly expressed in the choroid plexus of E17 rat embryos, as well
as in vascular endothelial cells and the leptomeninges of both E14 and E17 rat
brain (Figures 14C and 14D). *IGF1* and *IGF2* mRNA was not detected levels

(data not shown) in developing neural progenitor cells or the cortical mantle, as has been previously reported (Ayer-le Lievre et al., Development 111, 105-15 (1991)). While vascular sources of signaling molecules are important for neural progenitor cell fate (Shen et al. Science 304, 1338-40 (2004); Palmer et al., J Comp Neurol 425, 479-94 (2000)), our IGF2 expression data suggests that the choroid plexus is the primary source of IGF2 in the CSF.

5

10

15

20

25

30

To determine if CSF-borne IGF2 has the capacity to stimulate IGF signaling in the developing cortex, we first examined the localization of the IGF1 receptor (IGF1R) in the developing cortex. IGF1R, which binds IGF2 and is essential for the proliferative response to IGF signaling (references), localized to the apical, ventricular surface of radial neuroepithelial cells that contacts the CSF (Figure 14E). Further, embryonic CSF activated IGF signaling in primary cortical precursor cells and neurons via the IGF1 receptor, as reflected by induction of phosphorylated IGF1R\beta (p-IGF1R\beta) (Figure 14F). Embryonic CSF also stimulated the activation of the AKT and MAPK signaling pathways (Figure 14F), both downstream targets of IGF signaling as well as other growth-factor-stimulated signaling cascades. IGF2 treatment alone induced IGF signaling similar to embryonic CSF (Figure 14F). Thus, cortical progenitor cells appropriately express cell surface receptors required to engage CSF-borne cues such as IGF2, and reciprocally, CSF-borne IGF2 is capable of inducing the activation of IGF signaling in cortical progenitor cells (Hodge et al., J Neurosci 24, 10201-10 (2004); Dudek et al., Science 275, 661-5 (1997); Hodge et al., Int J Dev Neurosci 25, 233-41 (2007)).

We then tested whether Igf2 could maintain GLAST-positive cortical progenitor cells in vitro by culturing primary neurosphere dissociated cells with Igf2 (Figure 15A). Interestingly, cells cultured in IGF2 formed small GLAST-positive-staining neurospheres (Figures 15A-15C) indicating that IGF2 alone provides a modest proliferative signal and that cells retain their neural progenitor cell fate in the presence of IGF2. We then determined whether IGF2 is both necessary and sufficient to induce maintenance and proliferation of

neural progenitor cells along the ventricular zone in cortical explants. E16 cortical explants grown in E17 CSF control conditions showed numerous Vimentin 4A4-labeled, proliferating cells along the ventricle (Figure 15E). In contrast, E16 explants cultured in E17 CSF and in the presence of an IGF2 neutralizing antibody (IGF2 NAb) revealed a striking decrease of Vimentin 4A4-labeled-cells along the ventricle (Figures 15E-15G) (E17 control mean: 28.8 ± 4.3 ; E17 Igf2 neutralizing antibody mean: 13.9 ± 2.0 ; n = 4, p<0.05). In addition, addition of IGF2 (2 ng/ml) to Neural Basal Media (NBM) plus 20% ACSF stimulated the proliferation of Vimentin 4A4 positive progenitor cells in E16 explants (Igf2 supplementation mean: 36.7 ± 2.1 ; control mean: 20.4 ± 4.46 ; n = 8, p<0.05) (Figures 15H-15J) and in E13 explants (data not shown).

Methods

5

10

15

20

25

30

The following methods were used to perform the above described experiments.

Cortical explants

Rat embryos were removed from extra-embryonic membranes and placed in sterile Hanks Balanced Salt Solution (HBSS). The lateral wall of the developing cortex was dissected using a fine scalpel and demarcated in the rostral-caudal direction by the width of the lateral ganglionic eminence, in the dorsal direction by the in-fold of the medial cortical wall, and in the lateral direction by the border with the lateral ganglionic eminence. The dissected cortex was transferred to a polycarbonate membrane (Whatman; 13 mm, 8.0um) using a platinum wire loop. Explants were then cultured for 24 hours in conditions described in text. Artificial CSF (ACSF) was made fresh for each use. ACSF consisted of NaCl 119 mM, KCl 2.5 mM, NaHCO₃ 26 mM, NaH₂PO₄ 1 mM, Glucose 11 mM, MgCl₂ 2 mM, CaCl₂ 2.8 mM. Supplemental IGF2 (US Biologicals) was added to ACSF at a final concentration of 2 ng/ml. 15 µg of IGF2 neutralization antibody in 15 µl of PBS (Millipore) was

incubated with 100% E17 CSF for 1 hour rotating at 4°C. As a control, 15 µl of PBS was incubated with 100% E17 CSF. For BrdU labeling, explants were pulsed with BrdU for 30 minutes immediately prior to fixation. Explants were fixed (60% methanol, 30% chloroform, and 10% acetic acid) for 5-10 minutes, washed with 70% ethanol, embedded in paraffin, and sectioned at 5um. Explant integrity was visualized by Hematoxylin and Eosin staining (data not shown).

Immunohistochemical and immunoblot analysis

The following antibodies were purchased: mouse anti-Tuj1 1:250 (Covance), rat anti-BrdU 1:400 (AbD Serotec), rabbit anti-PH3 1:400 (Upstate), mouse anti-Vimentin 4A4 1:100 (Assay Designs), guinea pig anti-GLAST 1:100 (Company name), anti-phospho-Histone H3 1:400 (Upstate), rabbit P-AKT 1:100 (Cell Signaling), rabbit P-IGF1R, 1:100 (Cell Signaling), HRP conjugated anti-albumin 1:10,000 (Immunology Consultants Laboratory, Inc.), HRP conjugated anti-transferrin 1:1000 (Immunology Consultants Laboratory, Inc.), rabbit anti-Cystatin C 1:1000 (abcam), rabbit anti-Cathepsin B 1:1000 (abcam), rabbit anti-IGF2 1:100 (Santa Cruz Biotechnology), rabbit anti-FGF2 1:100 (Santa Cruz Biotechnology), rabbit anti-FGF2 1:100 (Santa Cruz Biotechnology), rabbit anti-EC-SOD 1:1000 (Stressgen), mouse anti-APP 1:100 (Chemicon International).

Cortical neurospheres

5

10

15

20

25

30

E14 rat cortex was dissected in sterile HBSS followed by gentle trituration. Primary spheres were generated in DMEM/F12 supplemented with heparin, N2, FGF (10 ng/ml), and EGF (20 ng/ml) and collected after 7-9 days in vitro (DIV). Primary spheres were then re-suspended in media without EGF or FGF, dissociated into single cells, plated at a final density of 2,500 cells/cm², and cultured in various media conditions. Fresh media was supplemented on day 4 of incubation. Cells were fixed in 4% Paraformaldehyde and stained for GLAST after 10 DIV.

Cortical cell cultures

Cultures of mixed cortical progenitor cells and neurons were prepared.

Briefly, mouse embryonic E13.5 cortices were isolated and dissociated by
Papain Dissociation System according to the manufacturer's instructions
(Worthington Biochem. Corp). Cells were cultured in NBM supplemented with
1% penicillin-streptomycin, 1% glutamine, N2, and bFGF (10 ng/ml). The
following day, cells were deprived of growth factors for 6 hours, followed by a
5 minute pulse of ACSF, embryonic CSF, or Igf2 (20ng/ml).

10

15

20

5

In situ hybridization

Non-radioactive in situ hybridization was performed as described (Berger et al., J Comp Neurol 433, 101-14 (2001)), using a digoxigenin (DIG)-labelled cRNA probe generated from a TA vector (Invitrogen) clone of IGF1 or IGF2 cDNA and frozen rat brain sections.

Other embodiments

All patents, patent applications, and publications mentioned in this specification, including U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/963,211, filed August 3, 2007, are hereby incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each independent patent, patent application, or publication was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

What is claimed is:

Claim

1. A composition comprising at least one component of e-CSF, wherein said component is present at an enhanced level relative to the level in e-CSF and said composition is capable of supporting proliferation, maintenance, or differentiation of a cultured cell.

- 2. The composition of claim 1 comprising at least two components of e-CSF.
- 3. The composition of claim 1 or 2, wherein said component is a polypeptide.
- 4. The composition of claim 3, wherein said polypeptide is 14-3-3 protein beta/alpha, 14-3-3 protein epsilon, 14-3-3 protein gamma, 14-3-3 protein theta, 14-3-3 protein zeta/delta, 15 kda protein, 170 kda proteinglutamyl-prolyl-trna synthetase, 1-phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate phosphodiesterase gamma 1, 26s protease regulatory subunit 8, 26s proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 1, 284 kda protein. 0, 29 kda protein, 40s ribosomal protein s10, 40s ribosomal protein s11, 40s ribosomal protein s13, 40s ribosomal protein s18, 40s ribosomal protein s21, 40s ribosomal protein s25, 40s ribosomal protein s3, 40s ribosomal protein s3a, 40s ribosomal protein s4, x isoform, 40s ribosomal protein s6, 40s ribosomal protein s7, 40s ribosomal protein s8, 40s ribosomal protein sa, 60s acidic ribosomal protein p0, 60s acidic ribosomal protein p2, 60s ribosomal protein 113, 60s ribosomal protein 118, 60s ribosomal protein 124, 60s ribosomal protein 13, 60s ribosomal protein 14, 60s ribosomal protein 17, 60s ribosomal protein 17a, 60s ribosomal protein 18, 92 kda protein, 109 kda protein, aa 1064-apolipoprotein b, AC2-008, actin, alpha skeletal muscle, actin, cytoplasmic 1, adamts-1 precursor, adaptor protein complex AP-2 (alpha 2 subunit), adenosylhomocysteinase, afamin precursor, alpha 2 macroglobulin cardiac isoform, alpha actinin 4, alpha

isoform of regulatory subunit a (protein phosphatase 2), alpha-1-acid glycoprotein precursor, alpha-1-antiproteinase precursor, alpha-1-inhibitor 3 precursor, alpha-1-macroglobulin, alpha-2 antiplasmin, alpha-2-globin chain, alpha-2-hs-glycoprotein precursor, alpha-2-macroglobulin precursor, alphaactinin-1, alpha-actinin-4, alpha-enolase, alpha-mannosidase 2, ambp protein precursor, angiotensin-converting enzyme (somatic isoform precursor), angiotensinogen precursor, apolipoprotein A-I precursor, apolipoprotein a-iv precursor, apolipoprotein b - fragment, apolipoprotein d precursor, apolipoprotein e precursor, apolipoprotein m precursor, arcadlin, ASCC3L1 protein, ATP-citrate synthase, BA1-667 - transferrin, beta-1,3-nacetylglucosaminyltransferase lunatic fringe, beta-2-glycoprotein 1 precursor, beta-2-microglobulin precursor, beta-enolase, bifunctional heparan sulfate ndeacetylase/n-sulfotransferase 1 (ec 2.8.2.8)(glucosaminyl n-deacetylase/nsulfotransferase 1) (ndst-1), bone morphogenetic protein 1, cadherin egf lag seven-pass g-type receptor 2, cadherin-6 precursor, calcium-dependent secretion activator 1, calmodulin, calumenin precursor, cathepsin b precursor, cathepsin d precursor, cc2-27, cell growth regulator with ef hand domain 1, chaperonin containing tcp1, subunit 2, chaperonin containing tcp1, subunit 5, chaperonin subunit 6a, chloride intracellular channel 6, clathrin heavy chain, clip-associating protein 2, clusterin precursor, coatomer subunit beta', coatomer subunit beta, cofilin-1, cold shock domain-containing protein e1, collagen alpha-1(i) chain precursor, collagen alpha-1(iii) chain precursor, collagen alpha-1(v) chain precursor, collagen alpha-2(i) chain precursor, collagen type a1(xi)7-8, complement c3 precursor, complement c4 precursor, complement component 1, s subcomponent, complement component 2, complement component c6 precursor, complement inhibitory factor h, contactin-1 precursor, contactin-2 precursor, contrapsin-like protease inhibitor 1 precursor, contrapsin-like protease inhibitor 3 precursor, contrapsin-like protease inhibitor 6 precursor, corticosteroid-binding globulin precursor, c-reactive protein precursor, creatine kinase b-type, cullin-associated nedd8-dissociated protein 1,

cystatin c precursor, d-3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase, da1-24-complement factor b, damage-specific DNA binding protein 1, deleted in colorectal cancer, dermcidin, dihydropyrimidinase-related protein 2, DNA ligase 1, DNA polymerase alpha catalytic subunit (fragment), DNA polymerase delta catalytic subunit, DNA primase large subunit, drebrin 1, dynactin-1, dynein heavy chain, cytosolic, ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase 2, elongation factor 1-alpha 1, elongation factor 2, epithelial-cadherin precursor, epsilon 1 globin, epsilon 2 globin, epsilon 3 globin, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 9, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4a, isoform 1, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4a2, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5a-1, exportin-1, extracellular superoxide dismutase [cu-zn] precursor, fam3c-like protein, far upstream element-binding protein 2, farnesyl pyrophosphate synthetase, fatty acid synthase, fatty acid-binding protein, brain, fetub protein, fibrillin-2, fibrinogen beta chain precursor, fibulin-2 isoform a, follistatin-related protein 1 precursor, fructose-bisphosphate aldolase a, fructose-bisphosphate aldolase c, gamma-glutamyl hydrolase precursor, gelsolin, glucosamine, glucose phosphate isomerase, glucosidase, alpha; acid., glutamyl-prolyl-trna synthetase, glutathione peroxidase 3 precursor, glutathione s-transferase p, gm2 ganglioside activator protein, gpi-anchored ceruloplasmin, gpi-anchored membrane protein 1, grp78 binding protein, GTP-binding nuclear protein ran, testis-specific isoform, guanine nucleotide-binding protein beta subunit 2-like 1, haptoglobin precursor, hausp, heat shock 70 kda protein 1a/1b, heat shock cognate 71 kda protein, heat shock protein 86, heat shock protein hsp 90-beta, heat shock-related 70 kda protein 2, heat-shock protein 105 kda, hemoglobin alpha-1/2 subunit, hemoglobin beta-1 subunit, hemopexin precursor, heparin cofactor 2 precursor, hepatocyte growth factor activator, hephaestin precursor, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein c, histidine-rich glycoprotein, histone H1.0, histone H1.2, histone H2A, hnrpk protein, hydroxymethylglutaryl-coa synthase, cytoplasmic, hypothetical protein aldoal1, hypothetical protein loc314432-similar to ubiquitin-protein ligase (ec 6.3.2.19)

el, hypothetical protein rgd1305887-tubulin beta chain, hypothetical protein rgd1305890, hyrac, ig kappa chain c region, b allele, igh-1a protein, ikap, importin beta-1 subunit, inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase 2, insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor precursor, insulin-like growth factor-binding protein complex acid labile chain precursor, inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor, heavy chain 3, inter-alpha-inhibitor h4 heavy chain, iron-responsive element-binding protein 1, ischemia responsive 94 kda protein, isocitrate dehydrogenase [nadp] cytoplasmic, junction plakoglobin, kallistatin, kinesin-1 heavy chain, kinesinlike protein kif15, lactadherin precursor, lar receptor-linked tyrosine phosphatase, large proline-rich protein bat3, leucyl-trna synthetase, leukemia inhibitory factor receptor precursor, leukocyte common antigen-related phosphatase precursor, liver carboxylesterase 1 precursor, 1-lactate dehydrogenase a chain, l-lactate dehydrogenase b chain, loc362795 protein, loc367586 protein-immunoglobulin gamma heavy chain, low-density lipoprotein receptor precursor, low-density lipoprotein receptor-related protein 2 precursor, lrrgt00164, lumican precursor, mama, mannose 6phosphate/insulin-like growth factor ii receptor, mannosidase 2, alpha b1, mannosidase, alpha, class 1a, member 1, masp-3 protein, matrin-3, m-cadherin, metalloproteinase inhibitor 1 precursor, microfibrillar-associated protein 4, microtubule-associated protein 4, myosin-10, myosin-9, neogenin precursor, neogenin precursor, nestin, netrin receptor unc5c precursor, neural cell adhesion molecule 1, 140 kda isoform precursor, neural-cadherin precursor, neurocan core protein precursor, neuropilin-2 precursor, neuroserpin precursor, non-erythrocyte beta-spectrin, NONO/P54NRB homolog, nuclear autoantigenic sperm protein, nucleic acid binding factor PRM10, nucleolin, nucleoside diphosphate kinase a, nucleoside diphosphate kinase b, nucleosome assembly protein 1-like 1, o-glcnacase, peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase a, peptidylprolyl isomerase c, peroxiredoxin-1, peroxiredoxin-2, phosphatidylethanolamine-binding protein, phosphoglycerate kinase 1, phosphoglycerate mutase 2, plasminogen precursor, platelet endothelial cell

adhesion molecule precursor, poly [adp-ribose] polymerase 1, predicted c-1tetrahydrofolate synthase, cytoplasmic, predicted nucleolin-related protein nrp, predicted similar to c-1-tetrahydrofolate synthase, cytoplasmic, predicted similar to fibrinogen, gamma polypeptide, predicted similar to heat shock protein 86, predicted similar to heat shock protein hsp 90-beta, predicted similar to nuclear autoantigenic sperm protein, predicted similar to postsynaptic density protein, predicted similar to proteasome 26s subunit, ATPase 3, predicted similar to tkiningen 2 precursor (fragment), predicted: adaptor-related protein complex 1, gamma 1 subunit, predicted: aminopeptidase puromycin sensitive, predicted: ATPase, h+ transporting, lysosomal accessory protein 2, predicted: brain glycogen phosphorylase, predicted: cadherin 11, predicted: calsyntenin 1, predicted: chromodomain helicase DNA binding protein 4, predicted: complement component 5, predicted: complement component 7, predicted: dystroglycan 1, predicted: eukaryotic translation elongation factor 1 gamma, predicted: glycoprotein-4-beta-galactosyltransferase 2, predicted: histone deacetylase 6, predicted: hypothetical protein xp 344107, predicted: hypothetical protein xp 579585, predicted: kinesin family member 4, predicted: laminin, gamma 1, predicted: microtubule-associated protein 1b, predicted: mini chromosome maintenance deficient 4 homolog, predicted: mini chromosome maintenance deficient 6, predicted: neural precursor cell expressed, developmentally down-regulated gene 4a, predicted: nidogen 2, predicted: nidogen, predicted: phosphoribosylglycinamide formyltransferase, predicted: procollagen, type xii, alpha 1, predicted: proteasome (prosome, macropain) subunit, beta type 5, predicted: protocadherin 12, predicted: retinol binding protein 4, plasma, predicted: similar to 116 kda u5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein component, predicted: similar to 25 kda fk506-binding protein, predicted: similar to 26s proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 11, predicted: similar to 40s ribosomal protein s16, predicted: similar to 40s ribosomal protein s19, predicted: similar to 40s ribosomal protein s3, predicted: similar to 40s ribosomal protein s9, predicted: similar to 60s ribosomal protein

112, predicted: similar to 60s ribosomal protein 126, predicted: similar to 60s ribosomal protein 129, predicted: similar to 60s ribosomal protein 138, predicted: similar to 60s ribosomal protein 17a, predicted: similar to alanyl-trna synthetase, predicted: similar to aldehyde dehydrogenase family 7, member a1, predicted: similar to alpha 1 type ii collagen, predicted: similar to alpha 2 type vi collagen isoform 2c2a precursor, predicted: similar to alpha 3 type vi collagen isoform 1 precursor, predicted: similar to alpha enolase, predicted: similar to alpha nac/1.9.2. protein, predicted: similar to amyloid beta (a4) precursor-like protein 1, predicted: similar to apolipoprotein c2, predicted: similar to arx, predicted: similar to beta-galactosidase precursor, predicted: similar to cad protein, predicted: similar to cadherin-5, predicted: similar to ccr4-not transcription complex, subunit 1 isoform a, predicted: similar to ccteta, eta subunit of the chaperonin containing tcp-1, predicted: similar to cellular apoptosis susceptibility protein, predicted: similar to cg1841-pa, isoform a, predicted: similar to chromatin-specific transcription elongation factor, 140 kda subunit, predicted: similar to chromosome condensation protein G, predicted: similar to coatomer protein complex subunit alpha, predicted: similar to collagen alpha 2(iv) chain precursor - mouse, predicted: similar to collagen alphal type vi-precursor, predicted: similar to colonic and hepatic tumor overexpressed protein isoform a, predicted: similar to crb2 protein, predicted: similar to cyfip1 protein, predicted: similar to dead/h box polypeptide 36 protein, predicted: similar to desmoplakin isoform ii, predicted: similar to DNA replication licensing factor mcm2, predicted: similar to DNA replication licensing factor mcm3, predicted: similar to DNA replication licensing factor mcm5, predicted: similar to eif4g1 protein, predicted: similar to elastin microfibril interfacer 1, predicted: similar to elav, predicted: similar to enhancer-trap-locus-1, predicted: similar to eno1 protein, predicted: similar to eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3, subunit 10 theta, 150/170kda, predicted: similar to eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4, gamma 1 isoform a, predicted: similar to expressed sequence ai314180, predicted: similar to

expressed sequence c79407, predicted: similar to fibulin-1 precursor, predicted: similar to filamin a, predicted: similar to filamin b, predicted: similar to fras1 related extracellular matrix protein 2, predicted: similar to gamma-filamin, predicted: similar to gcn1 general control of amino-acid synthesis 1- like 1, predicted: similar to glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, predicted: similar to gtpase activating protein and vps9 domains 1, predicted: similar to hcf, predicted: similar to heat shock 70kda protein 4 like, predicted: similar to heat shock protein hsp 90-beta, predicted: similar to hemicentin 1, predicted: similar to heparan sulfate proteoglycan 2, predicted: similar to hepatic multiple inositol polyphosphate phosphatase, predicted: similar to heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein a2/b1, predicted: similar to hspc263, predicted: similar to immunoglobulin heavy chain, predicted: similar to importin 7, predicted: similar to importin 9, predicted: similar to inter-alpha trypsin inhibitor, heavy chain 1, predicted: similar to inter-alpha-inhibitor h2 chain, predicted: similar to isoleucine-trna synthetase, predicted: similar to kinesin family member 23, predicted: similar to laminin alpha-1 chain precursor - mouse, predicted: similar to laminin b1, predicted: similar to laminin-2 alpha2 chain precursor, predicted: similar to lerk-5, predicted: similar to lipoprotein receptor-related protein, predicted: similar to mam domain containing 2, predicted: similar to methionine-trna synthetase, predicted: similar to mucin 17, predicted: similar to nischarin, predicted: similar to n-terminal aceyltransferase 1, predicted: similar to nuclear pore complex-associated intranuclear coiled-coil protein tpr, predicted: similar to ollistatin-like 5, predicted: similar to p30 dbc protein, predicted: similar to p59 immunophilin, predicted: similar to pappalysin-2 precursor, predicted: similar to peptidoglycan recognition protein 2, predicted: similar to periostin precursor (pn) (osteoblast-specific factor 2) (OSF-2), predicted: similar to phospholipid transfer protein, predicted: similar to phosphoribosylformylglycinamidine synthase, predicted: similar to plexin-b2 precursor, predicted: similar to poly(rc)-binding protein 1, predicted: similar to procollagen, type ix, alpha 2, predicted: similar to programmed cell death 6

interacting protein, predicted: similar to protocadherin 1 isoform 2 precursor, predicted: similar to protocadherin 18 precursor, predicted: similar to protocadherin 19 precursor, predicted: similar to psmc6 protein, predicted: similar to ptk7 protein tyrosine kinase 7, predicted: similar to putative E3 ligase, predicted: similar to putative pre-mrna splicing factor rna helicase, predicted: similar to pyruvate kinase (ec 2.7.1.40) isozyme m2 - rat, predicted: similar to pyruvate kinase 3, predicted: similar to ran binding protein 5, predicted: similar to ranbp21, predicted: similar to ranbp4, predicted: similar to ras gtpase-activating-like protein iqgap1, predicted: similar to regulator of nonsense transcripts 1, predicted: similar to ribosomal protein L14, predicted: similar to ribosomal protein L28, predicted: similar to ribosomal protein L34, predicted: similar to ribosomal protein L6, predicted: similar to riken cDNA b430218107 gene, predicted: similar to rna helicase a, predicted: similar to seizure 6-like protein precursor, predicted: similar to sema6a protein, predicted: similar to semaphorin 6d-4, predicted: similar to serine protease inhibitor 2.4, predicted: similar to serotransferrin precursor, predicted: similar to shprh protein, predicted: similar to sidekick 2, predicted: similar to slit-like 2, predicted: similar to slit-robo rho gtpase-activating protein 1, predicted: similar to smc2 protein, predicted: similar to sorcsb splice variant of the vps10 domain receptor sorcs, predicted: similar to splicing factor 3b, subunit 3, 130kda, predicted: similar to stabilin-1, predicted: similar to sushi, von willebrand factor type a, egf and pentraxin domain containing 1, predicted: similar to talin 2, predicted: similar to t-complex protein 1 subunit theta, predicted: similar to translin-associated factor x (tsnax) interacting protein 1, predicted: similar to tubulin-specific chaperone d, predicted: similar to ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 5, predicted: similar to ubiquitin specific protease 9, x-linked, predicted: similar to ubiquitin-activating enzyme e1, predicted: similar to ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme e2 13, predicted: similar to very large g proteincoupled receptor 1, predicted: similar to vesicular integral-membrane protein vip36 precursor, predicted: similar to vinculin, predicted: splicing factor 3b,

subunit 1, predicted: thrombospondin 4, predicted: transforming growth factor, beta induced, 68 kda, predicted: tripartite motif protein 28, predicted: tumor rejection antigen gp96, predicted: tyrosine kinase receptor 1, predicted: von willebrand factor, predicted-40s ribosomal protein s17, predicted-heat shock protein hsp 90-beta (frgament), predicted-heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein a1, predicted-inhibin binding protein long isoform, predictedmatrin-3, predicted-proteasome 26s subunit, ATPase 3, probable g-protein coupled receptor 116 precursor, procollagen c-endopeptidase enhancer 1 precursor, procollagen-lysine,2-oxoglutarate 5-dioxygenase 3 precursor, procollagen-lysine, 2-oxoglutarate 5-dioxygenase 3 precursor, profilin-1, proliferating cell nuclear antigen, proliferation-associated 2g4, 38kda, prominin-1s1 splice variant, proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 precursor, proteasome (prosome, macropain) 26s subunit, non-ATPase, 2, proteasome subunit alpha type 2, proteasome subunit alpha type 6, proteasome subunit beta type 1, proteasome subunit beta type 2, protective protein for betagalactosidase, protein arginine n-methyltransferase 1, protein disulfideisomerase a3 precursor, protein disulfide-isomerase precursor, protein kinase cbinding protein nell2, prothrombin precursor (fragment), protocadherin gamma subfamily c, 3, protocadherin, PRX IV, pyruvate kinase, muscle, quiescin q6, rab gdp dissociation inhibitor alpha, rab gdp dissociation inhibitor beta, rat alpha(1)-inhibitor 3, variant i precursor, rat t-kiningen, ratsg1, receptor-like protein tyrosine phosphatase gamma b-type isoform, receptor-like protein tyrosine phosphatase kappa extracellular region, retinol-binding protein i, cellular, rho gdp dissociation inhibitor (gdi) alpha, ribonucleotide reductase m1, ribosomal protein 113a, ribosomal protein s27a, roundabout homolog 1 precursor, ruvb-like 1, ruvb-like 2, secretogranin-3 precursor, sema4b protein (fragment), serine (or cysteine) proteinase inhibitor, clade a (alpha-1 antiproteinase, antitrypsin), member 6, serine peptidase inhibitor, clade f, member 2, serine peptidase inhibitor, clade g, member 1, serine/cysteine proteinase inhibitor, clade c, member 1, serine/threonine-protein phosphatase

2a catalytic subunit beta isoform, serum albumin precursor, sez6b, shen-dan, similar to riken cDNA 2810409h07, smc411 protein, soluble calcium-activated nucleotidase 1, sortilin precursor, sp120-heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein u, sparc precursor, sparc-like protein 1 precursor, spectrin alpha chain, brain, splice isoform 1 of 40s ribosomal protein s24, splice isoform 1 of acetyl-coa carboxylase 1, splice isoform 1 of agrin precursor, splice isoform 1 of alpha-1b-glycoprotein precursor, splice isoform 1 of alphafetoprotein precursor, splice isoform 1 of attractin precursor, splice isoform 1 of cullin-associated nedd8-dissociated protein 2, splice isoform 1 of DNA-binding protein a, splice isoform 1 of fibringen alpha chain precursor, splice isoform 1 of fibronectin precursor, splice isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein d0, splice isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein m, splice isoform 1 of myosin-11 (fragment), splice isoform 1 of neurofascin precursor, splice isoform 1 of neuronal cell adhesion molecule precursor, splice isoform 1 of protein set, splice isoform 1 of reelin precursor, splice isoform 1 of sex hormone-binding globulin precursor, splice isoform 2 of DNA, splice isoform 2 of interleukin enhancer-binding factor 3, splice isoform 2 of plasminogen activator inhibitor 1 rna-binding protein, splice isoform 2 of polypyrimidine tract-binding protein 2, splice isoform 2 of receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase zeta precursor, splice isoform 2 of tropomyosin beta chain, splice isoform app770 of amyloid beta a4 protein precursor (fragment), splice isoform b of ap-1 complex subunit beta-1, splice isoform cdk2-alpha of cell division protein kinase 2, splice isoform gamma-b of fibrinogen gamma chain precursor, splice isoform hmw of kininogen-1 precursor, splice isoform iiba of dynamin-2, splice isoform long of hyaluronan and proteoglycan link protein 1 precursor, splice isoform pam-1 of peptidylglycine alpha-amidating monooxygenase precursor, splice isoform pybp1 of polypyrimidine tract-binding protein 1, splice isoform v0 of versican core protein precursor (fragment), spliceosome rna helicase bat1, ssb protein, staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein 1, stathmin, structural

maintenance of chromosome 1-like 1 protein, structural maintenance of chromosome 3, superoxide dismutase, syntenin-1, t-cadherin, t-complex protein 1 subunit alpha, t-complex protein 1 subunit delta, tenascin (fragment), thrombospondin 1, tln protein, TPA: proteasome subunit beta type 6-like, transcobalamin-2 precursor, transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase, transketolase, translationally-controlled tumor protein, transthyretin precursor, triosephosphate isomerase, tripeptidyl-peptidase 2, tubulin alpha-1 chain, tubulin beta chain, tubulin beta-3 chain, tubulin beta-5 chain, tubulin, beta, 2, tumor necrosis factor type 1 receptor associated protein, txnrd1 protein, udp-n-acetylglucosamine--peptide n-acetylglucosaminyltransferase 110 kda subunit, uridine monophosphate synthetase, vacuolar ATP synthase subunit s1 precursor, valyl-trna synthetase, vascular cell adhesion protein 1 precursor, vesicle associated protein, vigilin, vimentin, vitamin d-binding protein precursor, vitamin k-dependent protein s precursor, zero beta-1 globin, zinc phosphodiesterase elac protein 2, or a functional fragment thereof.

5. The composition of claim 3, wherein said polypeptide is 114 kda protein, 116 kda u5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein component., 120 kda protein - importin 7, 127 kda protein - ran binding protein 5, 14-3-3 protein epsilon, 14-3-3 protein eta, 14-3-3 protein gamma, 14-3-3 protein theta, 14-3-3 protein zeta/delta, 150 kda oxygen-regulated protein precursor, 16 kda protein, 182 kda tankyrase 1-binding protein, 1-phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate phosphodiesterase gamma 1, 22 kda protein, 26s protease regulatory subunit 4, 26s protease regulatory subunit 6a, 26s protease regulatory subunit 7, 26s protease regulatory subunit 8, 26s protease regulatory subunit s10b, 26s proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 12, 26s proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 3, 26s proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 3, 26s proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 7, 3-mercaptopyruvate sulfurtransferase, 40s ribosomal protein s10, 40s ribosomal

protein s13, 40s ribosomal protein s14, 40s ribosomal protein s15, 40s ribosomal protein s16, 40s ribosomal protein s17, 40s ribosomal protein s18, 40s ribosomal protein s19, 40s ribosomal protein s2, 40s ribosomal protein s21, 40s ribosomal protein s23, 40s ribosomal protein s25, 40s ribosomal protein s3, 40s ribosomal protein s4, x isoform, 40s ribosomal protein s7, 40s ribosomal protein s8, 40s ribosomal protein s9, 45 kda protein -homologous to phospholipid transfer protein, 47 kda heat shock protein precursor, 55 kda protein, 60 kda heat shock protein, mitochondrial precursor, 60s acidic ribosomal protein p0, 60s acidic ribosomal protein p2, 60s ribosomal protein 110a, 60s ribosomal protein 112, 60s ribosomal protein 118, 60s ribosomal protein 118a, 60s ribosomal protein 119, 60s ribosomal protein 121, 60s ribosomal protein 123a, 60s ribosomal protein 128, 60s ribosomal protein 13, 60s ribosomal protein 138, 60s ribosomal protein 14, 60s ribosomal protein 14, 60s ribosomal protein 15, 60s ribosomal protein 17a, 60s ribosomal protein 17a, 60s ribosomal protein 18, 60s ribosomal protein 18, 6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase, decarboxylating, 6-phosphogluconolactonase, 72 kda type iv collagenase precursor, acetyl-coa acetyltransferase, cytosolic, acetyl-coa carboxylase 1, acidic leucine-rich nuclear phosphoprotein 32 family member a, aconitate hydratase, mitochondrial precursor, actin, aortic smooth muscle, actin, cytoplasmic 1, actin-like protein 2, actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 1a, acylamino-acid-releasing enzyme, adenosylhomocysteinase, adenylate kinase isoenzyme 1, adenylosuccinate synthetase isozyme 2, adenylyl cyclaseassociated protein 1, adp-ribosylation factor 1, adp-ribosylation factor-like protein 3, adp-sugar pyrophosphatase, aflatoxin b1 aldehyde reductase member 2, agrin precursor, a-kinase anchor protein 12 isoform 2, alanyl-tRNA synthetase, alb (albumin) protein, alb protein, alcadein beta, alcohol dehydrogenase, aldehyde dehydrogenase 16 family, member a1, alpha 3 type vi collagen isoform 1 precursor, alpha isoform of regulatory subunit a, protein phosphatase 2, alpha-1-acid glycoprotein 2 precursor, alpha-1-antitrypsin precursor, alpha-1b-glycoprotein precursor, alpha-2-antiplasmin precursor,

alpha-2-hs-glycoprotein precursor, alpha-2-macroglobulin precursor, alphaactinin-1, alpha-actinin-4, alpha-centractin, alpha-enolase, lung specific, alphafetoprotein precursor, alpha-internexin, alpha-mannosidase 2, alpha-soluble nsf attachment protein, ambp protein precursor, amyloid-like protein 1 precursor, angiotensinogen precursor, angiotensinogen precursor, ankyrin repeat and fyve domain containing 1 isoform 1, annexin a5, antithrombin iii variant, ap-1 complex subunit mu-1, ap-2 complex subunit alpha-2, apolipoprotein a-i precursor, apolipoprotein a-ii precursor, apolipoprotein a-iv precursor, apolipoprotein b-100 precursor, apolipoprotein e precursor, apolipoprotein m, aspartate aminotransferase, cytoplasmic, aspartyl-tRNA synthetase, astrocytic phosphoprotein pea-15, ataxin-10, ATP synthase subunit alpha, mitochondrial precursor, ATP-citrate synthase, ATP-dependent DNA helicase 2 subunit 1, ATP-dependent DNA helicase 2 subunit 2, ATP-dependent RNA helicase a, ATP-dependent RNA helicase ddx1, ATP-dependent RNA helicase ddx3x, ba395114.12, basement membrane-specific heparan sulfate proteoglycan core protein precursor (perlecan), bifunctional purine biosynthesis protein purh, biliverdin reductase a precursor, bleomycin hydrolase, bm-010, brain acid soluble protein 1, c-1-tetrahydrofolate synthase, cytoplasmic, cad protein, cadherin egf lag seven-pass g-type receptor 2 precursor, cadherin-2 precursor (neuronal cadherin), cadherin-2 precursor, cadherin-5 precursor, calciumbinding protein 39, calmodulin, calnexin precursor, calpain-1 catalytic subunit, calponin-3, calreticulin precursor, calsyntenin 1 isoform 2, carboxypeptidase n subunit 2 precursor, ccr4-not transcription complex, subunit 1 isoform a, cDNA flj33352 fis, clone brace2005087, weakly similar to pre-mRNA splicing helicase brr2, cDNA flj45525 fis, clone brtha2026311, highly similar to protein disulfide isomerase a6, cDNA flj45706 fis, clone febra2028457, highly similar to nucleolin, cell division cycle 5-like protein, cellular retinoic acid-binding protein 1, centrosomal protein 170kda isoform alpha, ceruloplasmin precursor, cgi-150 protein, chaperonin containing tcp1, subunit 3 isoform b, chaperonin containing tcp1, subunit 8, class iii alcohol dehydrogenase 5 chi subunit,

clathrin heavy chain 1, cleavage and polyadenylation specificity factor 73 kda subunit, clusterin precursor, coatomer subunit alpha, coatomer subunit beta, coatomer subunit beta', coatomer subunit gamma-2, cofilin-1, cold-inducible RNA-binding protein, collagen alpha-1(i) chain precursor, collagen alpha-1(iii) chain precursor, collagen alpha-1(v) chain precursor, collagen alpha-2(i) chain precursor, collagen alpha-2(iv) chain precursor, complement c1r subcomponent precursor, complement c1s subcomponent precursor, complement c2 precursor (fragment), complement c4-a precursor, complement c5 precursor, complement component 3 precursor, complement component c6 precursor, condensin complex subunit 1, condensin complex subunit 2, condensin complex subunit 3, contactin-2 precursor, cop9 signalosome complex subunit 5, cop9 signalosome complex subunit 6, coronin-1c, corticosteroid-binding globulin precursor, creatine kinase b-type, crk-like protein, csnk2a1 protein, ctp synthase 1, cttn protein, cystatin b, cystatin c precursor, cysteinyl-tRNA synthetase isoform c, cytochrome b5 reductase isoform 1, cytoplasmic dynein 1 light intermediate chain 2, cytoplasmic fmr1 interacting protein 1 isoform a, cytoskeletonassociated protein 5, cytosolic aminopeptidase p, cytosolic purine 5'nucleotidase, d-3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase, d-dopachrome decarboxylase, dead (asp-glu-ala-asp) box polypeptide 39, isoform 2, dead box polypeptide 42 protein, deah (asp-glu-ala-his) box polypeptide 15, debranching enzyme homolog 1, desmoglein 2, developmentally-regulated gtp-binding protein 1, dihydropyrimidinase-like 2, dihydropyrimidinase-related protein 1, dihydropyrimidinase-related protein 2, dihydropyrimidinase-related protein 4, dihydropyrimidinase-related protein 5, DNA damage-binding protein 1, DNA ligase 1, DNA mismatch repair protein msh2, DNA polymerase delta catalytic subunit, DNA replication licensing factor mcm2, DNA replication licensing factor mcm3, DNA replication licensing factor mcm4, DNA replication licensing factor mcm5, DNA replication licensing factor mcm6, DNA-(apurinic or apyrimidinic site) lyase, DNA-binding protein taxreb107, DNA-directed RNA polymerase ii 140 kda polypeptide, DNA-directed RNA polymerase ii

largest subunit, DNAj homolog subfamily a member 1, DNAj homolog subfamily c member 7, dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase 67 kda subunit precursor, doublecortex\; lissencephaly, xlinked, dpysl3 protein, drebrin, dynactin 2, dync1h1 protein, dynein heavy chain, cytosolic, early endosome antigen 1, echinoderm microtubule-associated protein-like 4, eeflal protein, elav, elav-like protein 1, elongation factor 1alpha 2, elongation factor 1-delta, elongation factor 1-gamma, elongation factor 2, endoplasmin precursor, enolp protein, enolase 1, esterase d, eukaryotic initiation factor 4a-i, eukaryotic initiation factor 5a isoform i variant a, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 1, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2c 1, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 10, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 2, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 6, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 8, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma 2, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma, 1 isoform 2, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma, 1 isoform 4, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5, eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5b, exosome complex exonuclease rrp42, exportin-1, exportin-7, exportin-t, extracellular matrix protein 1 precursor, fact complex subunit spt16, fact complex subunit ssrp1, f-actin capping protein alpha-1 subunit, f-actin capping protein alpha-2 subunit, factor vii active site mutant immunoconjugate, far upstream element-binding protein 2, farnesyl diphosphate synthase, fascin, fatty acid synthase, fibrillarin, fibrinogen beta chain precursor, filamin a, alpha, fk506-binding protein 3, flap endonuclease 1, flj00385 protein (fragment), fructose-bisphosphate aldolase a, fructosebisphosphate aldolase c, fuse-binding protein-interacting repressor isoform a, galectin-3-binding protein precursor, gamma-enolase, gamma-g globin (fragment), gars protein, gcn1-like protein 1, glucosamine-6-phosphate isomerase, glucose-6-phosphate isomerase, glucosidase 2 subunit beta precursor, glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase, glutamyl-prolyl tRNA synthetase, glutathione s-transferase p, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase,

glycogen phosphorylase, brain form, glyoxylate reductase/hydroxypyruvate reductase, gmp synthase, golgi phosphoprotein 2, gpi-anchored protein p137, gtp binding protein 1, gtp-binding nuclear protein ran, guanine nucleotidebinding protein g(i)/g(s)/g(t) subunit beta 2, heat shock 70 kda protein 1, heat shock 70 kda protein 4, heat shock 70 kda protein 4l, heat shock 70kda protein 5, heat shock protein 86 (fragment), heat shock protein hsp 90-alpha 2, hemoglobin subunit alpha, hemoglobin subunit beta, hemoglobin subunit epsilon, hemoglobin subunit gamma-1, hemoglobin subunit zeta, heparin cofactor 2 precursor, hepatoma-derived growth factor, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein a0, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein a1 isoform b, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein c-like 1, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein d-like, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein f, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein g, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein h1, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein l isoform a, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein m isoform a, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein r, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein u isoform a, heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein u, high mobility group protein 1-like 10, high mobility group protein b2, high-mobility group box 1, histidine-rich glycoprotein precursor, histone acetyltransferase type b catalytic subunit, histone h1.2, histone h1x, histone h2b type 2-e, histone h4, histone-binding protein rbbp4, hiv tat specific factor 1, hnrpa2b1 protein, hsc70-interacting protein, hsp90 co-chaperone cdc37, hspc117 protein, hspc121, hydroxymethylglutaryl-coa synthase, cytoplasmic, hypothetical protein dkfzp451d234, hypothetical protein dkfzp451p021, hypothetical protein dkfzp547j2313, hypothetical protein dkfzp564e242, hypothetical protein dkfzp686i0180 (fragment), hypothetical protein dkfzp686m09245, hypothetical protein dkfzp761k0511 - heat shock 90kda protein 1, beta, hypothetical protein dkfzp761k0511, hypothetical protein dkfzp781k0743, hypothetical protein loc345651, hypothetical protein loc387104, iars protein, igkv1-5 (immunoglobulin kappa variable 1-5) protein, iglc1 protein, importin alpha-4

subunit, importin beta-1 subunit, importin-7, importin-9, inorganic pyrophosphatase, inosine-5'-monophosphate dehydrogenase 2, insulin-like growth factor 2 mRNA binding protein 1, inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain h1 precursor, inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain h2 precursor, interleukin enhancer-binding factor 2, iron-responsive element-binding protein 1, isocitrate dehydrogenase [nadp] cytoplasmic, isocitrate dehydrogenase [nadp], mitochondrial precursor, isoform 1 of 26s protease regulatory subunit 6b, isoform 1 of 26s proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 1, isoform 1 of 40s ribosomal protein s24, isoform 1 of acidic leucine-rich nuclear phosphoprotein 32 family member b, isoform 1 of actin-like protein 6a, isoform 1 of alpha-1-antichymotrypsin precursor, isoform 1 of alpha-adducin, isoform 1 of apoptosis inhibitor 5, isoform 1 of ATP-dependent RNA helicase ddx19b, isoform 1 of attractin precursor, isoform 1 of beta-catenin, isoform 1 of cadherin-6 precursor, isoform 1 of chromodomain helicase-DNA-binding protein 4, isoform 1 of clathrin heavy chain 2, isoform 1 of clathrin heavy chain 2, isoform 1 of cleavage and polyadenylation specificity factor 6, isoform 1 of collagen alpha-1(ix) chain precursor, isoform 1 of complement factor b precursor (fragment), isoform 1 of complement factor b precursor (fragment), isoform 1 of complement factor h precursor, isoform 1 of contactin-1 precursor, isoform 1 of cullin-3, isoform 1 of cullin-associated nedd8-dissociated protein 1, isoform 1 of cullin-associated nedd8-dissociated protein 1, isoform 1 of cytoplasmic linker protein 2, isoform 1 of cytosolic acyl coenzyme a thioester hydrolase, isoform 1 of daz-associated protein 1, isoform 1 of dipeptidylpeptidase 3, isoform 1 of DNA replication licensing factor mcm7, isoform 1 of DNA, isoform 1 of DNA-binding protein a, isoform 1 of DNA-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit, isoform 1 of double-strand break repair protein mrella, isoform 1 of dynamin-2, isoform 1 of ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase 2, isoform 1 of elav-like protein 3, isoform 1 of eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 9, isoform 1 of exosome complex exonuclease rrp44, isoform 1 of exportin-2, isoform 1 of exportin-5,

isoform 1 of fibrinogen alpha chain precursor, isoform 1 of fibronectin precursor, isoform 1 of filamin-b, isoform 1 of filamin-c, isoform 1 of focal adhesion kinase 1, isoform 1 of gelsolin precursor, isoform 1 of general transcription factor ii-i, isoform 1 of glucosamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 1, isoform 1 of heat shock cognate 71 kda protein, isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein a3, isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein d0, isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein h3, isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein k, isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein k, isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein q, isoform 1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein u-like protein 1, isoform 1 of host cell factor, isoform 1 of jmjc domain-containing histone demethylation protein 2b, isoform 1 of kh domain-containing, RNA-binding, signal transductionassociated protein 1, isoform 1 of lim and sh3 domain protein 1, isoform 1 of melanoma-associated antigen d2, isoform 1 of microtubule-associated protein 2, isoform 1 of microtubule-associated protein rp/eb family member 2, isoform 1 of multiple epidermal growth factor-like domains 8, isoform 1 of neogenin precursor, isoform 1 of neuronal cell adhesion molecule precursor, isoform 1 of nuclear autoantigenic sperm protein, isoform 1 of periostin precursor, isoform 1 of phospholipid transfer protein precursor, isoform 1 of phosphoserine aminotransferase, isoform 1 of plasminogen activator inhibitor 1 RNA-binding protein, isoform 1 of plexin domain-containing protein 2 precursor, isoform 1 of polyadenylate-binding protein 1, isoform 1 of polyadenylate-binding protein 4, isoform 1 of polypyrimidine tract-binding protein 1, isoform 1 of probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase ddx17, isoform 1 of proteasome subunit alpha type 7, isoform 1 of protein 4.1, isoform 1 of protein arginine nmethyltransferase 1, isoform 1 of protein phosphatase 1 regulatory subunit 7, isoform 1 of protein set, isoform 1 of ras gtpase-activating protein 1, isoform 1 of regulator of nonsense transcripts 1, isoform 1 of reticulon-4, isoform 1 of RNA-binding protein nova-1, isoform 1 of roundabout homolog 1 precursor,

isoform 1 of slit-robo rho gtpase-activating protein 3, isoform 1 of spectrin alpha chain, brain, isoform 1 of spectrin beta chain, brain 2, isoform 1 of squamous cell carcinoma antigen recognized by t-cells 3, isoform 1 of structural maintenance of chromosome 2-like 1 protein, isoform 1 of symplekin, isoform 1 of tenascin precursor, isoform 1 of transcription elongation factor spt5, isoform 1 of ubiquitin-protein ligase bre1b, isoform 1 of uridine 5'-monophosphate synthase, isoform 1 of vinculin, isoform 2 of at-rich interactive domain-containing protein 1a, isoform 2 of cadherin-11 precursor, isoform 2 of DNA replication licensing factor mcm7, isoform 2 of far upstream element-binding protein 1, isoform 2 of guanine nucleotide-binding protein g(i), alpha-2 subunit, isoform 2 of hect, uba and wwe domain-containing protein 1, isoform 2 of inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain h4 precursor, isoform 2 of microtubule-actin crosslinking factor 1, isoforms 1/2/3/5, isoform 2 of microtubule-associated protein 4, isoform 2 of neural cell adhesion molecule 11-like protein precursor, isoform 2 of neutral alpha-glucosidase ab precursor, isoform 2 of nmda receptor-regulated protein 1, isoform 2 of nsfl1 cofactor p47, isoform 2 of nuclear mitotic apparatus protein 1, isoform 2 of nucleophosmin, isoform 2 of proteasome subunit alpha type 3, isoform 2 of protein enabled homolog, isoform 2 of protein kiaa1967, isoform 2 of putative gtp-binding protein ptd004, isoform 2 of serine/threonine-protein kinase dcamkl1, isoform 2 of serine/threonine-protein kinase pak 1, isoform 2 of splicing factor 1, isoform 2 of structural maintenance of chromosomes 4-like 1 protein, isoform 2 of suppressor of g2 allele of skp1 homolog, isoform 2 of swi/snf-related matrix-associated actin-dependent regulator of chromatin subfamily c member 2, isoform 2 of transcription factor btf3, isoform 2 of ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 47, isoform 2a of desmocollin-2 precursor, isoform 2c of cytoplasmic dynein 1 intermediate chain 2, isoform 3 of anamorsin, isoform 3 of DNA repair protein rad50, isoform 3 of drebrin-like protein, isoform 3 of polypyrimidine tract-binding protein 2, isoform 3 of udpn-acetylglucosamine--peptide n- acetylglucosaminyltransferase 110 kda

subunit, isoform 4 of afadin, isoform 4 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein a/b, isoform 4 of saps domain family member 3, isoform 4 of tubulin-specific chaperone d, isoform 5 of dynamin-1-like protein, isoform 5 of interleukin enhancer-binding factor 3, isoform a22 of neuropilin-2 precursor, isoform app770 of amyloid beta a4 protein precursor (fragment), isoform b of arsenite-resistance protein 2, isoform b of fibulin-1 precursor, isoform b of mannose-6-phosphate receptor-binding protein 1, isoform b of neuronalspecific septin-3, isoform b1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins a2/b1, isoform beta of heat-shock protein 105 kda, isoform beta-2 of DNA topoisomerase 2-beta, isoform c of fibulin-1 precursor, isoform c of neural cell adhesion molecule 1, 120 kda isoform precursor, isoform c1 of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins c1/c2, isoform delta-1 of serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2a 56 kda regulatory subunit delta isoform, isoform dpi of desmoplakin, isoform dut-m of deoxyuridine 5'-triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase, mitochondrial precursor, isoform ews-b of RNA-binding protein ews, isoform gamma-1 of serine/threonine-protein phosphatase pp1gamma catalytic subunit, isoform gamma-b of fibrinogen gamma chain precursor, isoform gtbp-alt of DNA mismatch repair protein msh6, isoform gtbp-n of DNA mismatch repair protein msh6, isoform hmw of kininogen-1 precursor, isoform ii of ubiquitin-protein ligase e3a, isoform long of 60 kda ssa/ro ribonucleoprotein, isoform long of cold shock domain-containing protein el, isoform long of collagen alpha-l(xii) chain precursor, isoform long of spectrin beta chain, brain 1, isoform long of splicing factor, proline- and glutamine-rich, isoform long of trifunctional purine biosynthetic protein adenosine-3, isoform long of ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 5, isoform m1 of pyruvate kinase isozymes m1/m2, isoform p150 of dynactin-1, isoform short of heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein u, isoform short of proteasome subunit alpha type 1, isoform short of receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase zeta precursor, isoform short of RNA-binding protein fus, isoform short of tata-binding protein-associated factor 2n, isoform v0 of versican core

protein precursor, isopentenyl-diphosphate delta isomerase, kh-type splicing regulatory protein, kinesin heavy chain, kinesin heavy chain isoform 5c, kinesin light chain 1 isoform 2, lactate dehydrogenase a, lamina-associated polypeptide 2 isoform alpha, laminin alpha 2 subunit precursor, laminin beta-1 chain precursor, laminin gamma-1 chain precursor (laminin b2 chain), lethal giant larvae homolog 1, leucine zipper transcription factor-like 1, leucine-rich repeatcontaining protein 15 precursor, leucine-rich repeat-containing protein 47, leucyl-tRNA synthetase, cytoplasmic, liver phosphofructokinase isoform a, llactate dehydrogenase b chain, lumican precursor, lung cancer oncogene 7, lupus la protein, lysyl-tRNA synthetase, malate dehydrogenase, cytoplasmic, malate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial precursor, marcks-related protein, matrin-3, meprin a subunit alpha precursor, metastasis-associated protein mta2, methionine adenosyltransferase ii, beta isoform 1, methionyl-tRNA synthetase, mgea5 protein, microsomal triglyceride transfer protein large subunit precursor, microtubule-associated protein 1b, microtubule-associated protein rp/eb family member 1, mitogen-activated protein kinase 1, moesin, multifunctional protein ade2, myosin-10, myosin-11, myosin-9, myristoylated alanine-rich c-kinase substrate, nascent polypeptide-associated complex subunit alpha, ncl (nucleolin) protein, ncl protein, nestin, netrin receptor dcc precursor, neurocan core protein precursor, neuronal protein np25, ng,ng-dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 2, nidogen-2 precursor, non-pou domain-containing octamer-binding protein, nuclear cap-binding protein subunit 1, nuclear migration protein nude, nuclease sensitive element-binding protein 1, nucleoside diphosphate kinase a, nucleoside diphosphate kinase b, nucleosome assembly protein 1-like 1, nucleosome assembly protein 1-like 4, pdcd6ip protein, pentraxin-related protein ptx3 precursor, peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase a, peptidylprolyl isomerase b precursor, peripherin, peroxiredoxin-1, peroxiredoxin-2, peroxiredoxin-6, peroxisomal multifunctional enzyme type 2, phenylalanyl-tRNA synthetase beta chain, phosphatidylethanolamine-binding protein 1, phosphatidylinositol transfer protein, beta, phosphofructokinase,

muscle, phosphoglucomutase-2-like 1, phosphoglycerate kinase 1, phosphoglycerate mutase 2, phospholipase a-2-activating protein, phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase-associated protein 2, phosphoribosylformylglycinamidine synthase, phytanoyl-coa hydroxylase interacting protein-like, pigment epithelium-derived factor precursor (pedf), pigment epithelium-derived factor precursor, plasma protease c1 inhibitor precursor, plasma retinol-binding protein precursor, plasminogen precursor, platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase, isoform ib, alpha subunit, pnas-125, poly [adp-ribose] polymerase 1, poly(rc)-binding protein 1, poly(rc)-binding protein 2 isoform b, pp856, predicted: similar to ATP-dependent DNA helicase ii, 70 kda subunit (lupus ku autoantigen protein p70) (ku70) (70 kda subunit of ku antigen) (thyroid-lupus autoantigen) (tlaa) (ctc box binding factor 75 kda subunit) (ctcbf) (ctc75) isoform 1, predicted: similar to basic leucine zipper and w2 domains 1, predicted: similar to chloride intracellular channel protein 4, predicted: similar to heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein a1, predicted: similar to heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein a3 isoform 1, predicted: similar to heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein k isoform a isoform 2, predicted: similar to heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein u, predicted: similar to peptidylprolyl isomerase a isoform 1, predicted: similar to phosphoglycerate mutase 1 (phosphoglycerate mutase isozyme b) (pgam-b) (bpg-dependent pgam 1) isoform 1, predicted: similar to ran-specific gtpaseactivating protein, predicted: similar to ribosomal protein 113 isoform 1, predicted: similar to ribosomal protein s3a isoform 1, predicted: structural maintenance of chromosomes flexible hinge domain containing 1, pregnancy zone protein precursor, pre-mRNA-processing factor 6 homolog, pre-mRNAprocessing-splicing factor 8, pre-mRNA-splicing factor 19, pro2275 - serpin peptidase inhibitor, clade a (alpha-1 antiproteinase, antitrypsin), member 1, pro2275, probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase ddx23, probable ATPdependent RNA helicase ddx46, probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase ddx48, probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase ddx5, profilin 2 isoform a,

profilin-1, proliferating cell nuclear antigen, proliferation-associated protein 2g4, prolyl endopeptidase, proteasome 26s non-ATPase subunit 11 variant (fragment), proteasome 26s non-ATPase subunit 13 isoform 2, proteasome activator complex subunit 1, proteasome subunit alpha type 2, proteasome subunit alpha type 6, proteasome subunit beta type 1, proteasome subunit beta type 4 precursor, protein c14orf166, protein disulfide-isomerase a3 precursor, protein disulfide-isomerase a4 precursor, protein disulfide-isomerase precursor, protein dj-1, protein fam49b, protein fam98b, protein kinase c-binding protein nell2 precursor, protein phosphatase 2c isoform gamma, protein rcc2, protein transport protein sec23a, protein transport protein sec24c, protein tyrosine phosphatase, receptor-type, zeta1 precursor, prothrombin precursor (fragment), prothymosin alpha, puromycin-sensitive aminopeptidase, quiescin q6 isoform a, quinone oxidoreductase, rab gdp dissociation inhibitor alpha, rab gdp dissociation inhibitor beta, rabla, member ras oncogene family, radixin, ran binding protein 5, ras gtpase-activating-like protein iggap1, ras-gtpaseactivating protein-binding protein 1, ras-related protein rab-14, ras-related protein rab-2a, ras-related protein rab-5c, ras-related protein rab-7, rcc1 protein, rctpil (fragment), receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase f precursor, replication protein a 70 kda DNA-binding subunit, reticulocalbin-1 precursor, retinoblastoma-associated factor 600, rho gdp-dissociation inhibitor 1, ribonucleoside-diphosphate reductase large subunit, RNA binding motif protein, x-linked-like 1, RNA binding protein (fragment), RNA-binding protein 12, RNA-binding protein musashi homolog 1, ruvb-like 1, ruvb-like 2, sadenosylmethionine synthetase isoform type-2, scc-112 protein, sec3111 protein, selenide, water dikinase 1, septin 9, septin-11, septin-2, septin-7, serine/threonine-protein kinase mrck beta, serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2a catalytic subunit alpha isoform, serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 4 catalytic subunit, serine-threonine kinase receptor-associated protein, serotransferrin precursor, seryl-tRNA synthetase, sf3b3 protein, signal recognition particle 14 kda protein, similar to annexin a2 isoform 1, similar to

nestin, small glutamine-rich tetratricopeptide repeat-containing protein a, small nuclear ribonucleoprotein sm d1, small nuclear ribonucleoprotein sm d2, smarca4 isoform 2, sorting nexin 1 isoform c, spermatid perinuclear RNAbinding protein, spermidine synthase, spliceosome RNA helicase bat1, splicing factor 3 subunit 1, splicing factor 3a subunit 3, splicing factor 3b subunit 1, splicing factor 3b subunit 2, splicing factor 3b subunit 3, splicing factor u2af 65 kda subunit, splicing factor, arginine/serine-rich 1, splicing factor, arginine/serine-rich 2, splicing factor, arginine/serine-rich 4, staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein 1, stathmin, stress-70 protein, mitochondrial precursor, stress-induced-phosphoprotein 1, structural maintenance of chromosome 1-like 1 protein, structural maintenance of chromosome 3, superkiller viralicidic activity 2-like 2, swi/snf-related matrixassociated actin-dependent regulator of chromatin subfamily a member 5, synaptic vesicle membrane protein vat-1 homolog, taldo1 protein, talin-1, tar DNA-binding protein 43, t-complex protein 1 subunit alpha, t-complex protein 1 subunit beta, t-complex protein 1 subunit delta, t-complex protein 1 subunit epsilon, t-complex protein 1 subunit eta, t-complex protein 1 subunit zeta, thimet oligopeptidase, thioredoxin reductase 1, cytoplasmic precursor, thioredoxin, thioredoxin-like protein 1, thioredoxin-like protein 2, tho complex subunit 4, threonyl-tRNA synthetase, cytoplasmic, thymidylate synthase, thymopoietin isoform beta, transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase, transketolase, transmembrane protein 132a isoform b, transportin 1, transthyretin precursor, tripartite motif-containing 28 protein, tripartite motifcontaining protein 2, tripeptidyl-peptidase 2, tropomyosin 1 alpha chain isoform 2, tropomyosin 4, TRYPSIN PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.4)>PIR1:TRPGTR trypsin (EC 3.4.21.4), trypsin precursor (ec 3.4.21.4)>pir1:trpgtr trypsin (ec 3.4.21.4), tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase, tuba6 protein, tubulin alpha-1 chain, tubulin beta-1 chain, tubulin beta-2 chain, tubulin beta-2c chain, tubulin beta-3 chain, tubulin beta-4 chain, tubulin, beta 2, tubulin-specific chaperone a, tubulin-specific chaperone b, tubulin-tyrosine ligase-like protein 12, tumor

protein, translationally-controlled 1, twinfilin isoform 1, type 1 tumor necrosis factor receptor shedding aminopeptidase regulator isoform a, tyrosine 3monooxygenase/tryptophan 5-monooxygenase activation protein, beta polypeptide, tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase, cytoplasmic, u1 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein a, u4/u6.u5 tri-snrnp-associated protein 1, u5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 200 kda helicase, ubiquitin and ribosomal protein s27a precursor, ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 10, ubiquitin carboxylterminal hydrolase 7, ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme 11, ubiquitin specific protease 9, x-linked isoform 4, ubiquitin-activating enzyme e1, ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme e2 n, ubiquitin-like 1-activating enzyme e1a, ubiquitin-like 1-activating enzyme e1b, udp-glucose 6-dehydrogenase, udpglucose ceramide glucosyltransferase-like 1 isoform 1, uncharacterized protein c20orf77, uroporphyrinogen decarboxylase, uv excision repair protein rad23 homolog b, vacuolar ATP synthase catalytic subunit a, ubiquitous isoform, vacuolar protein sorting 26a, vacuolar protein sorting 35, valyl-tRNA synthetase, vasorin precursor, vesicle-fusing ATPase, villin 2, vimentin, vitronectin precursor, von hippel-lindau binding protein 1, von willebrand factor precursor, wd repeat protein 61, wd40 protein, wugsc:h rg054d04.1 protein, ww domain-binding protein 11, or zyxin, or a functional fragment thereof.

- 6. The composition of claim 3 or 4, wherein said polypeptide is produced recombinantly.
- 7. The composition of any of claims 1-6, wherein said component is purified.
- 8. The composition of any of claims 1-7, wherein said component is present at a level sufficient to enhance cell proliferation, maintenance, or differentiation.

9. The composition of any of claims 1-8, wherein said cultured cell is a stem cell or progenitor cell.

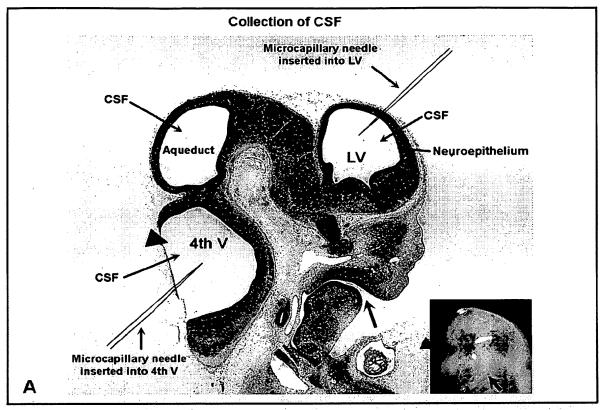
- 10. The composition of any of claims 1-9, wherein said cultured cell is neural cell.
- 11. The composition of any of claims 1-10, wherein said component is not found in adult CSF.
- 12. The composition of any of claims 1-11, wherein said e-CSF is rat or human.
- 13. A cell culture composition comprising a cell and a composition of any of claims 1-11.
 - 14. A kit comprising:
- (a) a composition comprising at least one component of e-CSF, wherein the component is present at an enhanced level relative to naturally occurring e-CSF; and
 - (b) instructions for using (a) for cell culture.
- 15. A method of culturing a stem cell or a progenitor cell, comprising incubating said cell in culture media containing at least one isolated component of rat or human e-CSF.
 - 16. The method of claim 15, wherein said component is a polypeptide.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said polypeptide is listed in Tables 1-4, or in claims 4 or 5, or a functional fragment thereof.

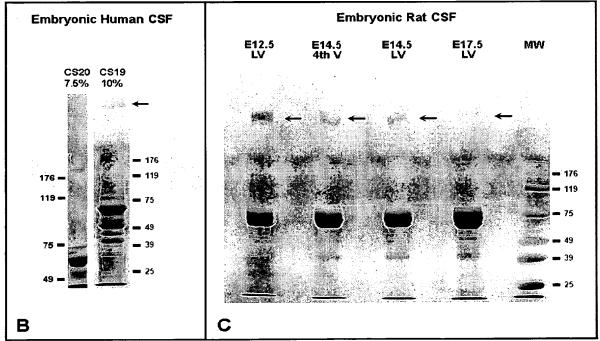
18. The method of claim 16 or 17, wherein said polypeptide is produced recombinantly.

- 19. The method of any of claims 15-18, wherein said component is purified.
- 20. The method of any of claims 15-19, wherein said cell is a neural stem cell or a neural progenitor cell.
- 21. The method of any of claims 15-20, wherein said component is not found in adult CSF.
- 22. A method of isolating embryonic cerebrospinal fluid (e-CSF) comprising:
 - (a) providing an embryo;
- (b) inserting a capillary needle into a ventricle of the central nervous system of said embryo such that the tip of said needle contacts CSF; and
- (c) extracting CSF from said embryo through said needle, thereby isolating e-CSF.
 - 23. The method of claim 22, further comprising:
 - (d) removing intact contaminating cells.
- 24. The method of claim 2, wherein step (d) removing is performed by centrifugation or filtration.
- 25. The method of any of claims 22-24, wherein said step (c) is performed such that said needle tip does not contact the neuroepithelium during said extraction.

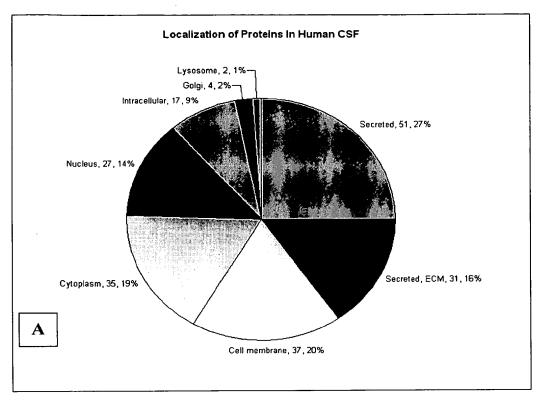
26. The method of any of claims 22-25, wherein said e-CSF is removed from a lateral ventricle or from the third or fourth ventricle of said embryo, or a combination thereof.

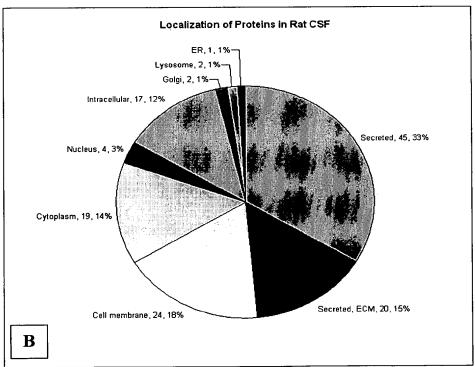
- 27. The method of claim 26, wherein e-CSF is removed from said lateral ventricle.
- 28. The method of any of claims 22-27, further comprising storing the e-CSF at less than about -20 °C to about -80 °C.



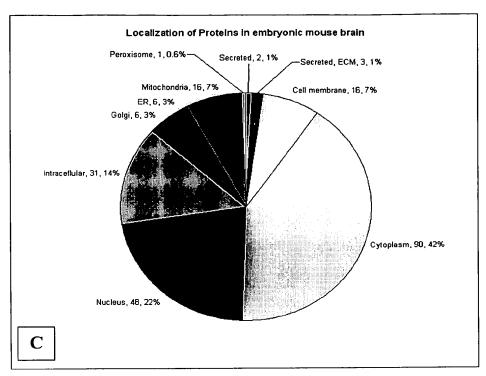


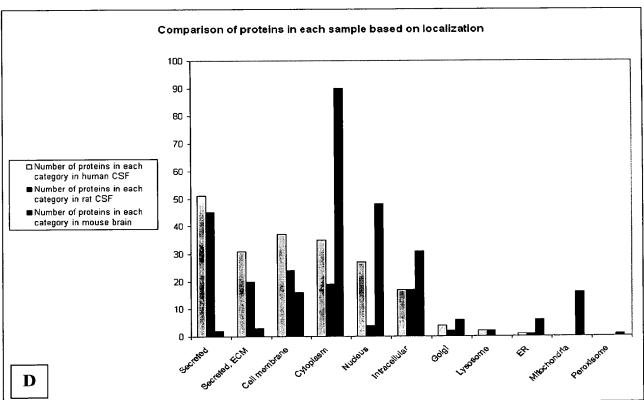
Figures 1A-1C





Figures 2A and 2B





Figures 2C and 2D

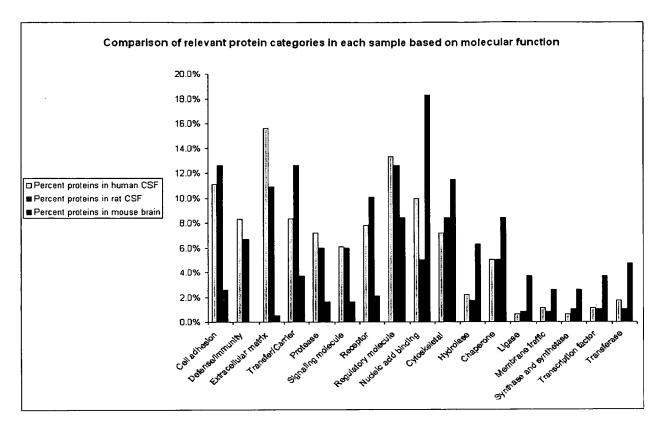


Figure 3

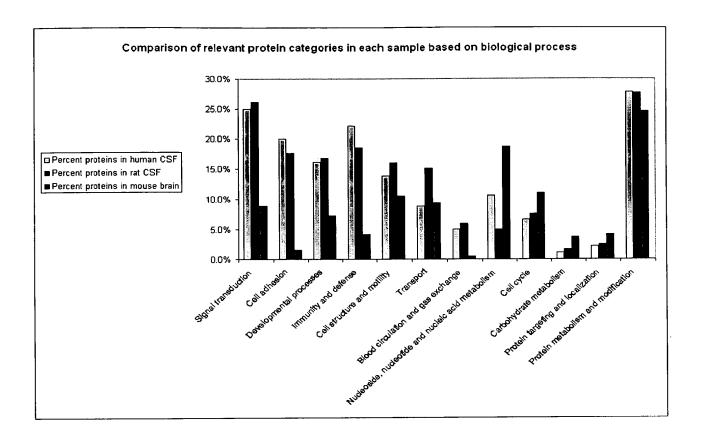
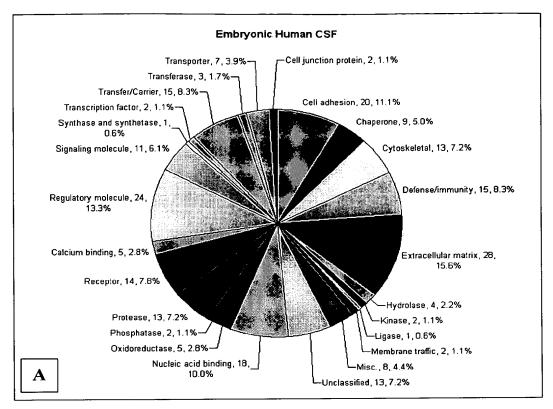
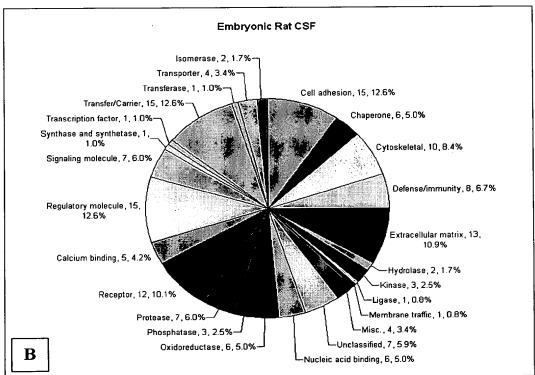


Figure 4





Figures 5A and 5B

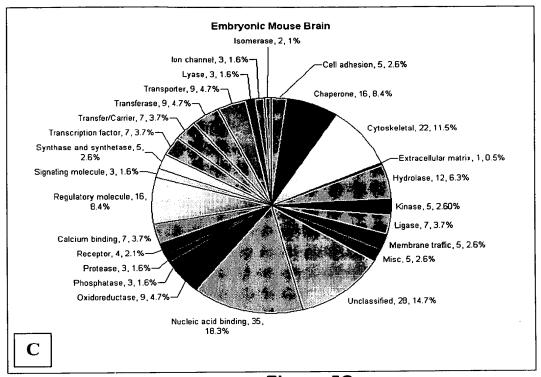
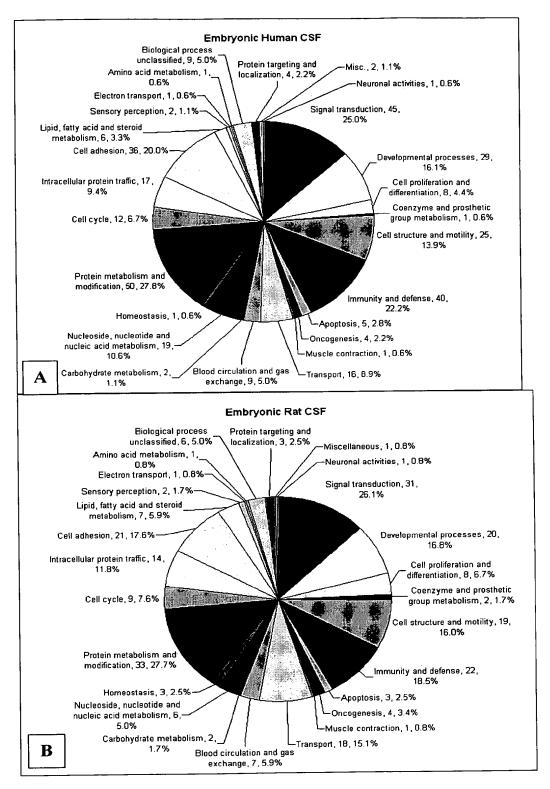


Figure 5C



Figures 6A and 6B

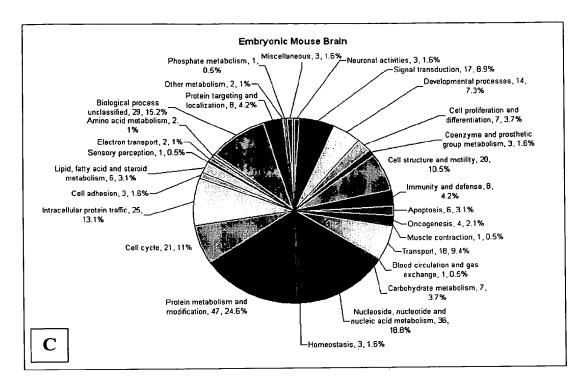


Figure 6C

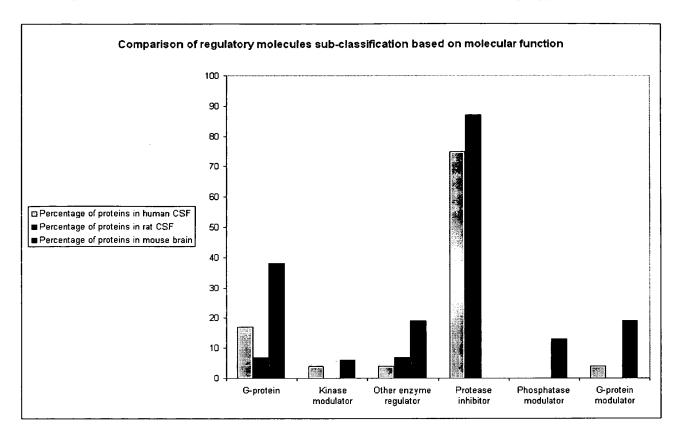


Figure 7

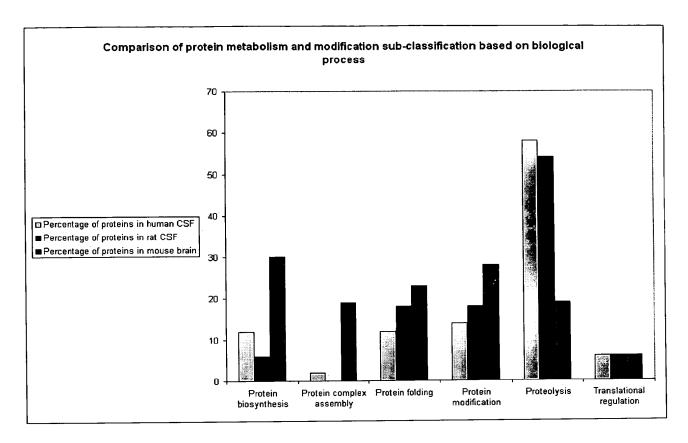
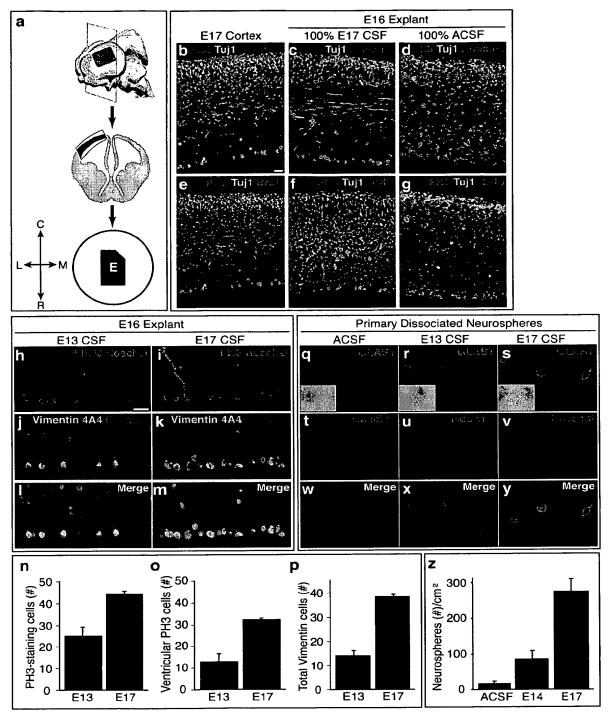


Figure 8



Figures 9A-9Z

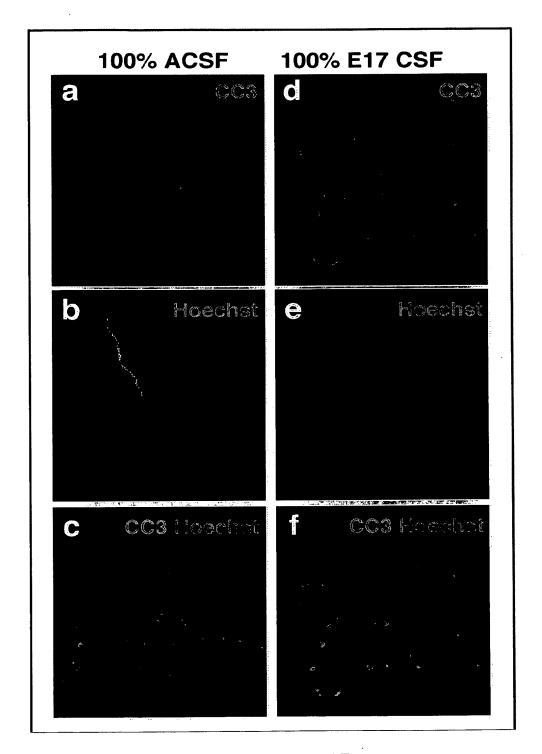
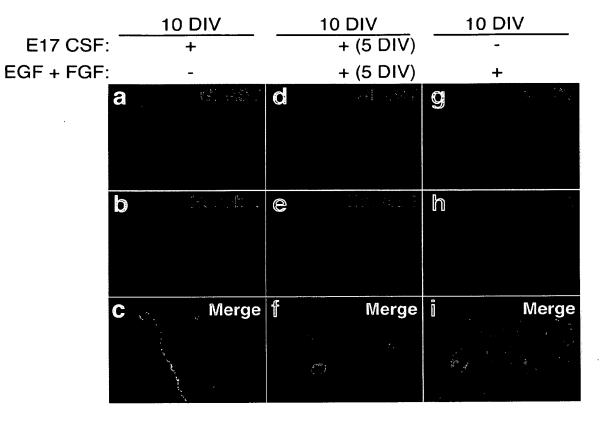
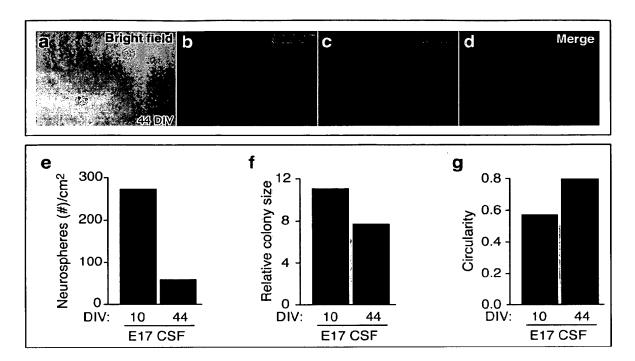


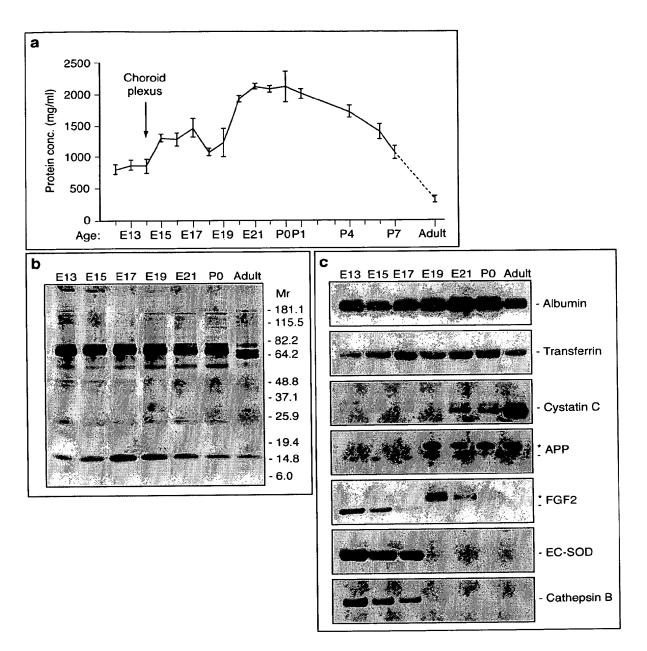
Figure 10A-10F



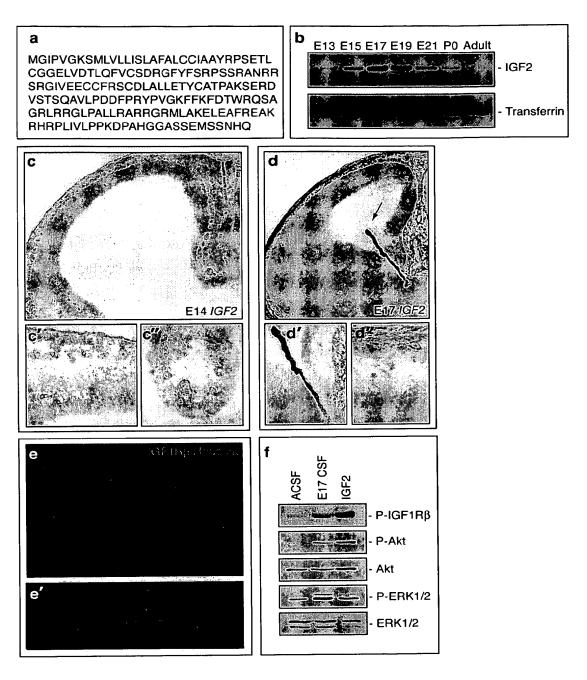
Figures 11A-11I



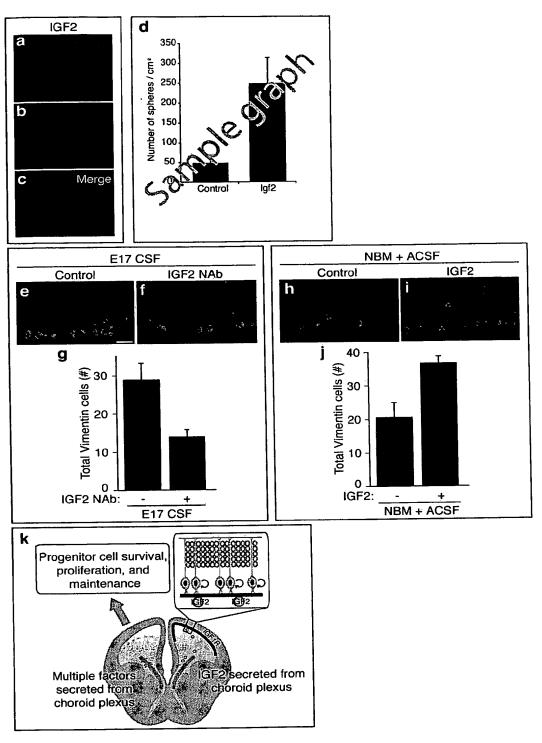
Figures 12A-12G



Figures 13A-13C



Figures 14A-14F



Figures 15A-15K